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Space Salim
도시 성을위한 건축가
파미
family
남자
man
여자
woman

Manifesto

A MIX-USE URBAN CONDENSER FOR THE PRODUCTION OF AN ALTER-URBANITY

Seoul Urban Womb is designed as an organic urban womb that intensifies spatially and programmatically the urbanity of the site and the wider area. The building consists of a compact rectangular volume that is interrupted by a sequence of voids to create a dynamic network of activities inside the building. The main void of the project is defined by the big pixelated plinth and resembles an over-scaled urban living room or lecture theatre for the community of Women and Families of Seoul to exist together in a common three-dimensional network and perform their daily activities within an open platform.




KAESONG
KANGHWA-DO
All islands lying to the south and east of this line are under UN control
N



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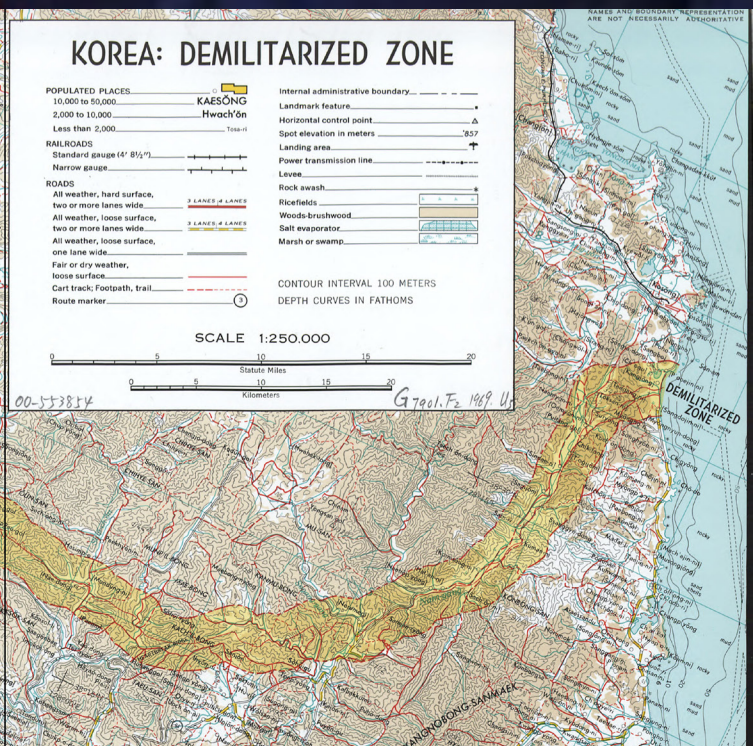
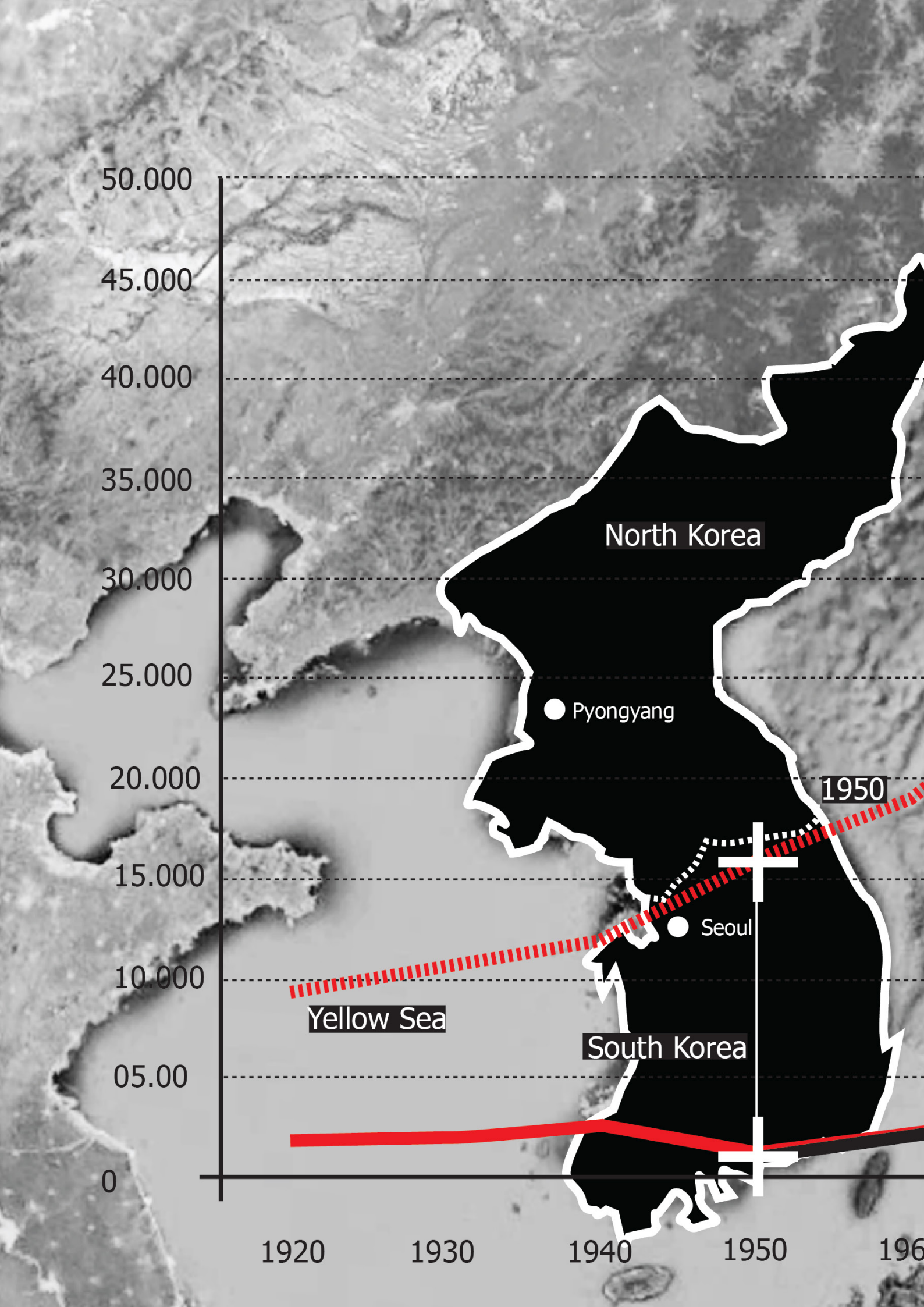
PART 1

context analysis



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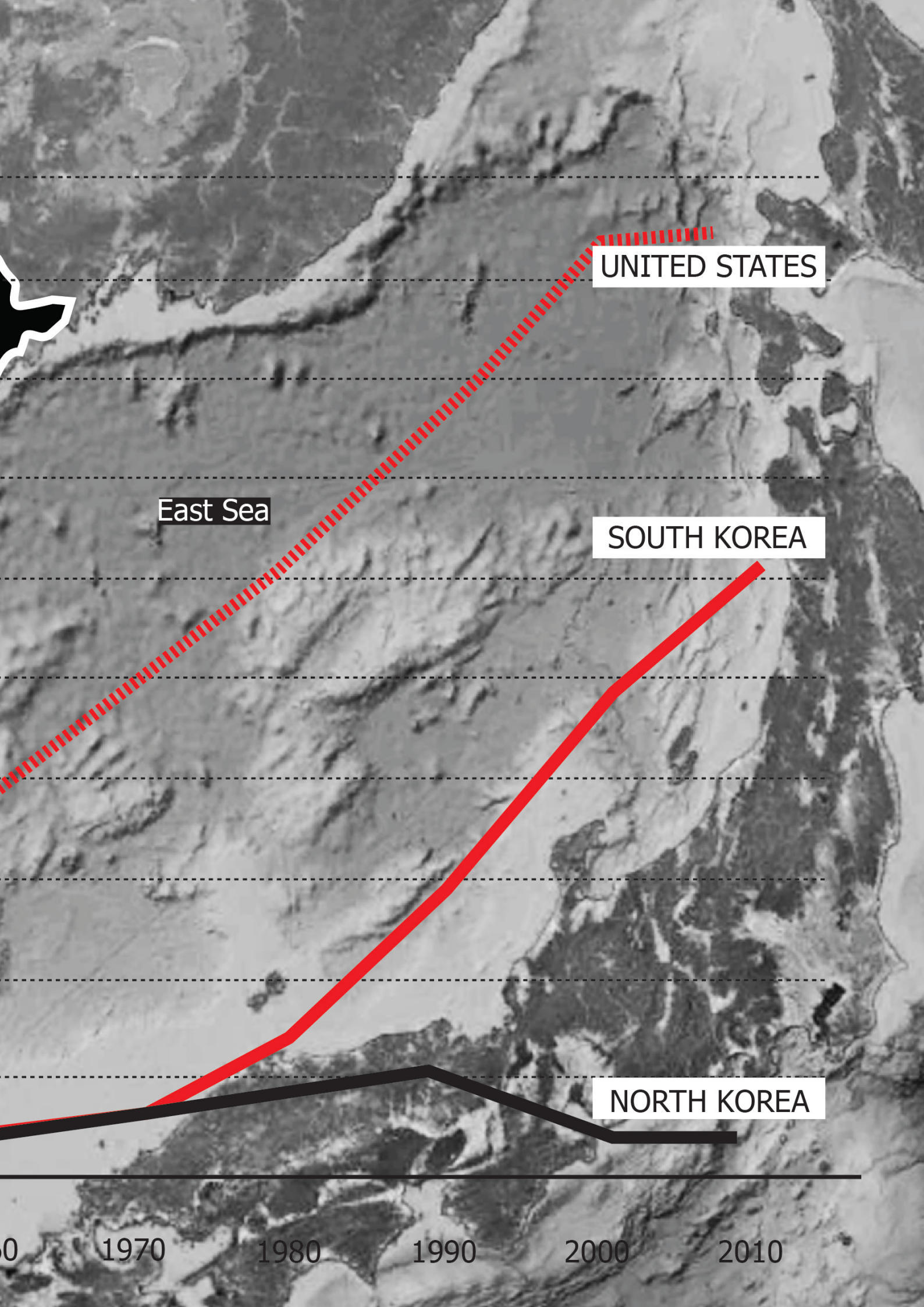
1950
Seoul
Yellow Sea
South Korea


UNITED STATES
East Sea
SOUTH KOREA
NORTH KOREA
1970
1980
1990
2000
2010

NORTH

























SOUTH

SOUTH KOREA

551 BC - 479 BC



Confucius
孔夫子

"Women should be silent, hard-working, and compliant"
Korean Confucianism has been described as "the enemy of feminism": feminists often argue that Confucianism is the source of the patriarchal society.

1800

1872



Charles Fourier, a Utopian Socialist
He has coined the word "féminisme"

1903

Women's Social and Political Union (WSPU)



Political movements

Liberal feminism
Radical feminism
Conservative feminism
Libertarian feminism
Separatist feminism
Ecofeminists

19th and early 20th century

1910

* relating to an eclectic philosophical movement of the 12th to the 16th centuries, incorporating Taoist and Buddhist elements with an adaptation of Confucianism.



The fall of the Joseon Dynasty
Neo-Confucianism*
lost a lot of its influence

First-wave feminism



Suffrage and overturning legal obstacles to gender equality (e.g., voting rights, property rights)

1948

The constitution says "all citizens shall be equal before the law, and there shall be no discrimination in political, economic, social or cultural life on account of sex, religion or social status."



Women's suffrage in South Korea was included in Article 11 of the national constitution

1943



"The Second Sex"

Simon de Beauvoir

Early 1960s- 1980s

1961-1992

For Koreans, **minjung** are those who are oppressed politically, exploited economically, marginalized sociologically, despised culturally, and condemned religiously.
Thus, the notion of minjung came to identify and inform the struggle for democracy in South Korea.
The minjung are the **subjects** (and not victims) of history.



The exploitation of women labor in factories during South Korea's "economic miracle" gave the minjung movement a women's issue to focus on

Minjung Undong Movement

1986

1987

2013

Ewha Womans University
The first university for women in South Korea



Korean Women Workers Association (KWWA)

Feminist movements

A. "Radical"
Human rights issues
Strikes, marches, and public demonstrations
Western context

B. "Reformist"
Women's roles in society
Similar to feminist movements in America
Lobbying, influencing decision makers, and drafting legislation

The first woman to be elected as President in South Korea



Park Geun-hye
박근혜

2016

Second-wave feminism



Sexuality, family, the workplace, reproductive rights, de facto inequalities, and official legal inequalities

May 1968

The Women's Liberation Movement

Simone de Beauvoir, Christiane Rochefort, Christine Delphy and Anne Tristan

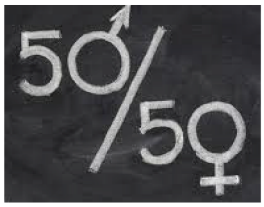


Christine Delphy

Early 1990s- 2000s

Third-wave feminism

2012



women are of "many colors, ethnicities, nationalities, religions, and cultural backgrounds". queer theory abolishment gender role expectations and stereotypes

Forth-wave feminism

?

"It's defined by technology: tools that are allowing women to build a strong, popular, reactive movement online



Laura Bates
Everyday Sexism Project website

WEST

NORTH









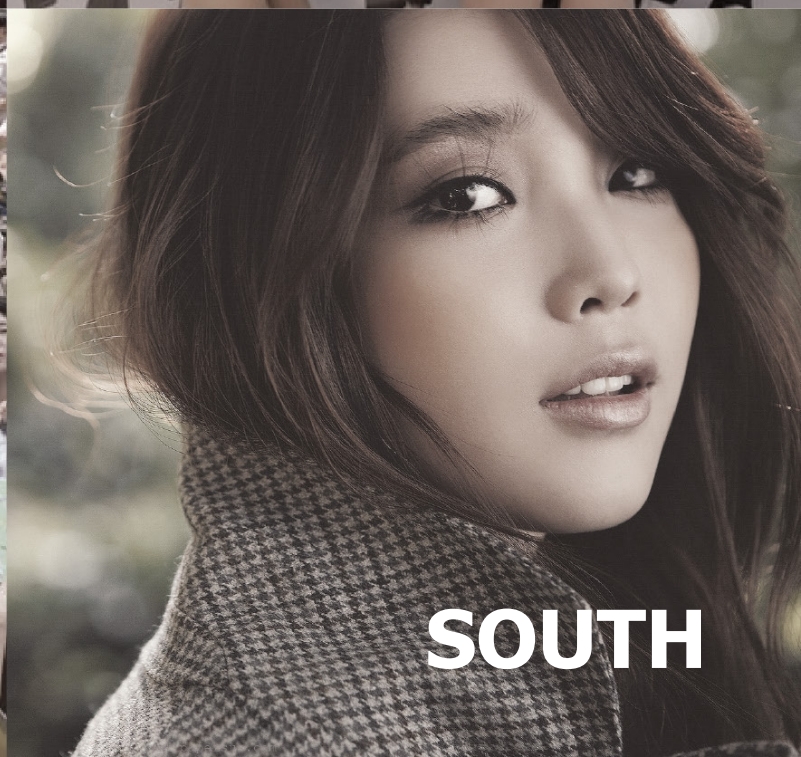











SOUTH

"Korea" is the modern spelling of Corea, a name attested in English as early as 1614.It is an exonym derived from Cauli, Marco Polo's transcription[56] of the Chinese 高麗.

57 BC

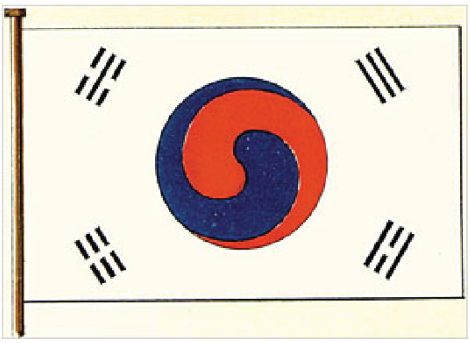
14th century

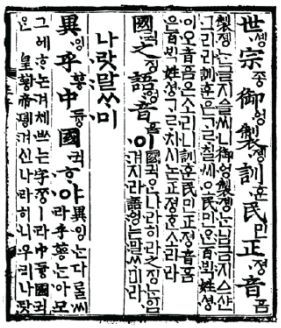
19th century

1910

Three Kindoms of Korea

creation of Koream Alphabet
increase of Confucianism









Mogao Cave 61_ painting of Mount Wutai monasteries

Korea part of
Empire of Jap



Kamikaze Struck D



Military parade on 65th Workers' Party anniversary of Korea





1945

1950

End of Second World War

Korean war

The Soviet Union and the United States agreed on the surrender of Japanese forces in Korea, leaving Korea partitioned along the 38th parallel, with the North under Soviet occupation and the south under U.S. occupation. Division of Korea by the two superpowers, exacerbated by their inability to agree on the terms of Korean independence. The Communist-inspired government in the North received backing from the Soviet Union in opposition to the pro-Western government in the South, leading to Korea's division into two political entities: North Korea and South Korea.









19

the
an



uring the Second Mongol Invasion of Japan



NORTH















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온국민이환영!
세종원안법
즉각폐기!
민생외면!
반대투쟁!
실증난다!




ED STATES
REPUBLIC OF KOREA



SOUTH


SCHIZOPHRENIA STOLE MY BROTHER. THIS IS HOW I GOT...


ARNOLD SCHWARZENEGGER AND 36 OTHER FAMOUS FACES...


GEORGE CLOONEY: THE EXIT INTERVIEW


THE 18 BEST FATHER'S DAY GIFTS OF 2016

Here's the Glorious, New Government-Decreed North Korea

Become a symbol of style and beauty, just like supreme leader Kim Jong-un.



Getty

BY MATT MILLER NOV 30, 2015

463

Kim Jong-un orders the destruction of South Korea's presidential Blue House: Dictator has replica building constructed so he can watch it being blown to bits

- The Blue House in Seoul is the home of South Korea's President
- North Korea has built a half-size version on an artillery range
- Kim Jong-un called South Korea's President Park Geun-hye 'insane bitch'
- North Korea says it could fire 500,000 rounds of artillery in an hour
- Kim stepped up hostile rhetoric following imposition of fresh sanctions
- For the latest North Korean news visit www.dailymail.co.uk/northkorea

By CHRIS SUMMERS FOR MAILONLINE

PUBLISHED: 11:14 GMT, 27 April 2016 | UPDATED: 14:12 GMT, 27 April 2016

Share 9 shares 37 View comments

North Korea has built a half-size mock-up of the South's presidential palace at a firing range and is apparently planning to blow it up in a live firing drill.

It comes after North Korean leader **Kim Jong-un** referred to South Korea's President Park Geun-hye as an 'old, insane bitch' in February and threatened to bomb her.

The official KCNA news agency followed that up by describing her as an 'ugly female bat'.

A South Korean satellite took pictures from space of the Daiwonri artillery range north of the border which appeared to have a mock-up of the presidential residence in it.

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'I was so panicked': Katherine Jenkins looks incredible in a form-fitting yellow dress on This Morning as she reveals her fear at dining with the Queen

'I have a special place for her in my heart': Loose Women's Ayda Field reveals Cameron Diaz got her and Robbie

FIFA president Gianni Infantino wants friendly between North and South Korea

By Paul Vinnell
Last Updated: 27/04/16 12:08pm



Gianni Infantino hopes a friendly between North and South Korea will help ease tensions

FIFA president Gianni Infantino wants to set up a friendly between North and South Korea as a way of easing tensions on the divided peninsula.

On a visit to South Korea which coincided with a recent upsurge in tensions between Seoul and Pyongyang, Infantino said such a match would highlight

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2 Quiz: Top of
3 Where has t
4 McGregor re
5 Pochettino:

ASIA TIMES

HOME › ASIA TIMES NEWS & FEATURES › ON HEELS OF NORTH KOREAN THREAT, SOUTH KOREA NOW FEARS ISLAMIC TERROR

On heels of North Korean threat, South Korea now fears Islamic terror

BY JOHN POWER on JANUARY 21, 2016 in ASIA TIMES NEWS & FEATURES, KOREAS, MIDDLE EAST

SEOUL – For South Korea, the greatest security concern has always existed close to home: North Korea, one of the world's most militarized nations, has been locked in a Cold War standoff with its southern rival since the division of the Korean Peninsula in 1945. But now, a series of intelligence reports and recent arrests is stoking concerns over the threat of Islamic terrorism in a country with little history of such violence, while exposing partisan divisions over the proper role of the national spy agency.

On Wednesday, South Korea's answer to the CIA, the National Intelligence Service, told parliamentarians that seven migrant workers had joined ISIS after leaving the country. At the same briefing, relayed to media by the conservative Saenuri Party's Lee Cheol-woo, the NIS announced that 51 foreigners had been deported since 2010 over ties to militant groups including ISIS.



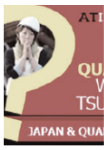
ISIS flag

The NIS made the determination by liaising with intelligence authorities in the migrants' home countries, Lee said. The statements, which could not be independently verified, did not refer to the nationalities of the alleged ISIS recruits, apart from that of one Indonesian.

The latest claims follow a string of NIS briefings on ISIS activity in recent months, and come as the National Assembly, the parliament, remains divided over the passage of a set of controversial anti-terrorism bills.

In October, the spy agency told a National Assembly hearing that it blocked five foreigners from entering the country carrying ammonium nitrate, which can be used to make explosives, and prevented two Koreans from attempting to join ISIS.

Japan and earthquak



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Golden Lion award for Korean pavilion could help "trigger the reality" of a unified Korea
12 June 2014 | Leave a comment
Categories: Architecture Movies Pavilions Venice Arch Biennale 2014



Venice Architecture Biennale 2014: in this exclusive interview with Minsuk Cho of Mass Studies, filmed moments after he collected the Golden Lion award for best pavilion, the architect explains how he hopes Korea's Venice Architecture Biennale pavilion will help North and South Koreans to reconnect.

Most popular: conceptual retreat cut into Icelandic clifftop

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Dezeen's #milanogram2016 winner revealed

What did Tina Fey say about Ronda Rousey?

Activists Cross Demilitarized Zone Between North and South Korea

Jack Linshi @jacklinshi | May 24, 2015

The group wants to promote peace and reconciliation between the two sides



An international group of female activists crossed the border between North and South Korea on Sunday to promote peace between the two countries, which have yet to sign a peace treaty 60 years after the Korean War ended.

The group of about 30 women, WomenCrossDMZ, was taken by bus across

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South Korea offers to help North Korea in worst ever drought - but on one condition...

17:09, 25 JUN 2015 | UPDATED 18:23, 25 JUN 2015 | BY KIRSTIE MCCRUM

A recent official report from Pyonyang on the drought faced by the population has elicited sympathy from leaders in Seoul

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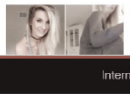
VIDEO GAMES
Gamer girl banned from live streaming gameplay Twitch after she 'flashes her vagina' during broadcast


VIDEO GAMES
Gamer girl banned from Twitch after 'flashing he

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North Korea planning terror attack on South, spy agency says

By Paula Hancocks and KJ Kwon, CNN
Updated 2241 GMT (0641 HKT) February 18, 2016



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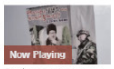
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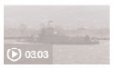
Senior North Korean officer defects to South


02:13
New fears about North Korea's nuclear capabilities


01:15
Suspicious activity at North Korea nuclear complex


03:03
Analysts: China must enforce North Korea sanctions


02:30
N. Korea sc carried out drill

Story highlights

NIS warning covered targets including subways, shopping malls, exhibition centers

Seoul (CNN) — North Korea is currently planning a "terrorist attack" on South Korea according to the South's spy agency.

/asia/north-korea-defectors-relatives.html

The New York Times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ASIA PACIFIC

North Korea Proposes Having 13 Defectors to the South Meet With Relatives

By CHOE SANG-HUN APRIL 21, 2016


The Chinese and North Korean flags hang outside a shuttered Korean restaurant in Ningbo, China. Thirteen North Korean restaurant workers are said to have defected to the South this month, although Pyongyang says they were abducted. Joseph Campbell/Reuters

SEOUL, South Korea — North Korea proposed on Thursday to send family members to meet with 13 North Korean restaurant workers who arrived in South Korea this month in what was described by the South as a rare group

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Strong sign of North Korean nuclear test as regime calls 6 May party congress

Further banned detonation expected to mark first such summit in 36 years, with Kim Jong-un's bid for nuclear weapons to become a formal national goal


Kim Jong-un watches a submarine-launched missile test on 24 April. Photograph: KCNA/AFP/Getty Images

North Korea has announced its ruling Workers' party congress will take place on 6 May – a landmark event that analysts suggest will be preceded by another banned nuclear test.

It is the first such conference in 36 years and analysts expect North Korea to formally adopt leader Kim Jong-un's *byongjin* policy: simultaneously pushing for

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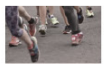
Girl, 12, runs half-marathon by mista


Man pepper-spray aged 8 and 11, at Tr demonstration in California

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South and North Korea agree deal to reduce tensions

25 August 2015 | Asia


The sides were meeting inside the demilitarized zone for the tense talks

South Korea has halted its propaganda broadcasts into North Korea as part of a deal to defuse tension.

Seoul had begun the loudspeaker broadcasts, which infuriate Pyongyang, after a landmine at the border injured two of its soldiers earlier this month.

The tensions bubbled over in a brief exchange of fire at the heavily guarded border last Thursday.

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315,000 U.S. and South Korean troops begin massive exercise as North threatens war

Jeff Schogol and Kent Miller 7:20 p.m. EST March 7, 2016


(Photo: Pfc. Noel Toye/Army)

[Editor's note: This story, originally posted on March 5, has been updated to include more information about the scope of the exercises and about the allies' military strategy operation plan, OPlan 5015, which reportedly includes the possibility of pre-emptive strikes.]

More than 15,000 U.S. and 300,000 South Korean troops have kicked off simultaneous joint military drills on the Korean Peninsula aimed at countering North Korean aggression.

The joint military drills — Key Resolve and Foal Eagle, the largest in scale since 2010, will continue through early April. The previously scheduled exercises come amid new UN Security Council sanctions against the "Hermit Kingdom" following North Korea's nuclear and long-range missile tests in January and February. South Korea has announced its intention to apply stiff new sanctions of its own this week.

North Korean leader Kim Jong Un has ordered his country's nuclear weapons to be at the ready, and threatened to launch nuclear strikes on both South Korea and the U.S.



MORE STORIES


Check out today's Early Bird Brief
March 25, 2016, 8:34 a.m.


Military travelers: Avoid extra passport fees and apply now
April 27, 2016, 12:07 p.m.


At Arlington National Cemetery, Russia and the U.S. briefly cool their heels
April 27, 2016, 11:33 a.m.



Donggwoldo, the landscape painting of Changdeokgung



PART 2

urban context



Seoul Metropolitan Library (& City Hall in the background



Gyeongbokgung Palace




大漢門









Deoksugung

Deoksugung, also known as Gyeongun-gung, Deoksugung Palace, or Deoksu Palace, is a walled compound of palaces in Seoul that was inhabited by members of Korea's royal family during the Joseon monarchy until colonial period around the turn of the 20th century. It is one of the "Five Grand Palaces" built by the kings of the Joseon Dynasty.[1] The buildings are of varying styles, including some of natural cryptomeria wood), painted wood, and stucco. Some buildings were built of stone to replicate western palatial structures.

In addition to the traditional palace buildings, there are also forested gardens, a statue of King Sejong the Great and the National Museum of Art, which holds special exhibitions. The palace is located near City Hall Station.

Deoksugung, like the other "Five Grand Palaces" in Seoul, was intentionally heavily destroyed during the colonial period of Korea. Currently, only one third of the structures that were standing before the occupation remain.[2]

Deoksugung Palace is special among Korean palaces. It has a modern and a western style garden and fountain. The Changing of the Royal Guard is in front of Daehanmun (Gate). It is a very popular event for many visitors. The royal guard was responsible for opening and closing the palace gate during the Joseon Dynasty. Outside of the palace is a picturesque road with a stone wall.[3]

Deoksugung was originally the residence of Prince Wolsan, the older brother of King Seongjong. This residence became a royal 'palace' during the Imjin war after all of the other palaces were burned in 1592 during the Imjin wars. King Seonjo was the first Joseon king to reside at the palace. King Gwanghaegun was crowned in this palace in 1608, and renamed it Gyeongun-gung in 1611. After the official palace was moved to the rebuilt Changdeokgung in 1618, it was used as an auxiliary palace for 270 years and was renamed Seogung (West Palace).

In 1897, after the incident when Emperor Gojong took refuge in the Russian legation, he returned to this place and named it Gyeongungung again. Expansion of the facility followed after his return. After Emperor Gojong abdicated the throne to Emperor Sunjong, he continued to live in this palace. The palace was then renamed Deoksugung, as a reference to a wish for longevity of Emperor Gojong. Emperor Gojong died in Hamnyeongjeon.

1 "The 5 Palaces of Seoul". Chosun Ilbo. 24 January 2012. Retrieved 23 April 2012
2 http://www.ohmynews.com/NWS_Web/view/at_pg.aspx?CNTN_CD=A0000068842
3 "Deoksugung Palace". visit korea. Retrieved 16 November 2014



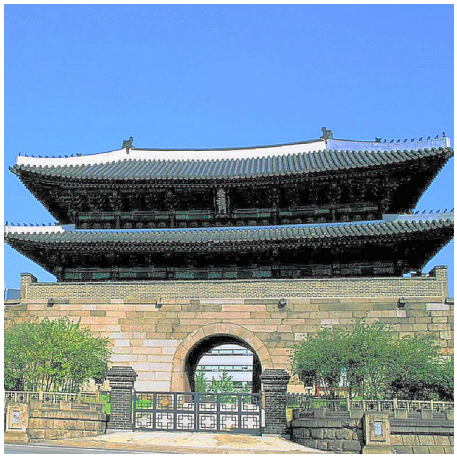
Gyeongbokgung Palace



Jongmyo Confucian shrine



Gyeonghungak



Sungnyemun Gate



Changgyeonggung



Nakseonjae



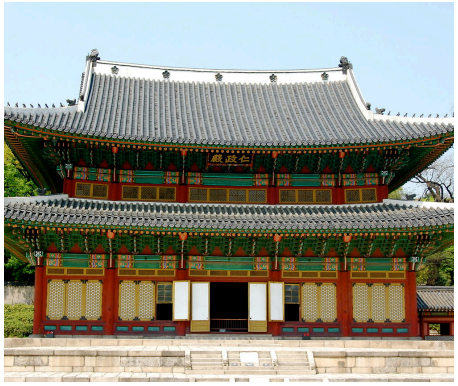
Gwanghwamun



Seonjeongjeon



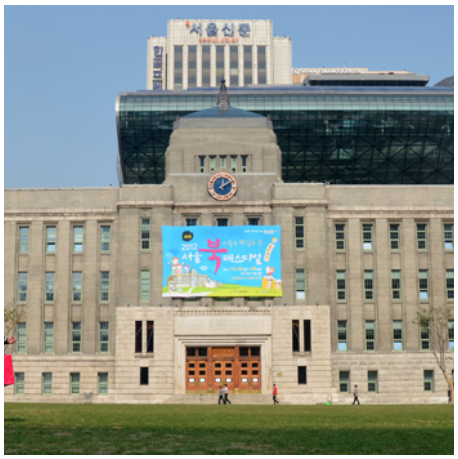
Juhamnu



Changdeokgung Injeongjeon



Buyongjeong Pavilion



Seoul Metropolitan Library 1926



Unsangdong Architects_Culture Forest



Jean Nouvel_performing arts center, 2006



Zaha Hadid_Dongdaemun Design Plaza



iArc Architects_Incheon Tri-bowl



BIG_Hashtag Tower in Seoul



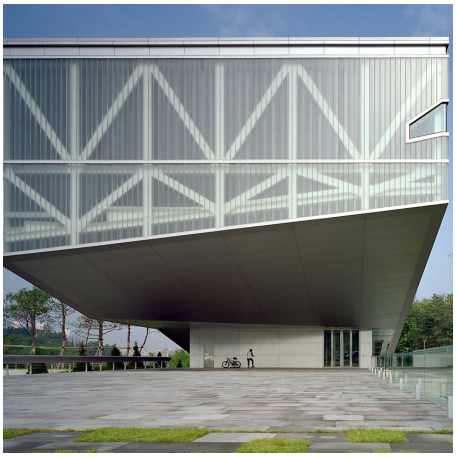
MVRDV_Gangnam Style – Chungha Building



Graft Lab Architects_Platoon Kunsthalle



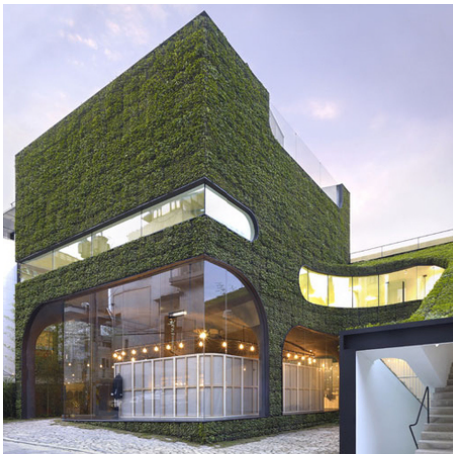
Unsangdong Architects_Kring Kumho Culture Complex



OMA_Seoul National University Museum, Seoul. 1997



MVRDV_Seoul's High line



Minsuk Cho and Kisu Park_Design store

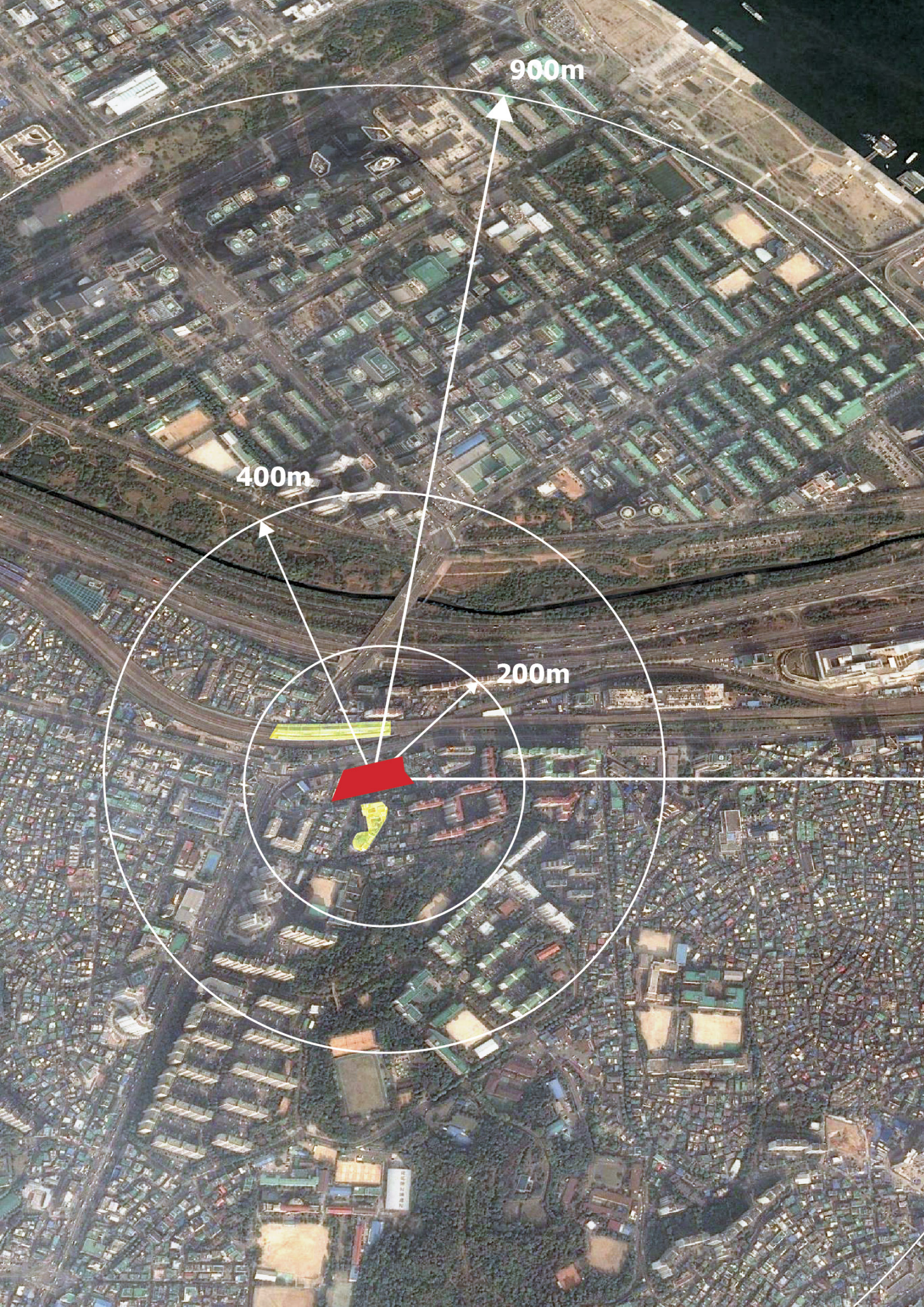


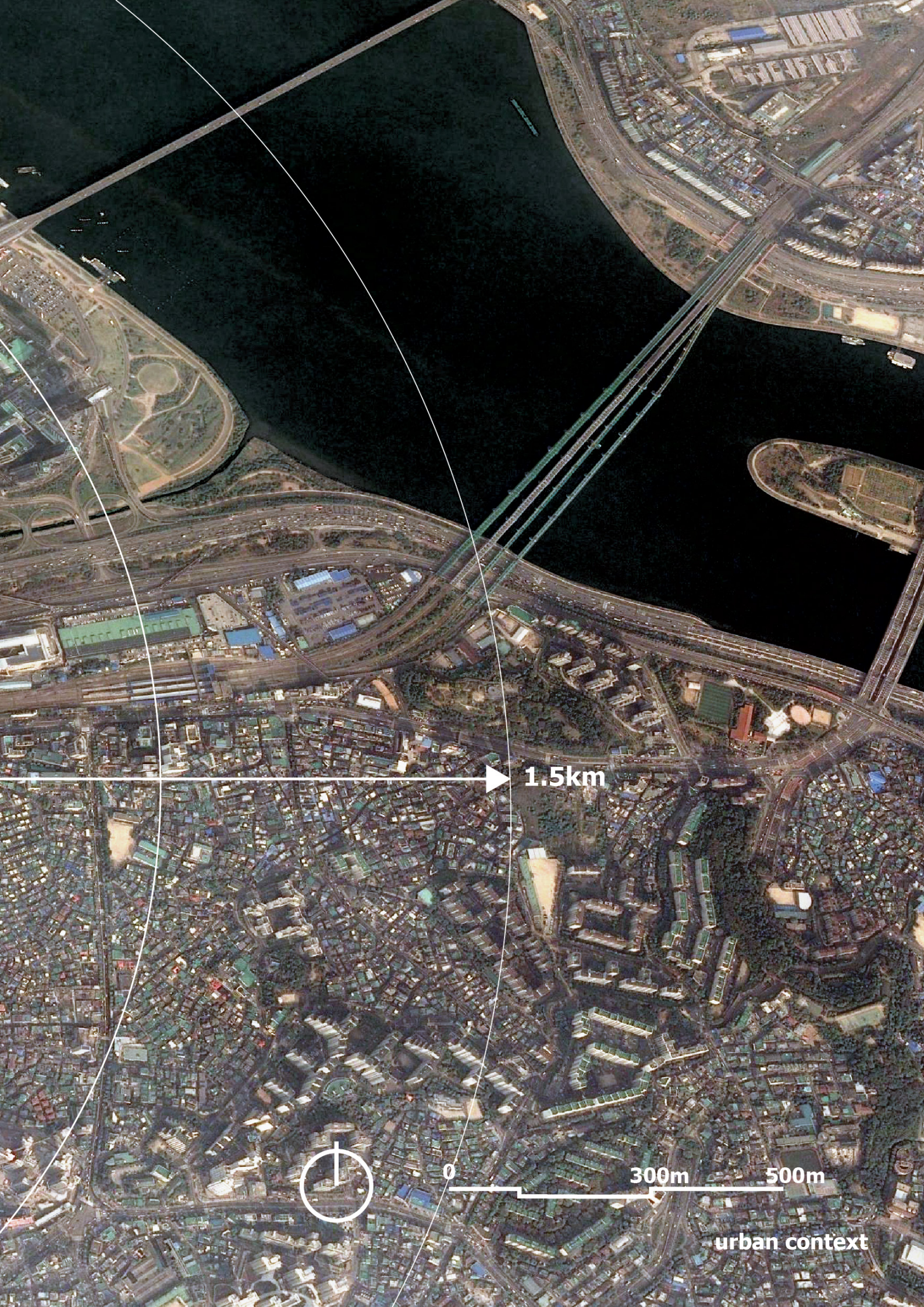
OMA_Seoul Leeum Museum, 1997





wider urban context


900m
400m
200m

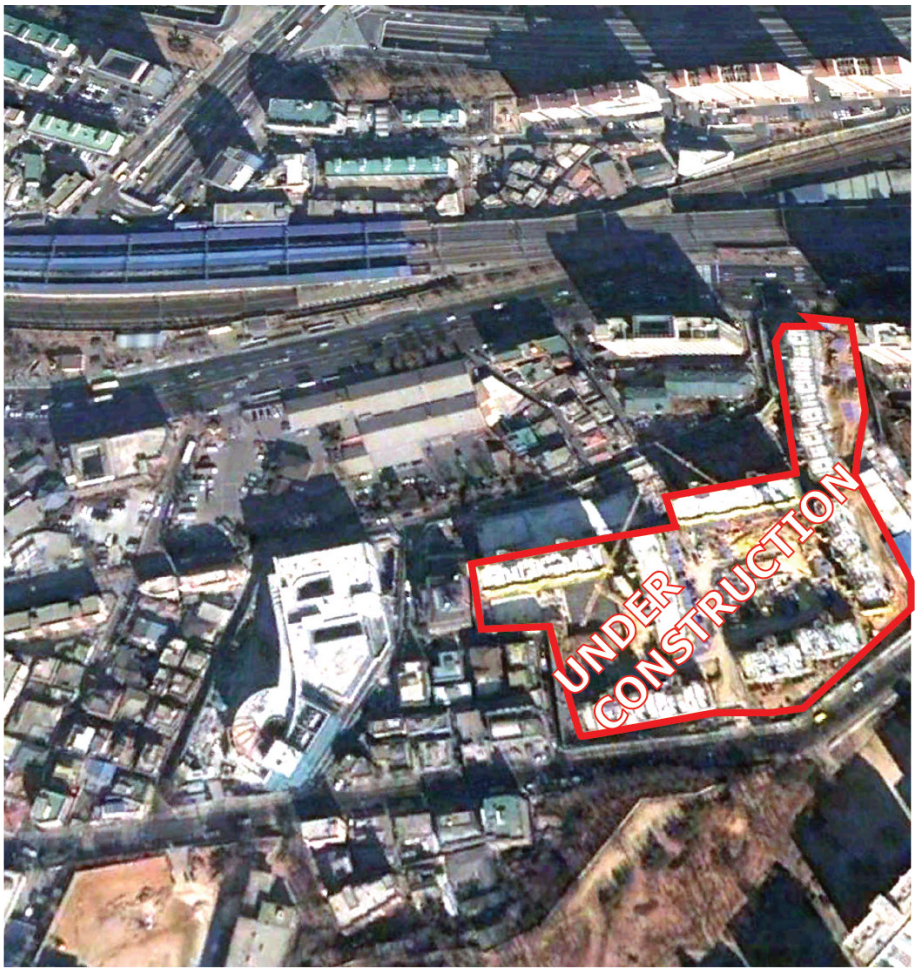

1.5km
0
300m
500m
urban context


당산2동
영등포3동
여의도동
영등포2동
문래1동
영등포1동
신길2동
영등포구
신길1동
도림1동
신길4동
신길3동
신길7동
신길6동
신길5동


영등포구
여의도동
동
신길7동
SITE
8,874.8㎡
NRP-24A
노량진2동
동작구
대방동
NRP-24A
NRP-24B
NRP-24B
NRP-24B
NEB-13C
NRP-24B
동작구
동
상도3동
0
300m
500m
상도2동
Daebang-dong, Dongjak-gu, Seoul
상도4동

TRAIN STATION
?
SEOUL
WOMEN
PLAZA

site bird's eye view



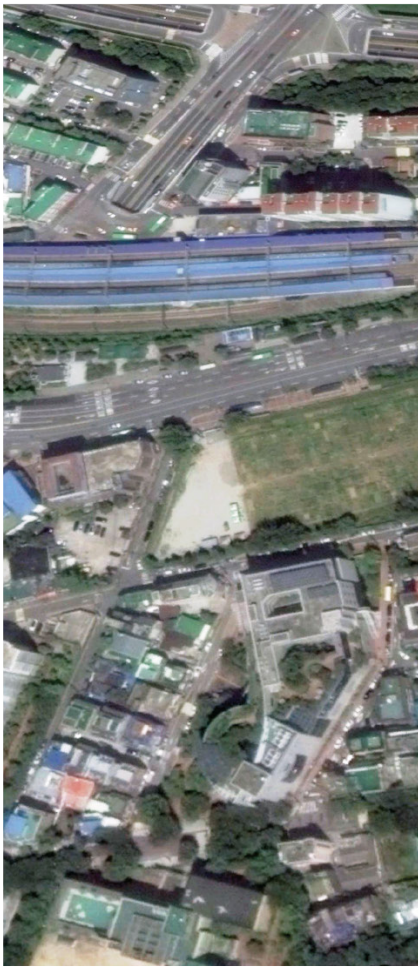
2002 - 2 - 15

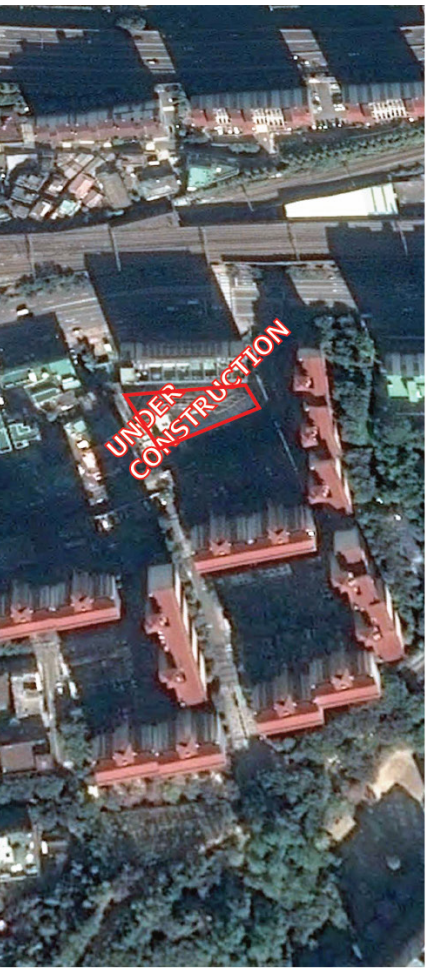


2013 - 10

2006 - 1 - 28









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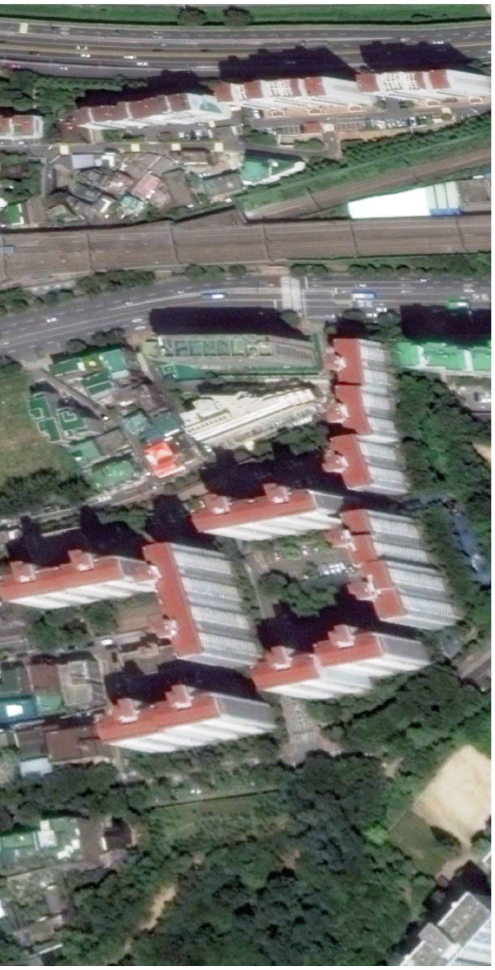
2015 - 3 - 16

2014 - 8 - 9

2015 - 6 - 12

























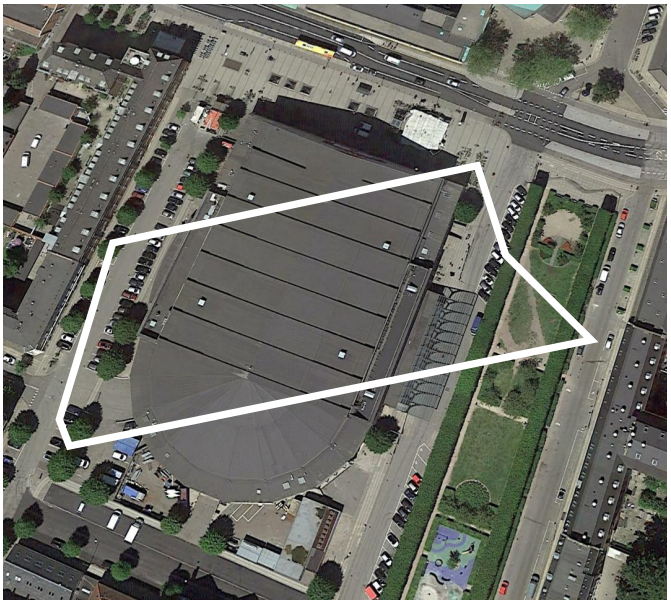
horizontal vs vertical densities



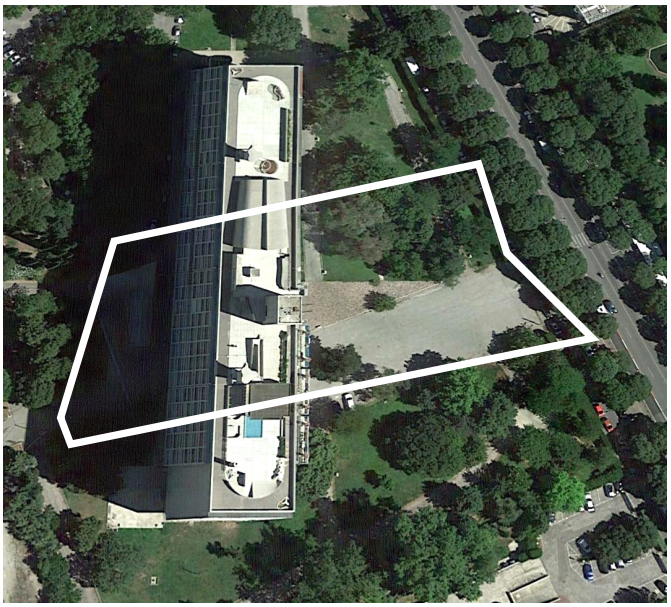




Space Salim Seoul



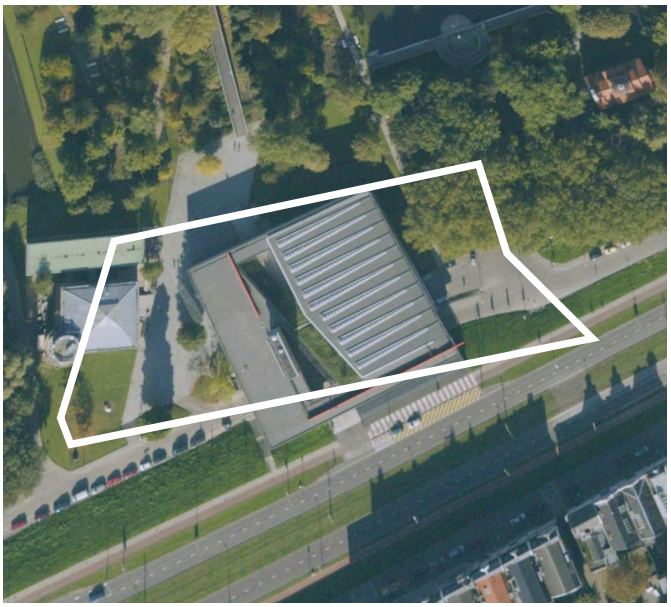
Forum Copenhagen



Unite d'habitation (Marseille)



Market Hall (Rotterdam)



Kunsthal (Rotterdam)



Rolex Learning Center(Lausanne)



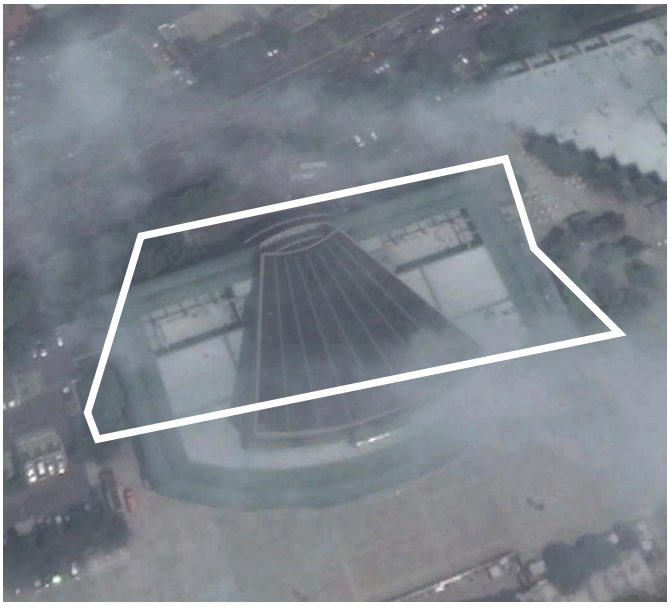
National University Museum (Seoul)



Women University(Seoul)



Opera House (Seoul)



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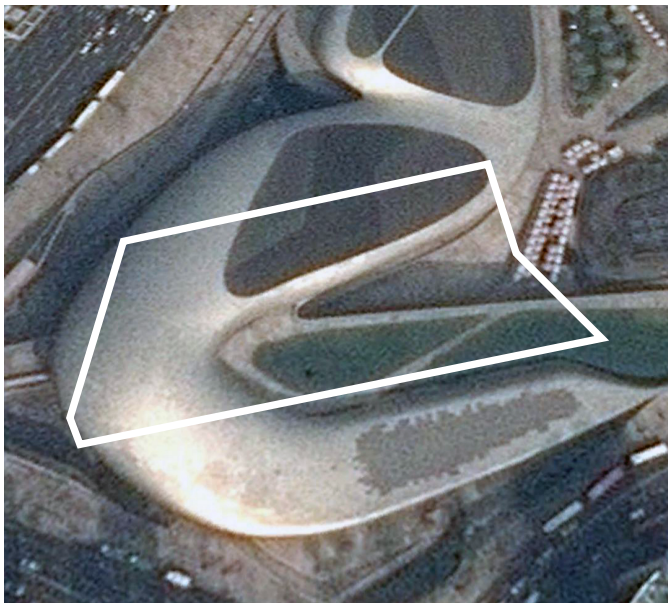
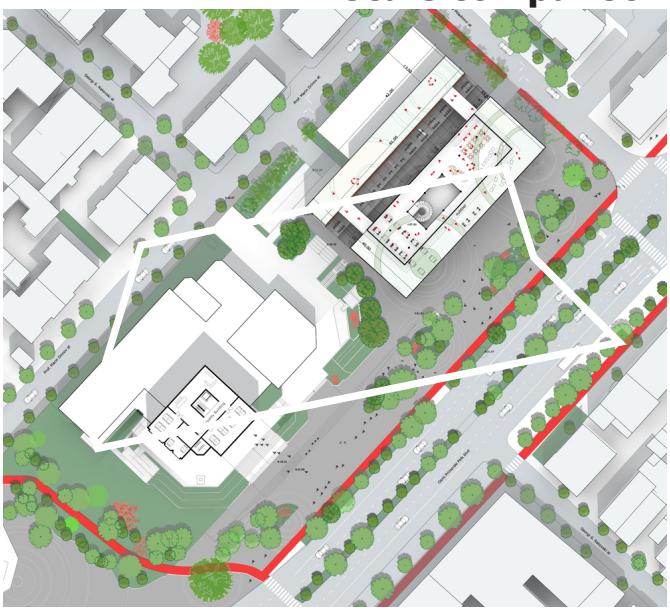


Dongdaemun Design Plaza (Seoul)

scale comparison



Public Library (Varna)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세무사 한양 공과 기계 학원
법 무 사
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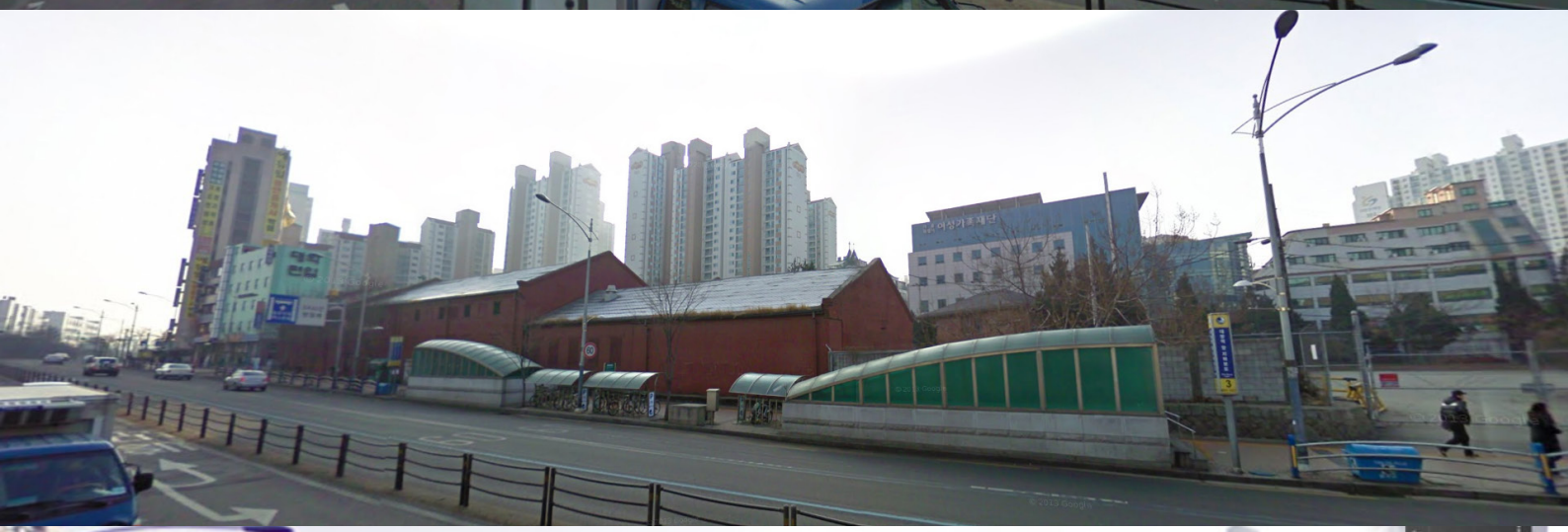
대방정보통
TEL 02-826-7942





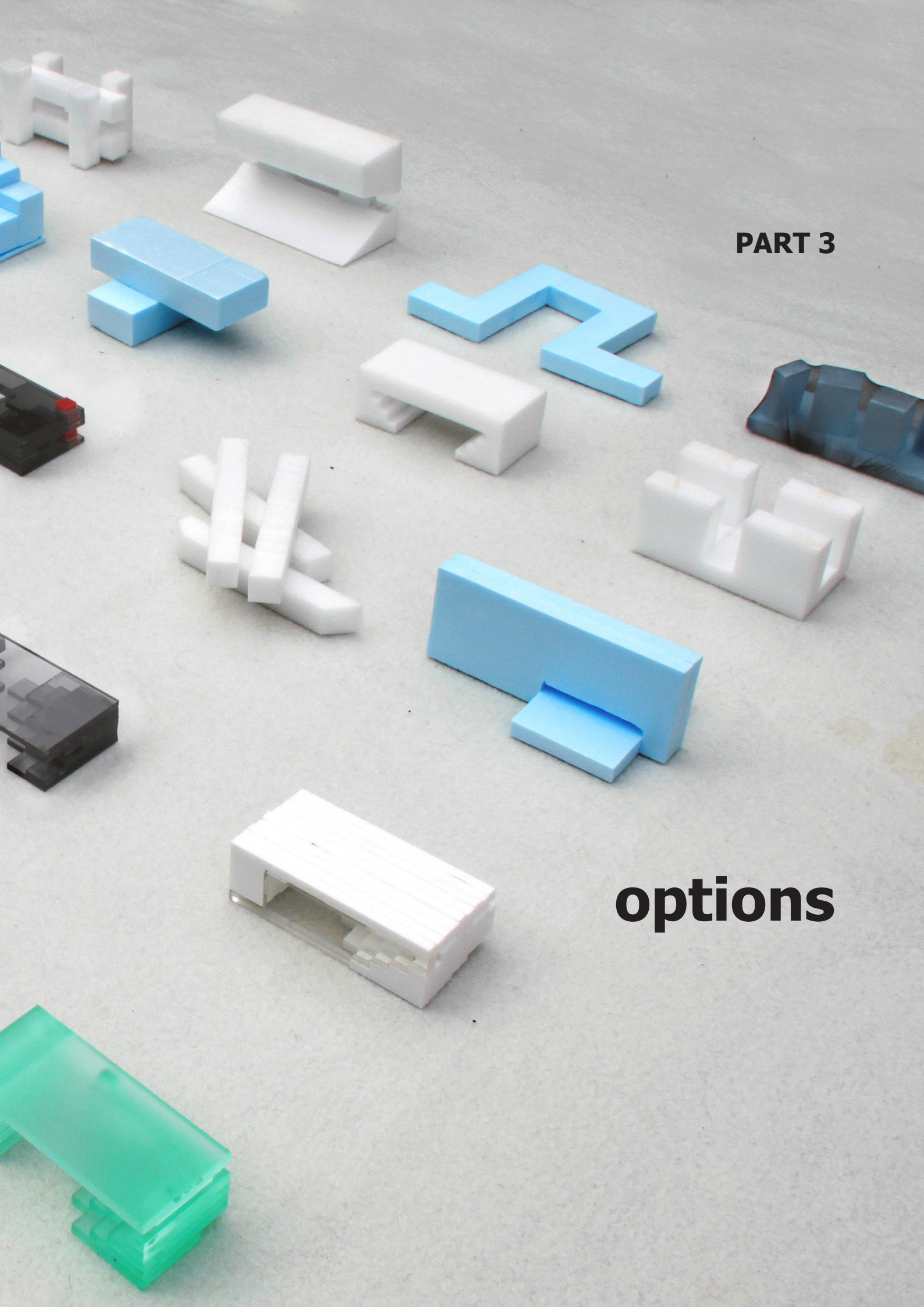

여성가족재단





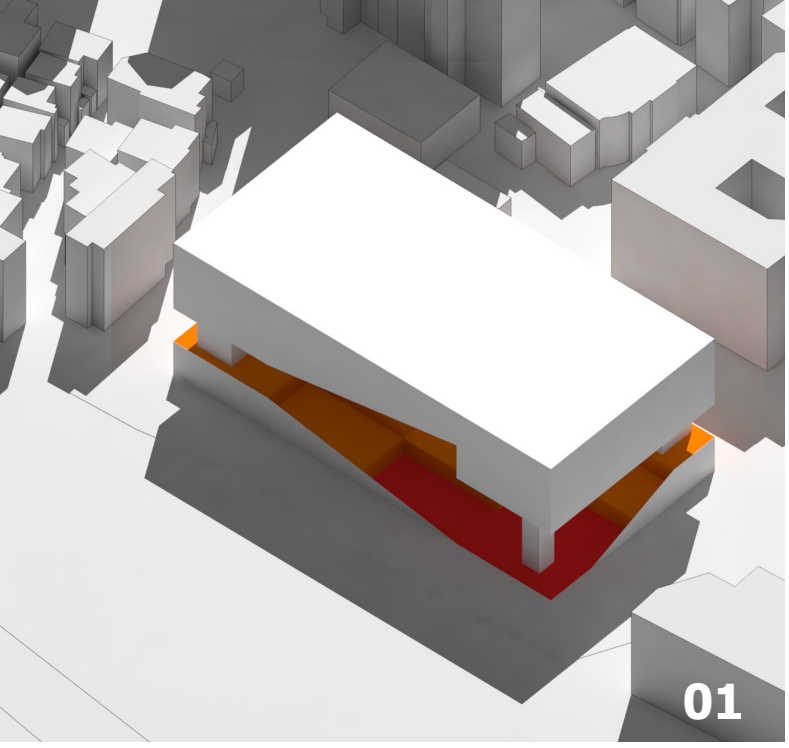






PART 3

options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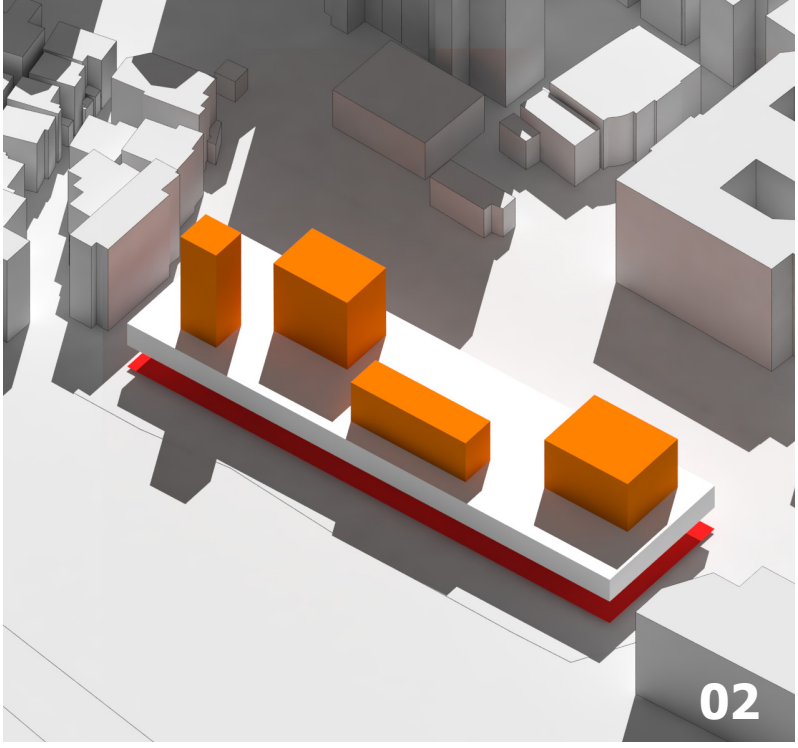
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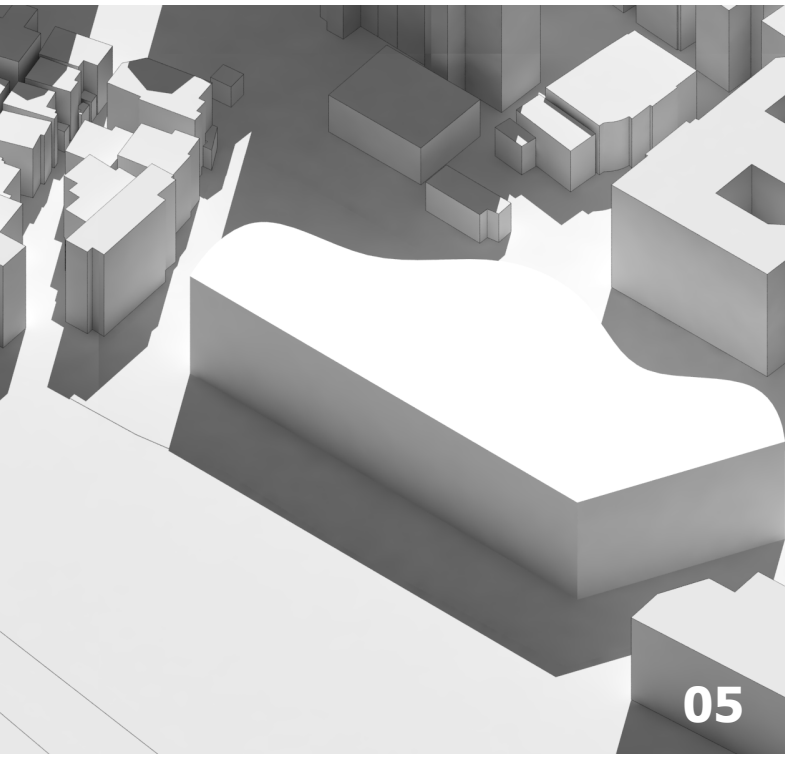
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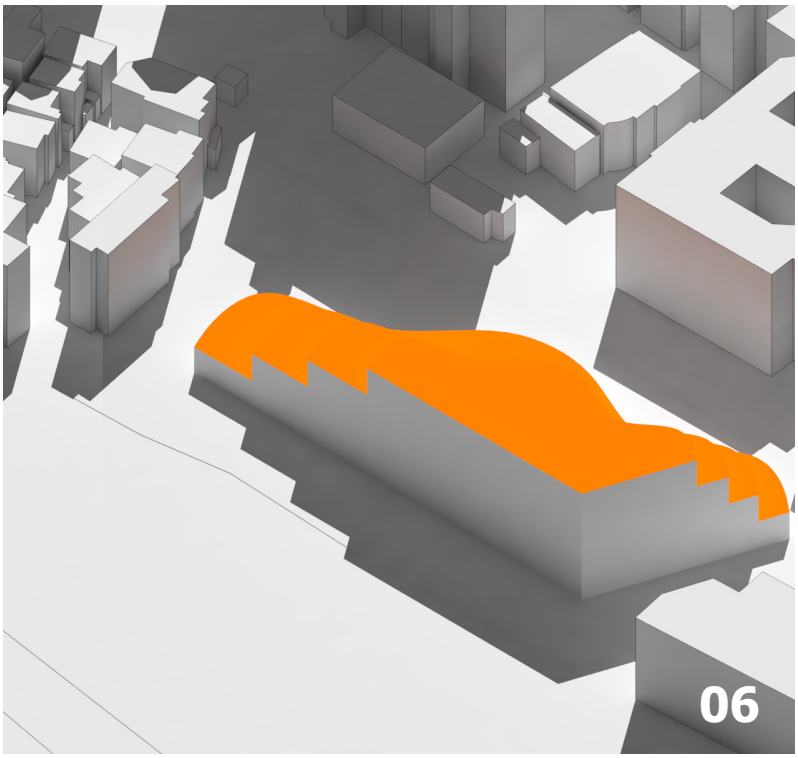
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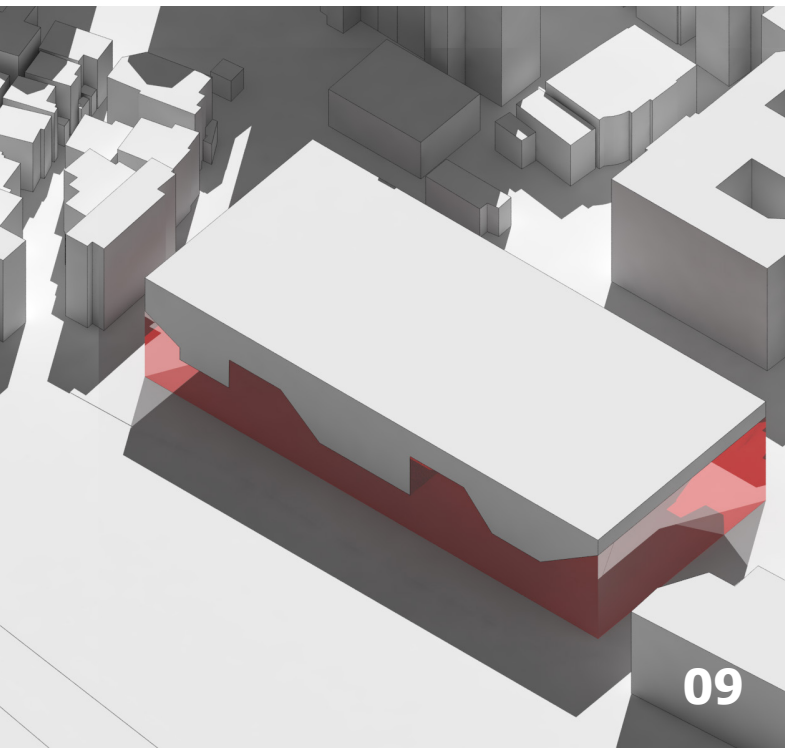
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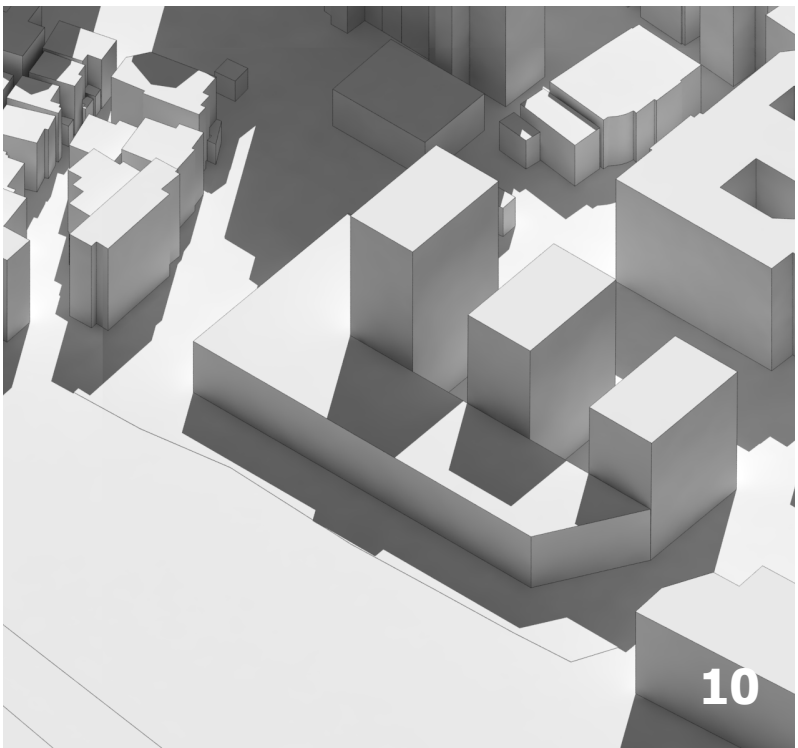
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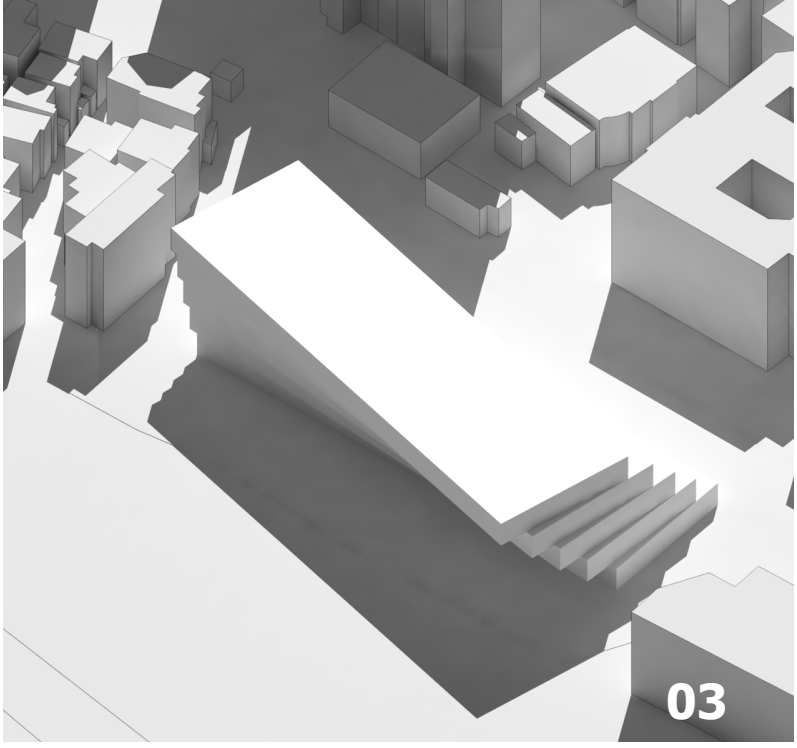
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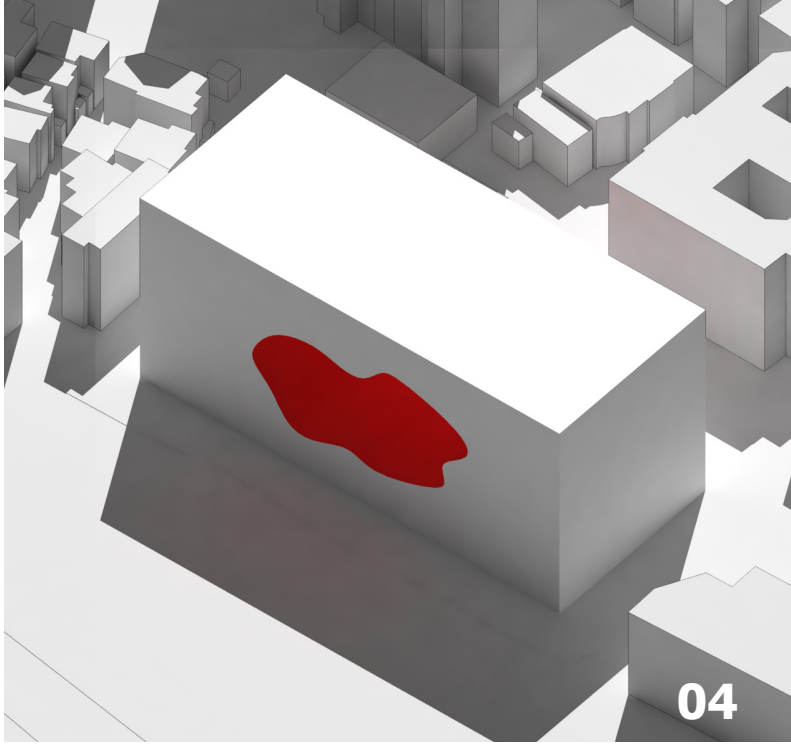
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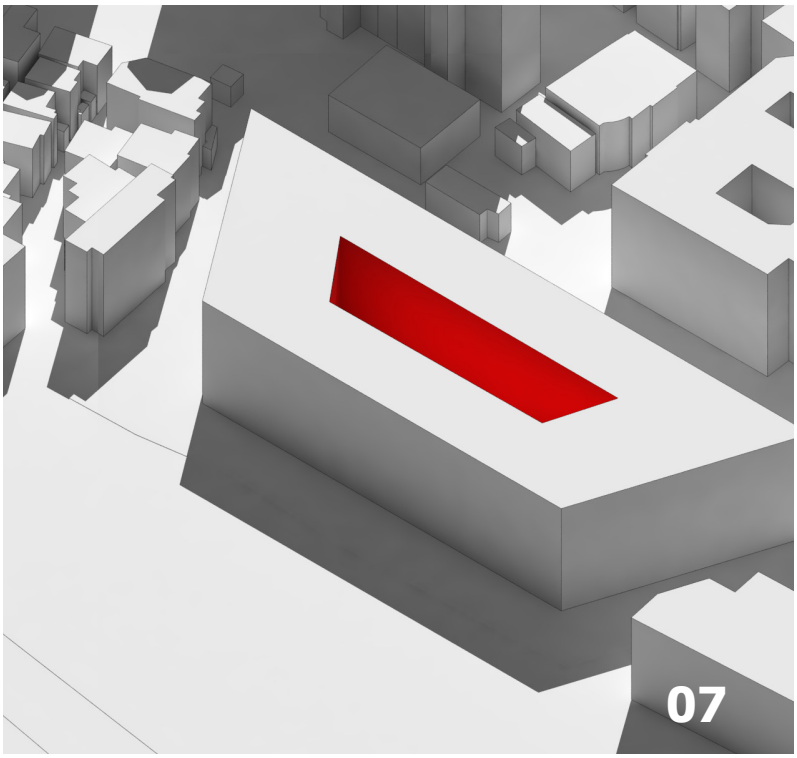
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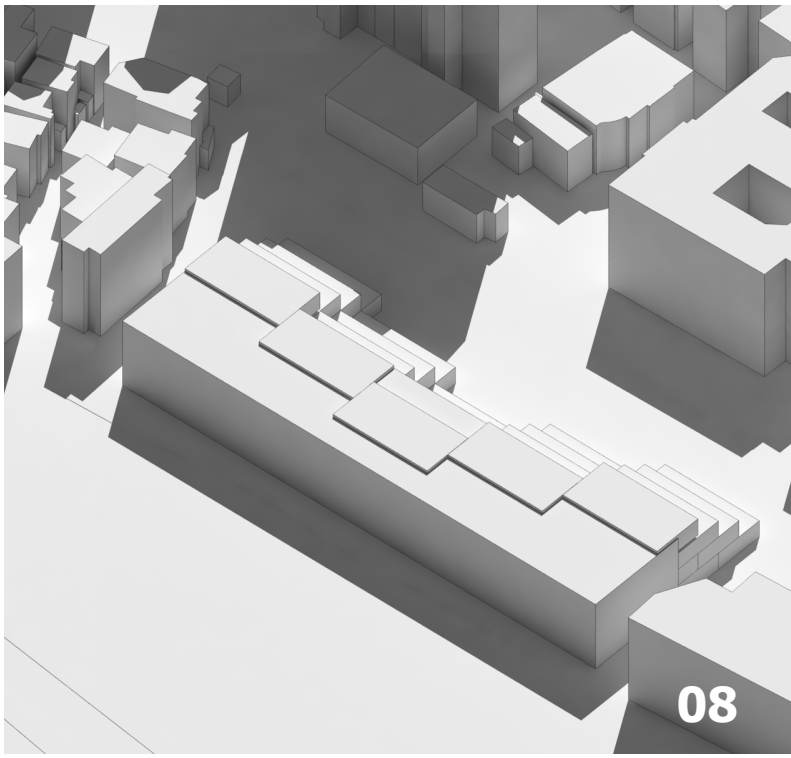
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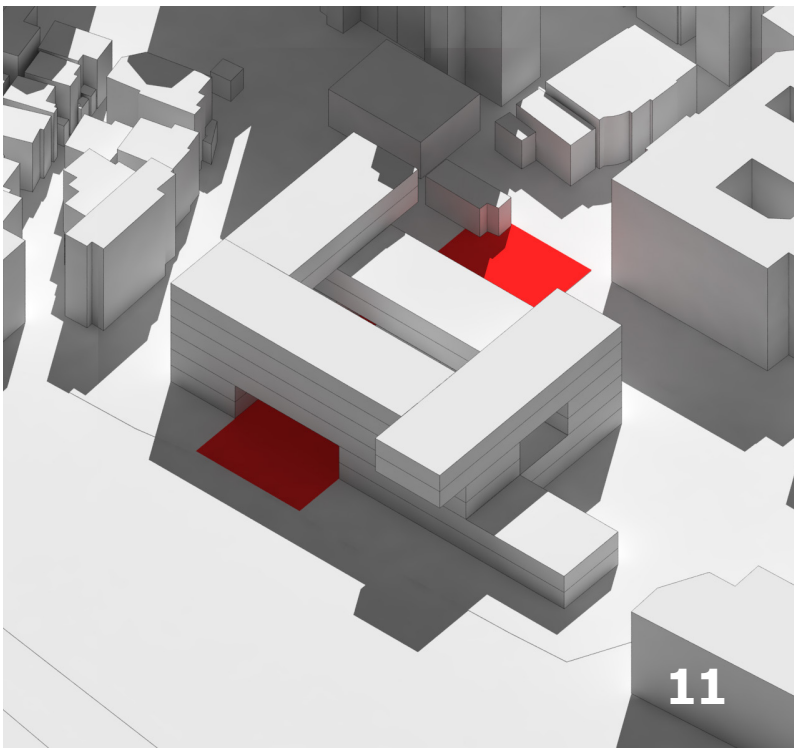
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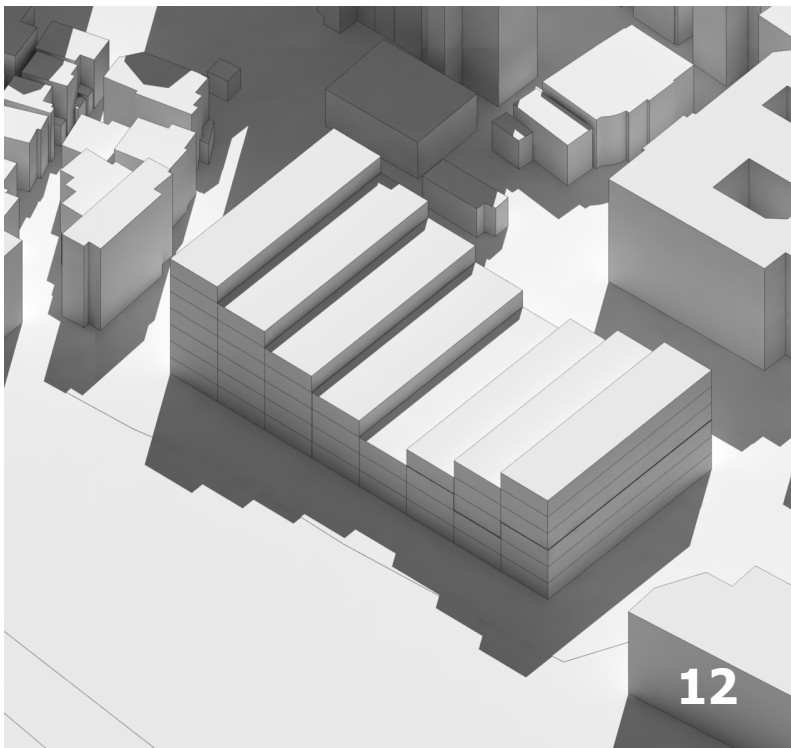
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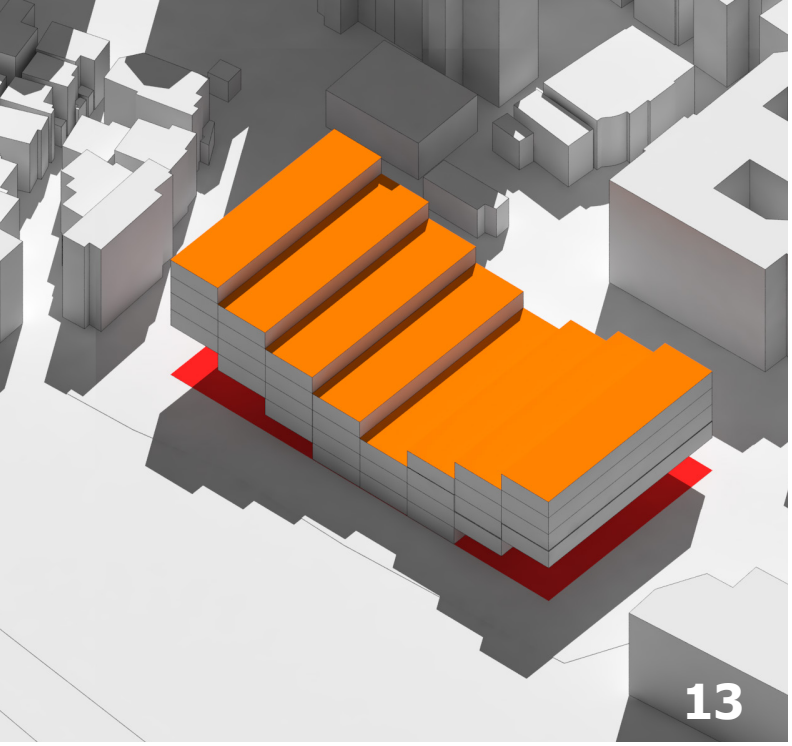
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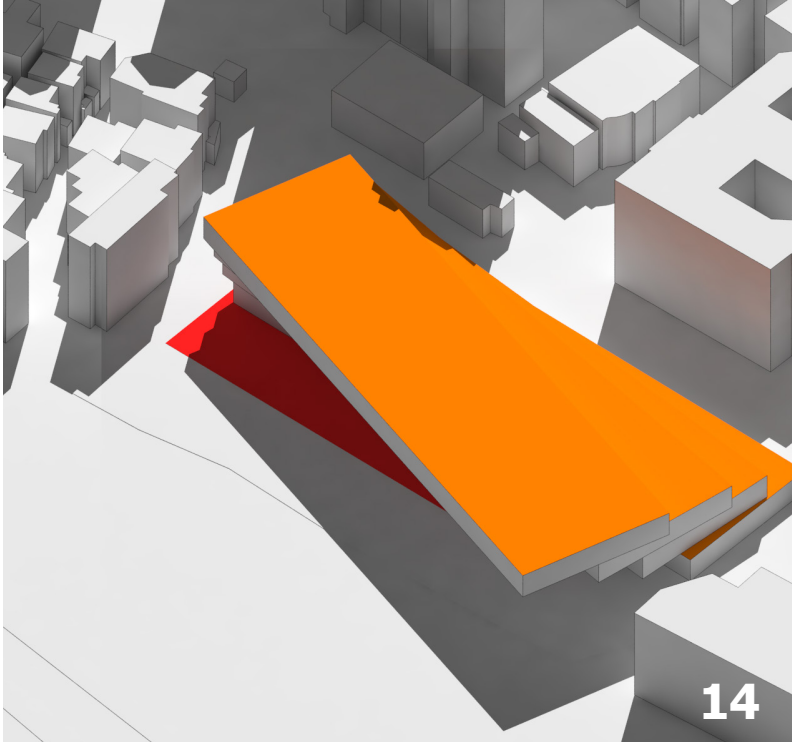
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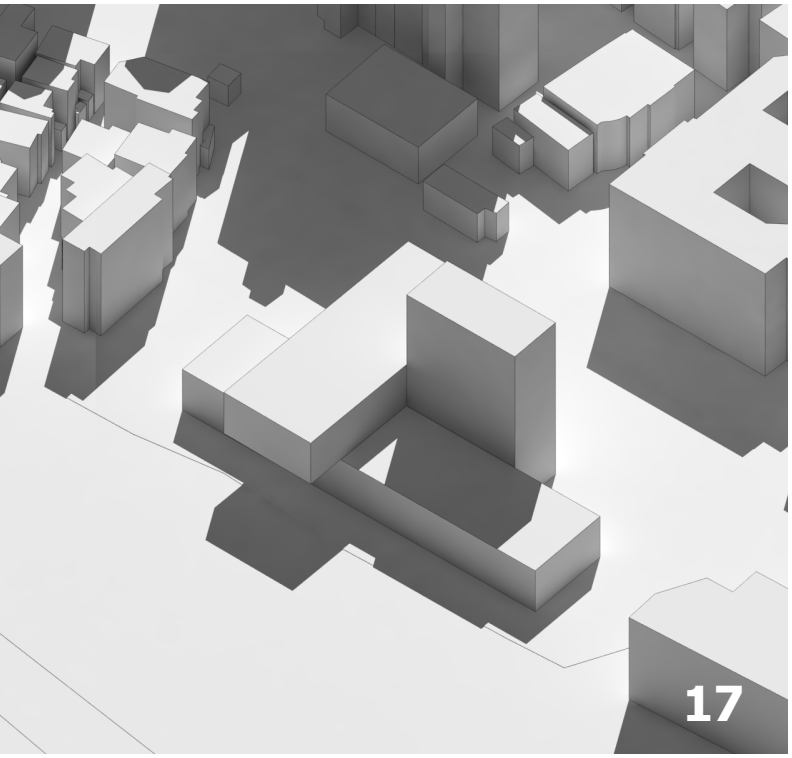
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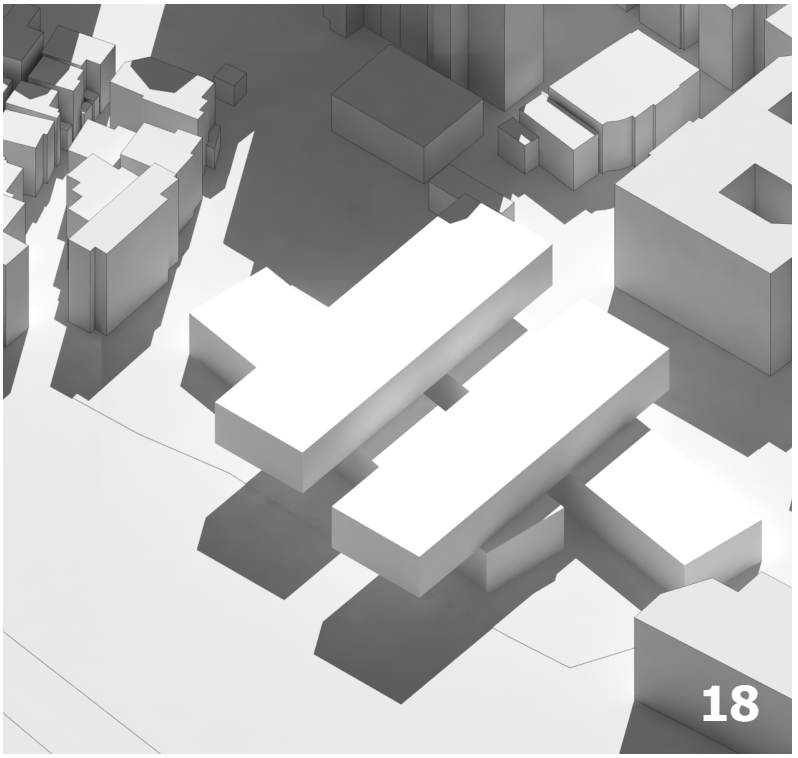
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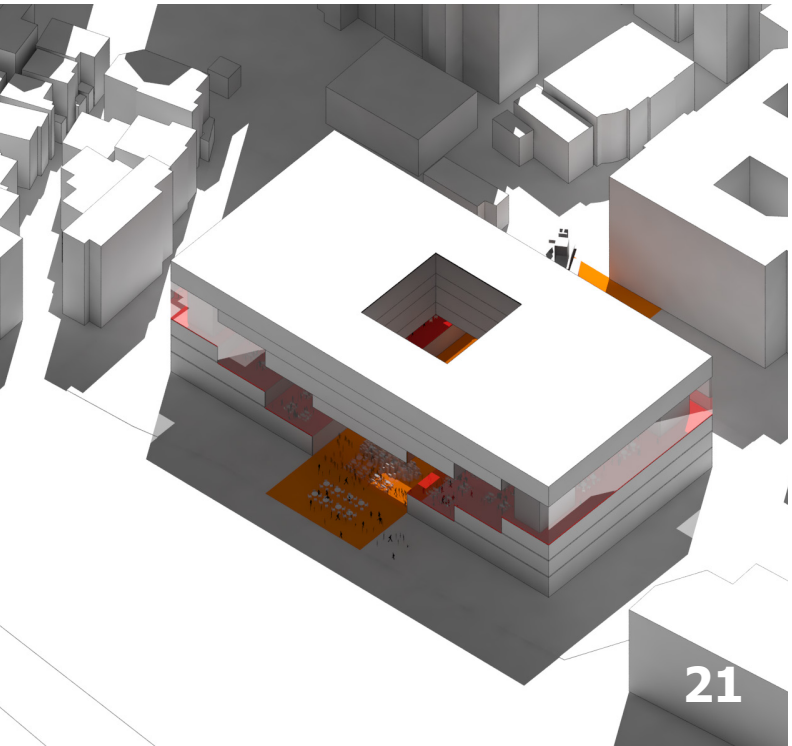
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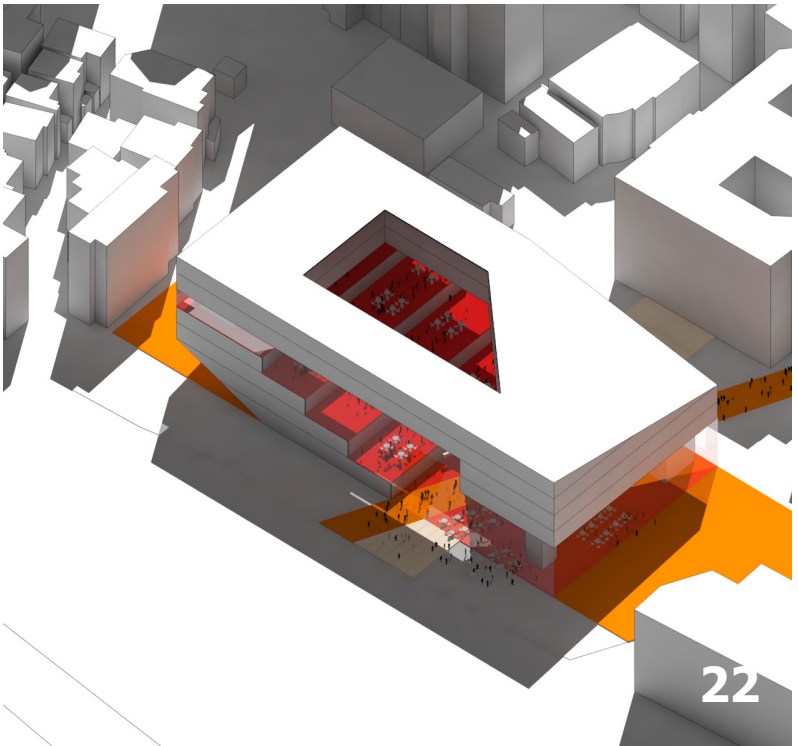
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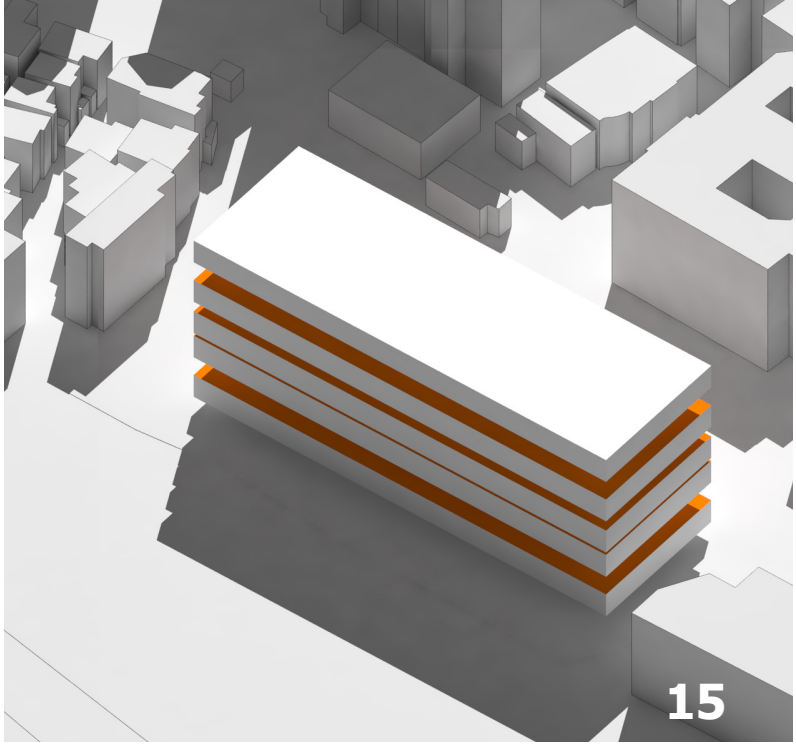
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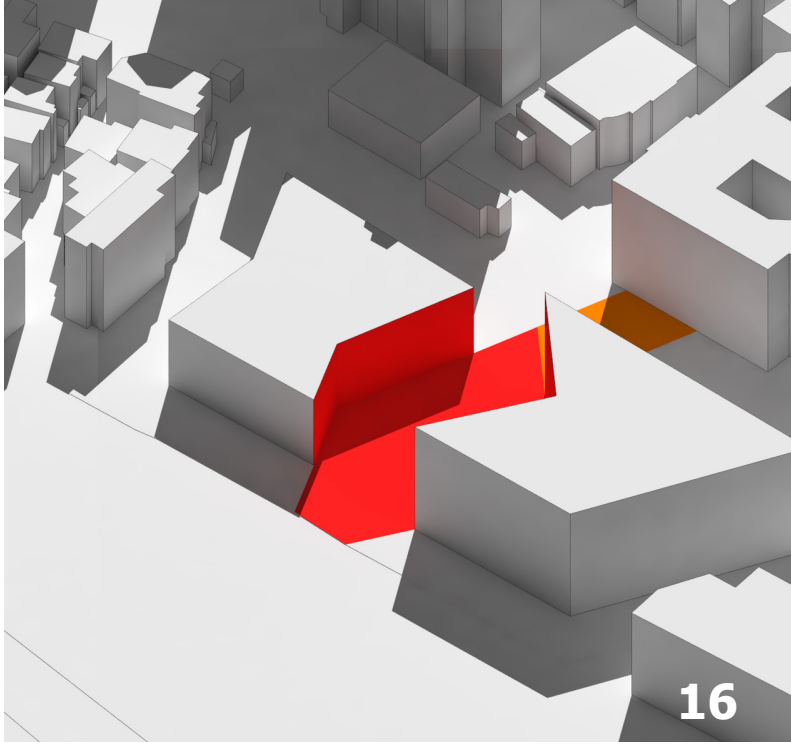
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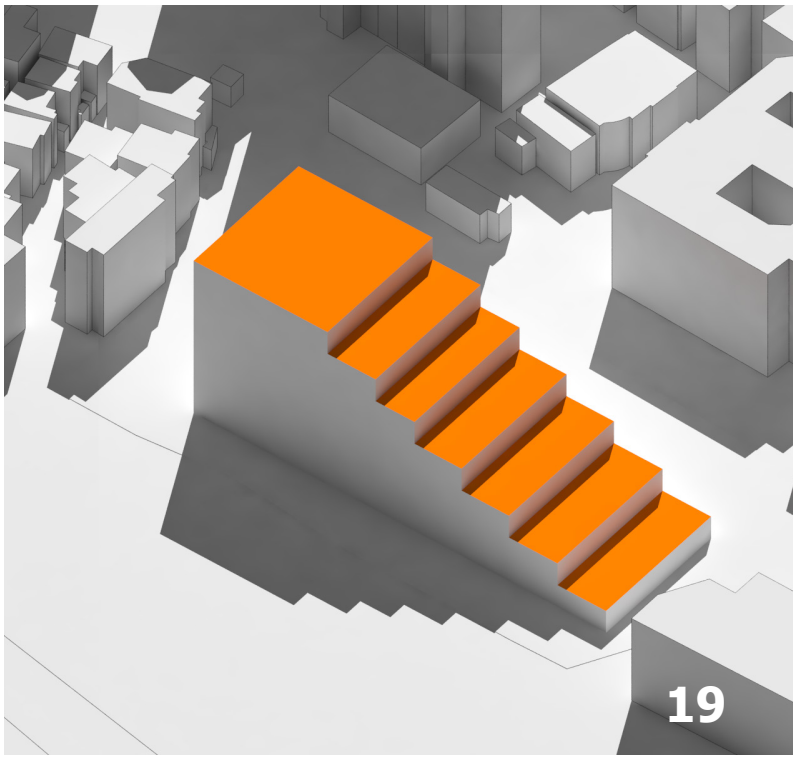
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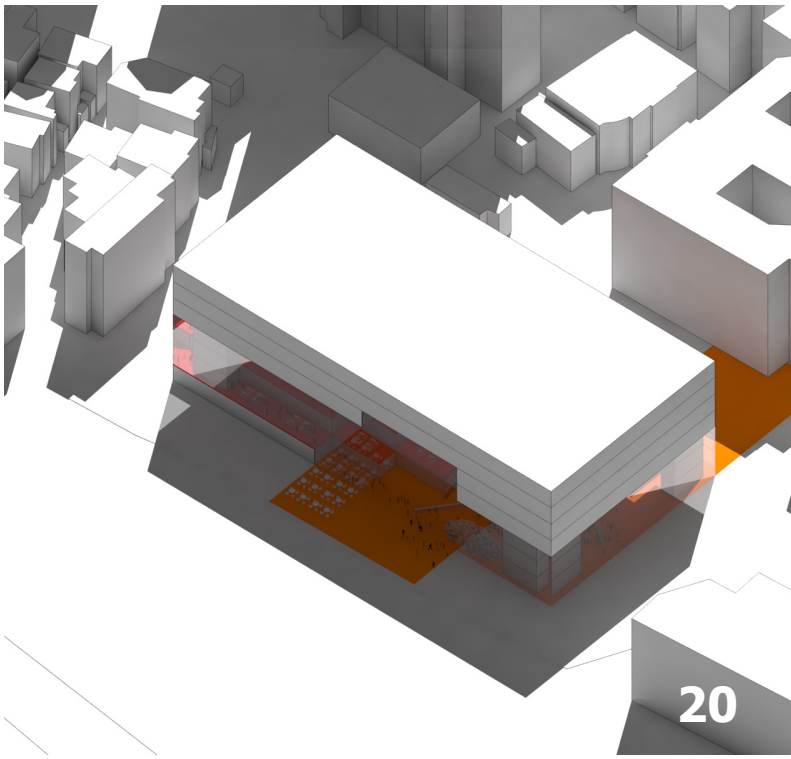
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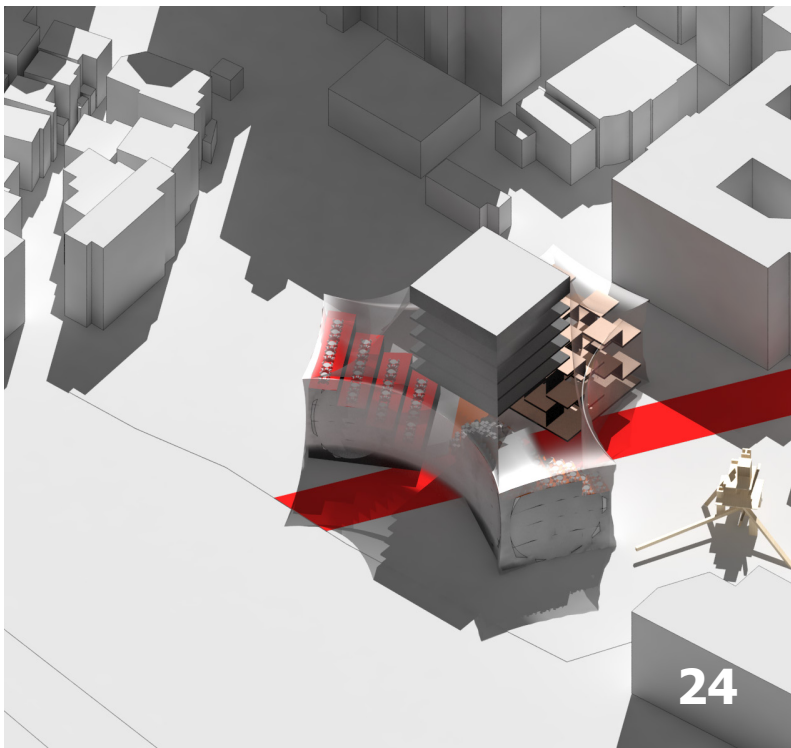
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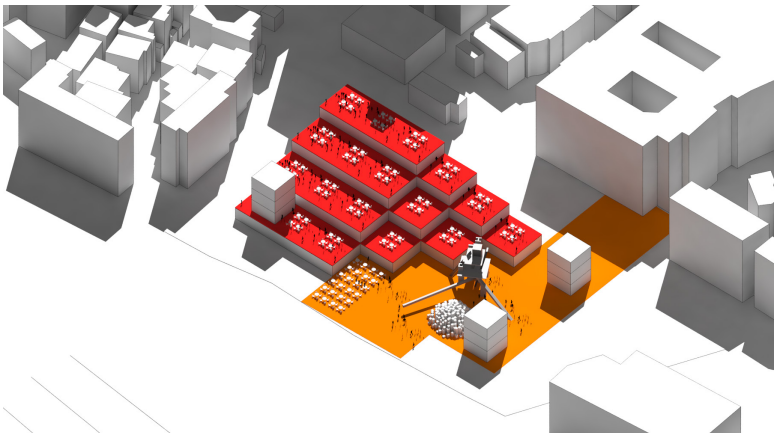
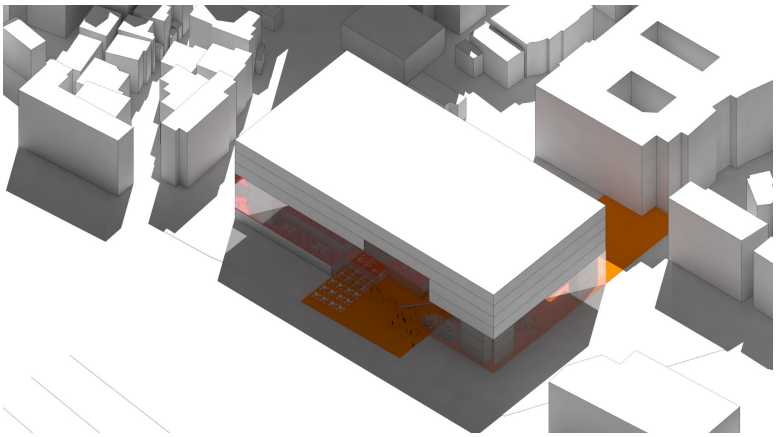
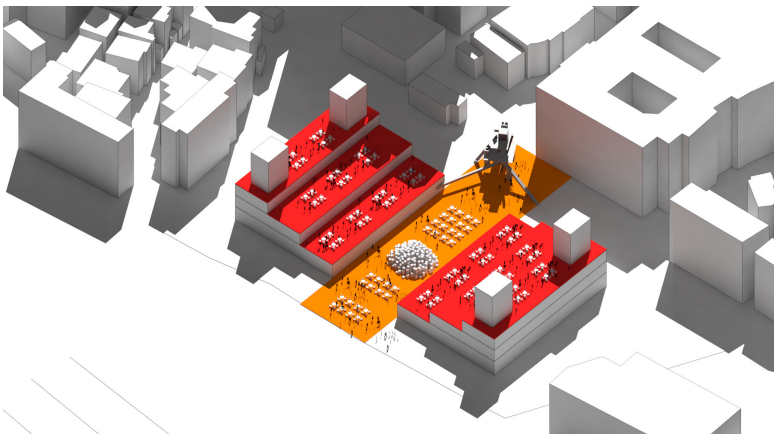
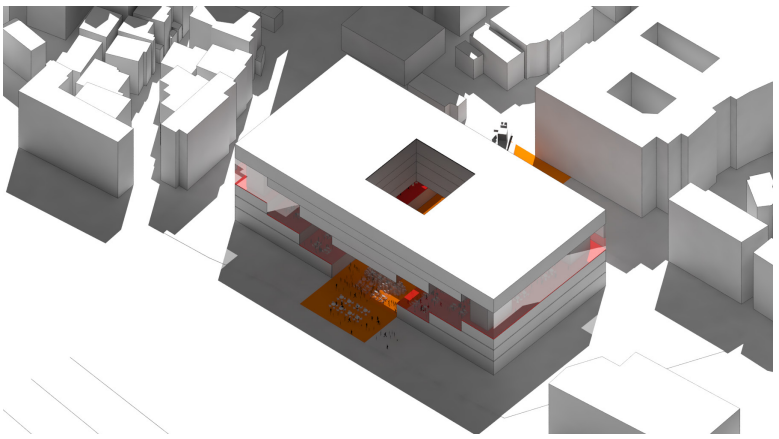
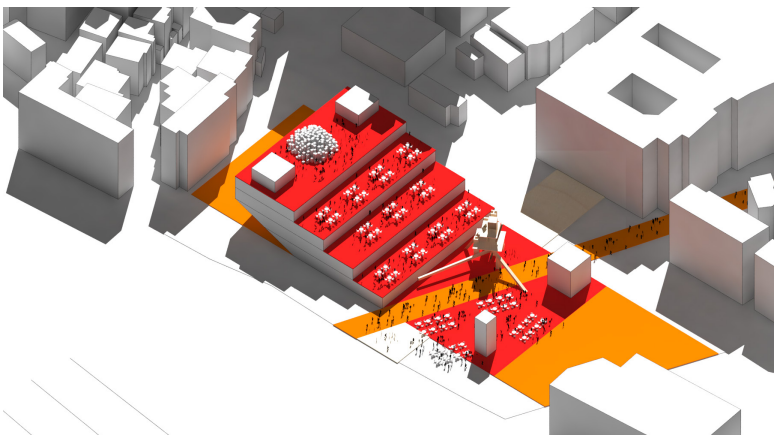
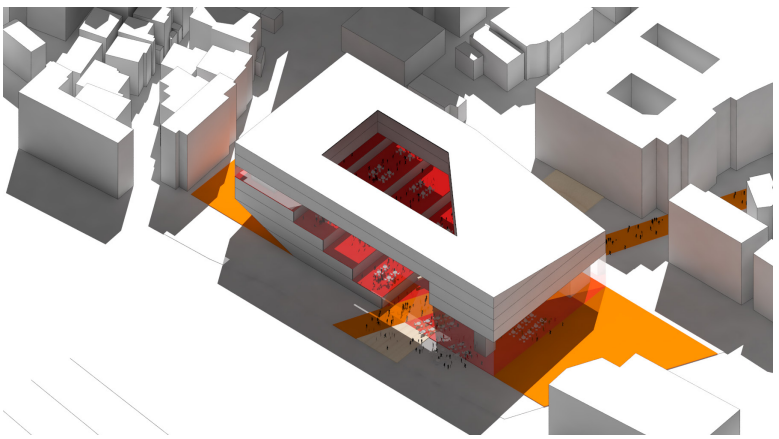
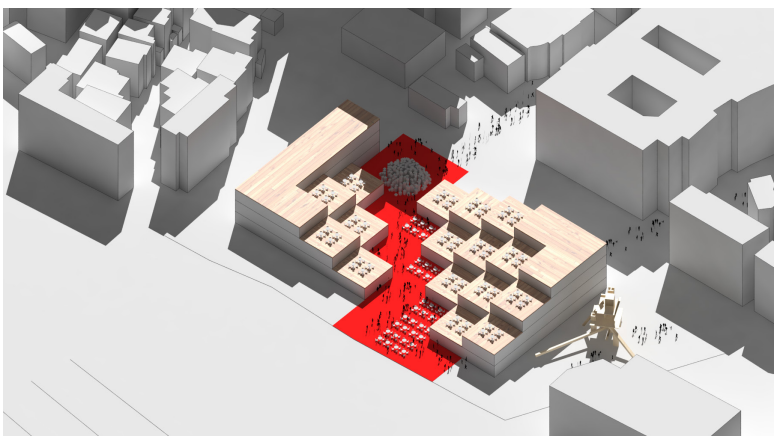
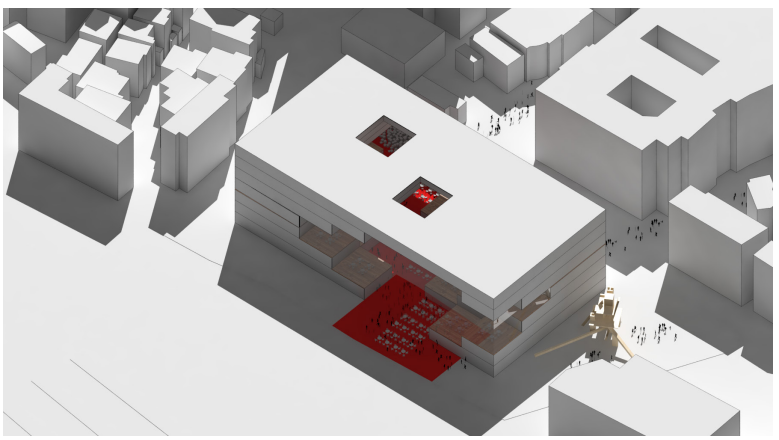
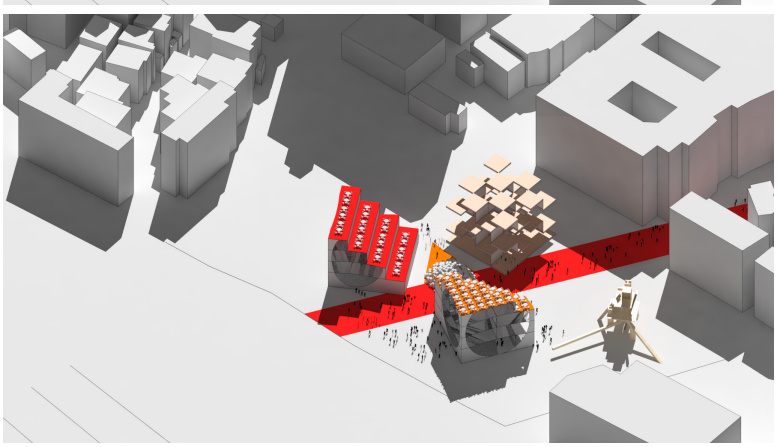
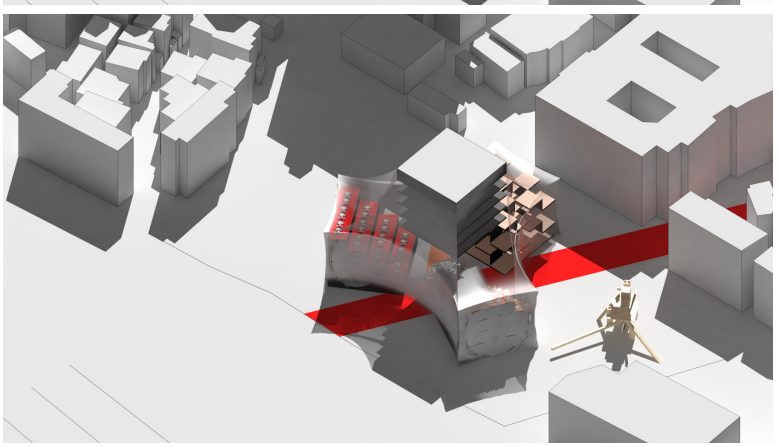
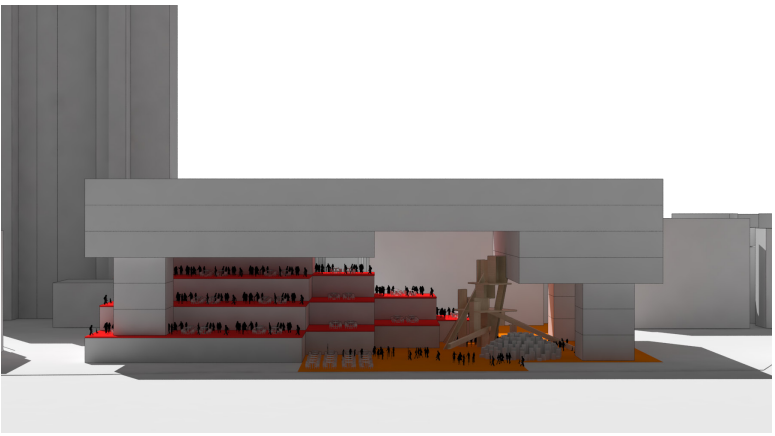
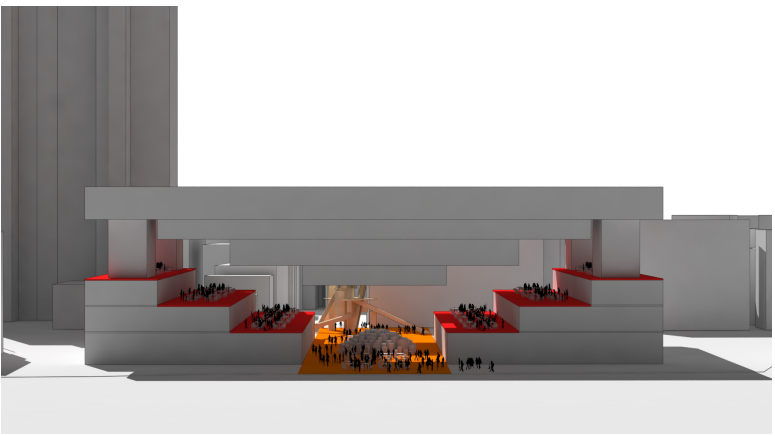













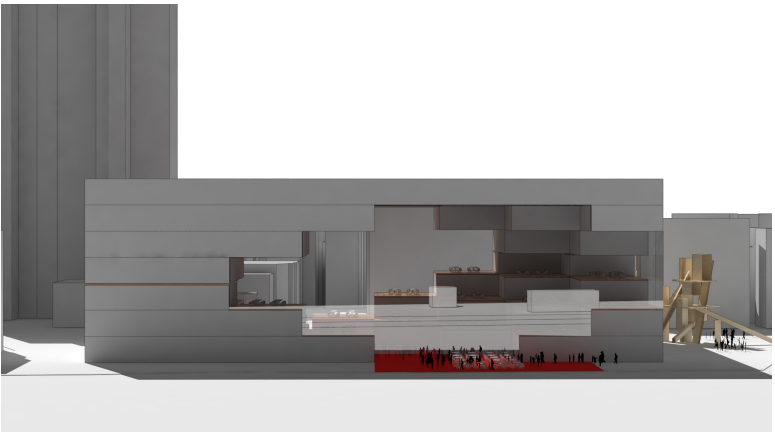
01 PROGRAMMATIC LANDSCAPE



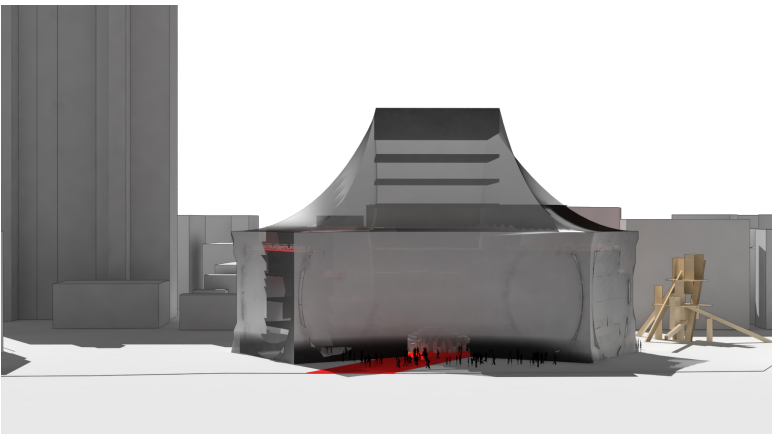
02 MIRRORED LANDSCAPE



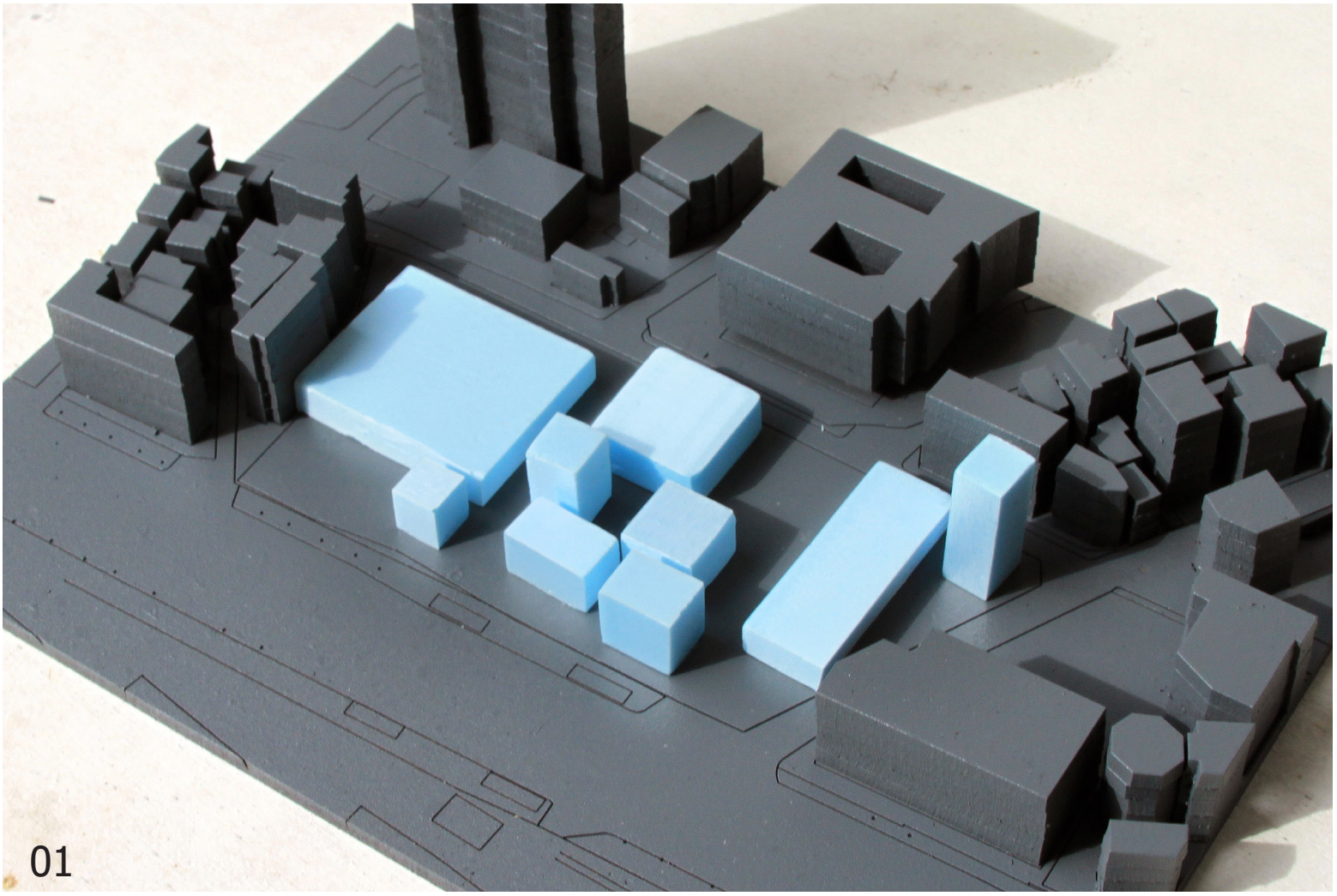
03 LECTURE THEATER



04 URBAN LIVING ROOM



05 URBAN TEMPLE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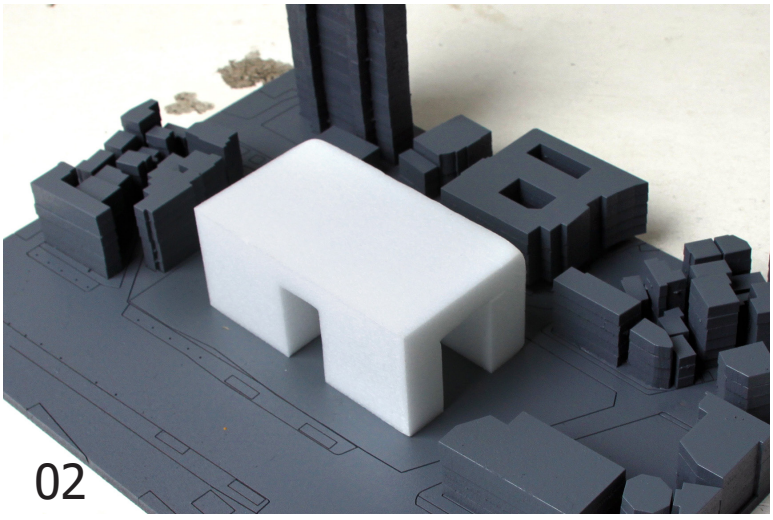
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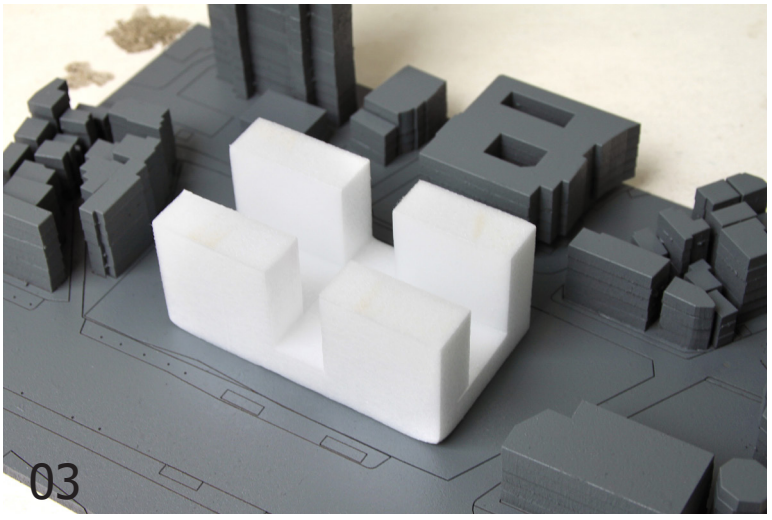
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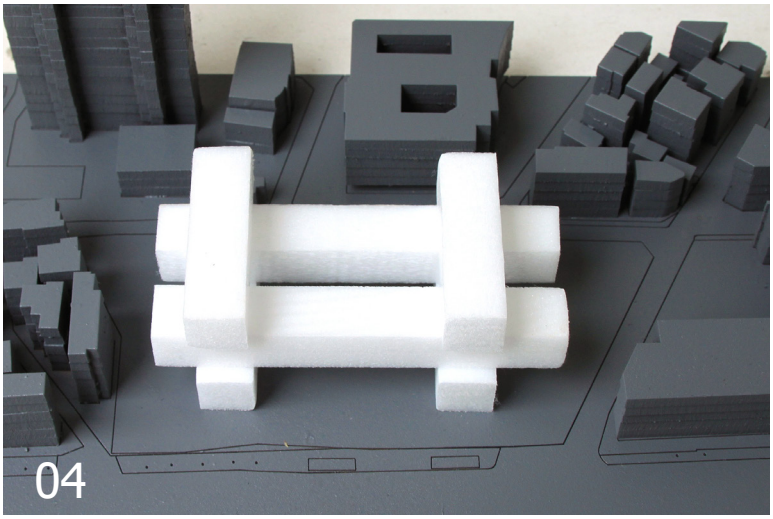
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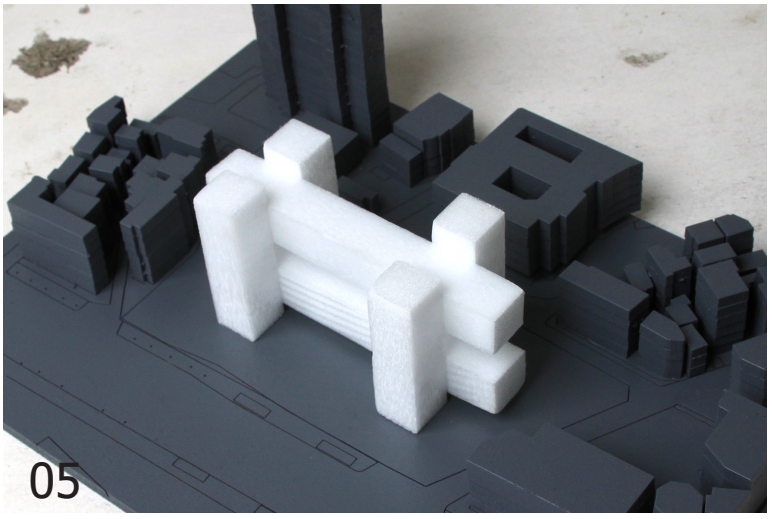
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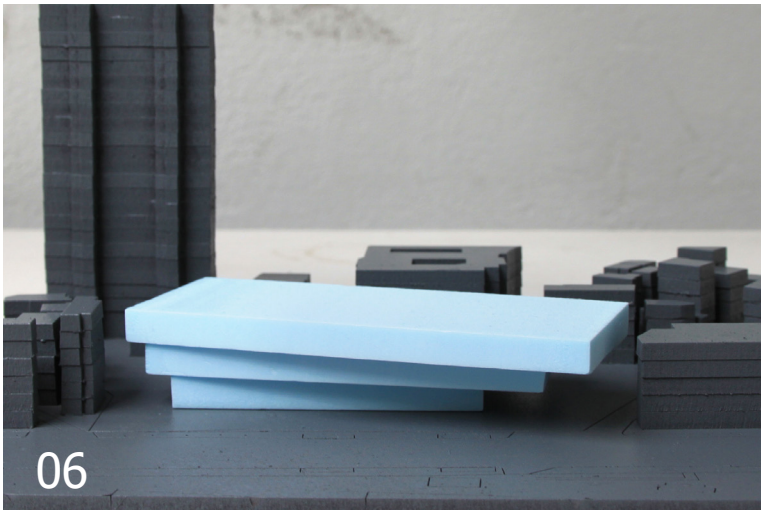
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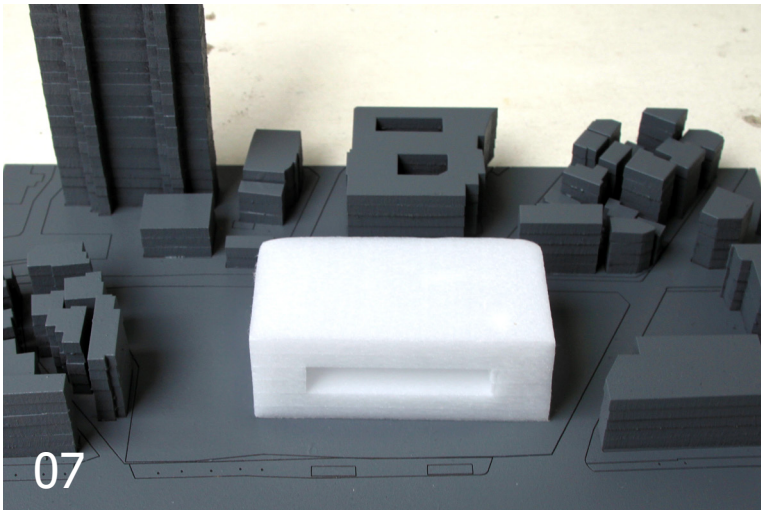
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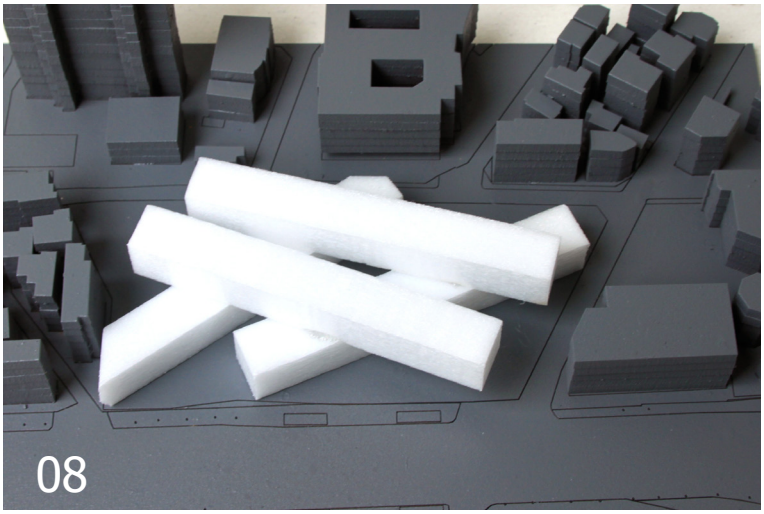
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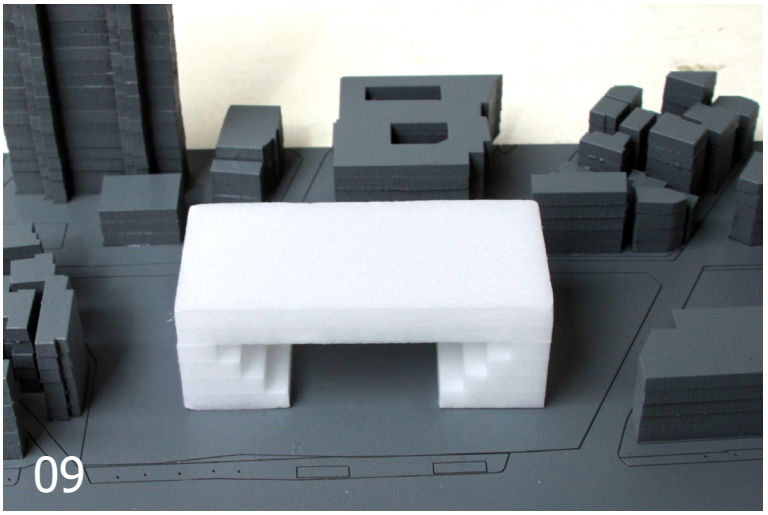
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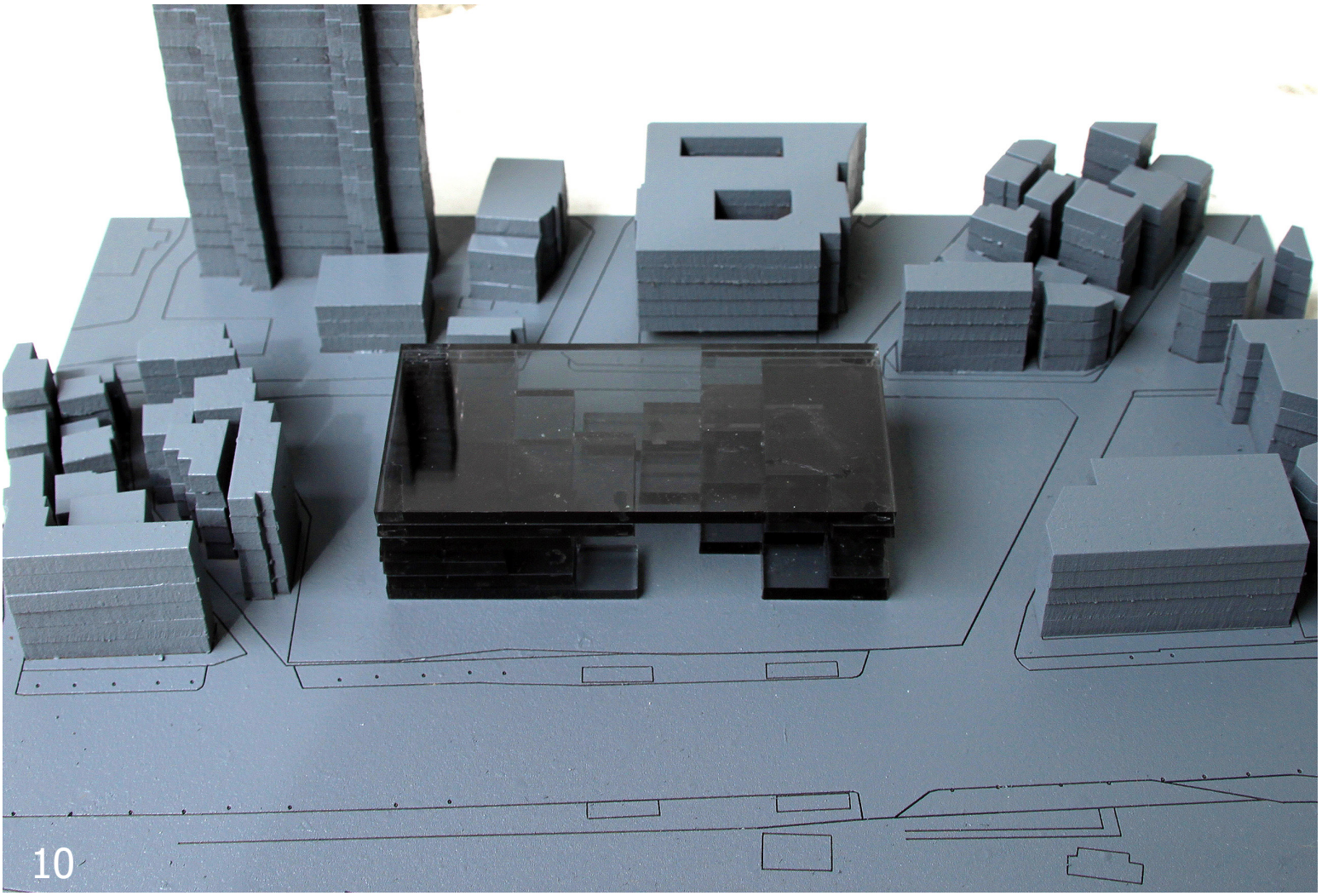
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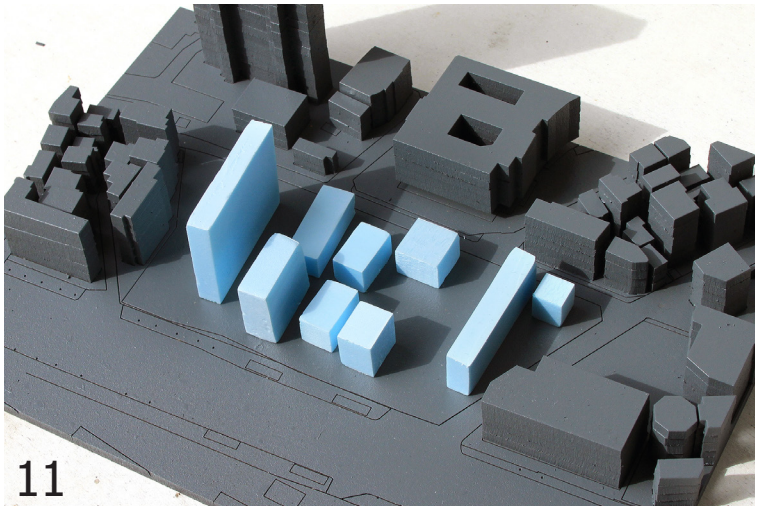
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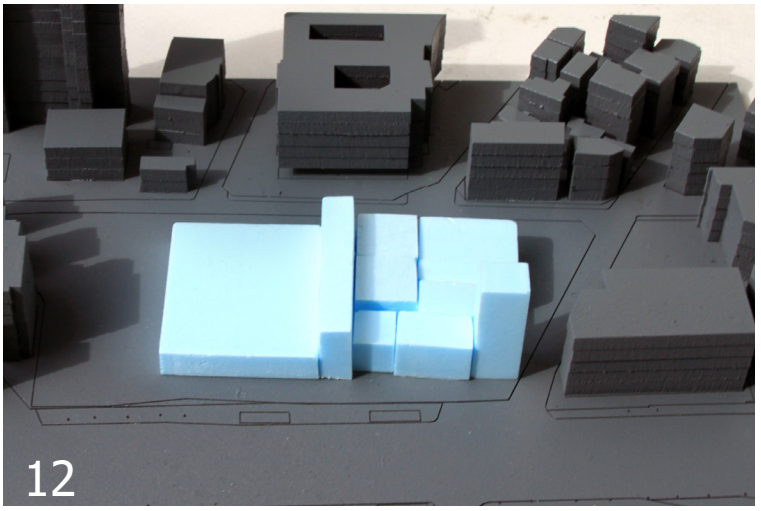
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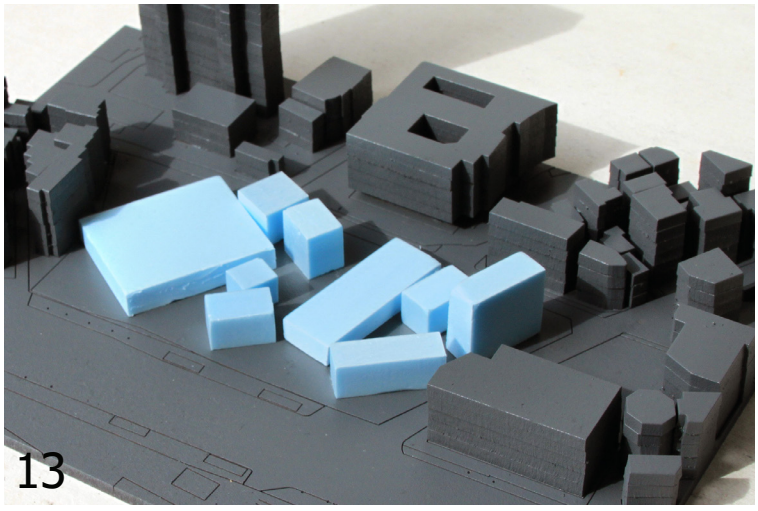
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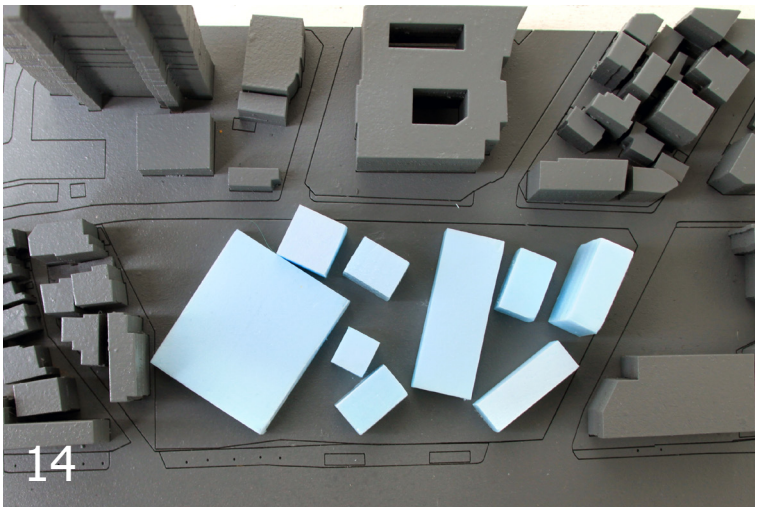
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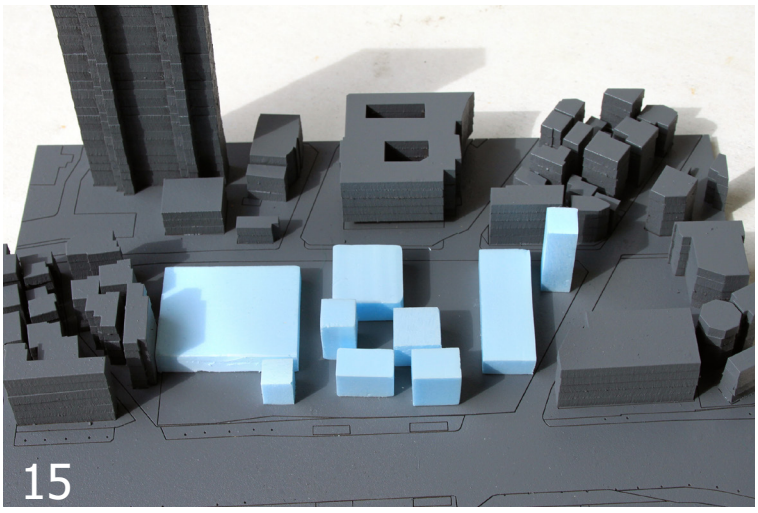
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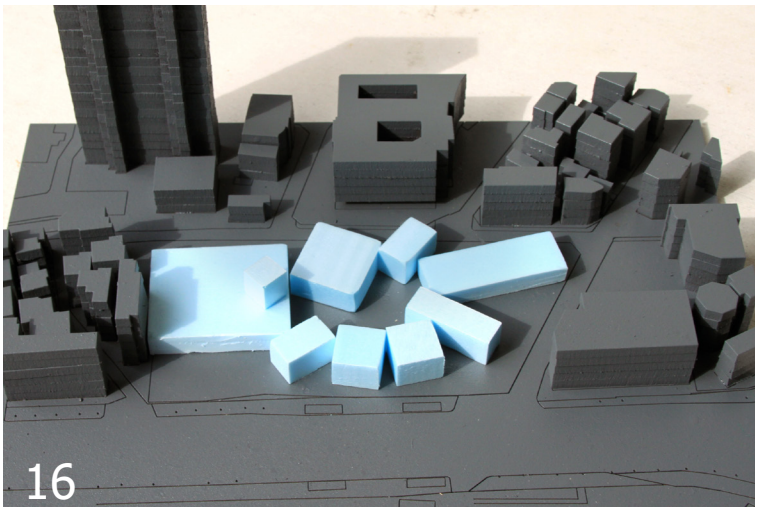
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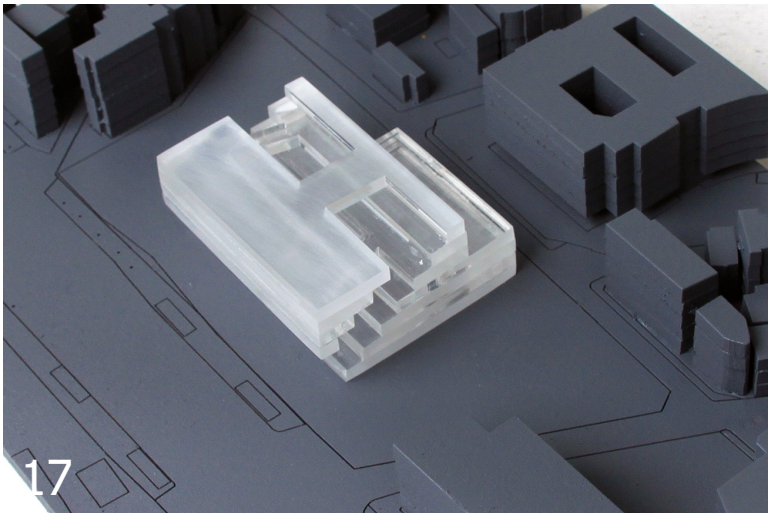
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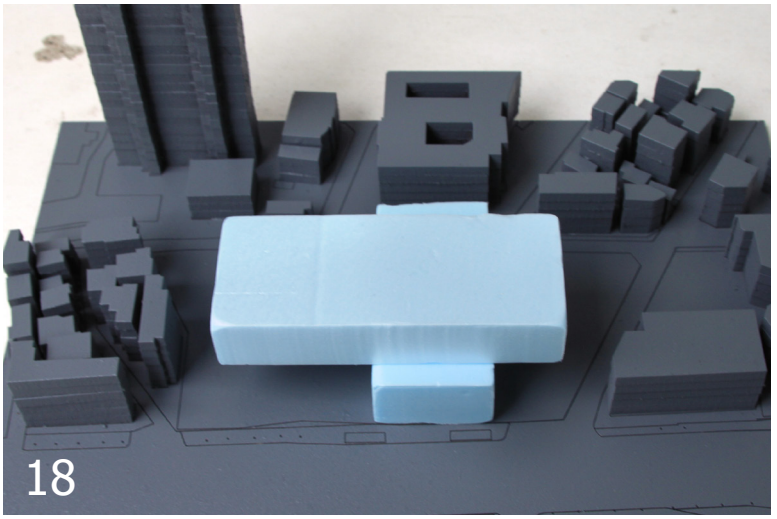
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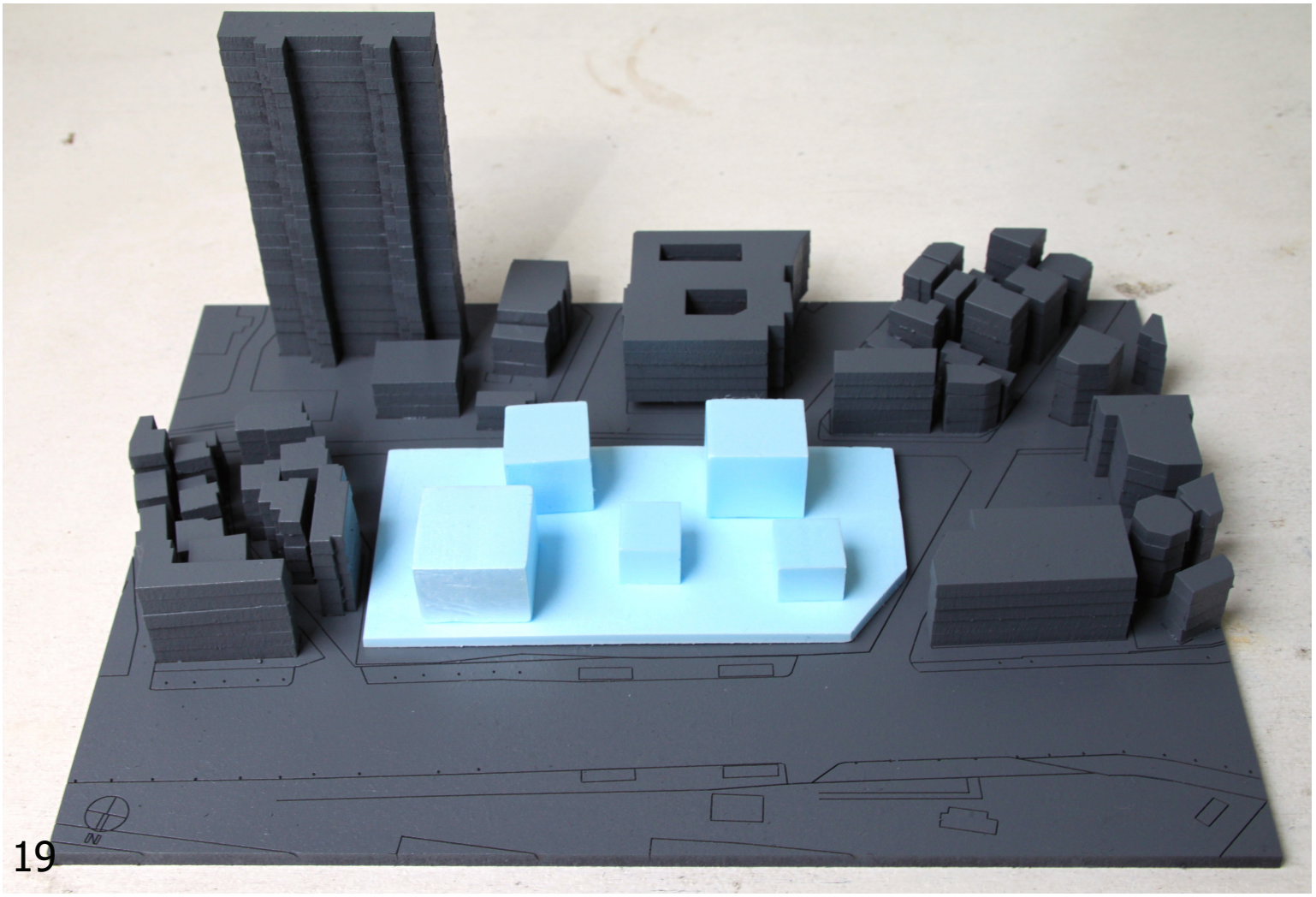
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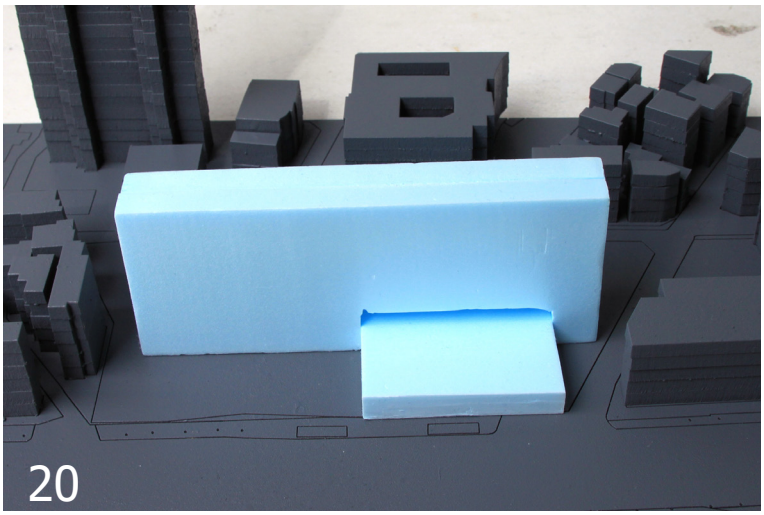
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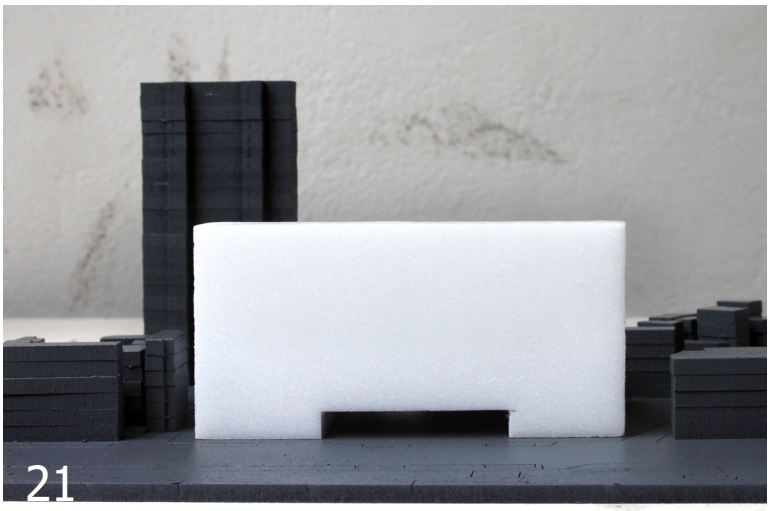
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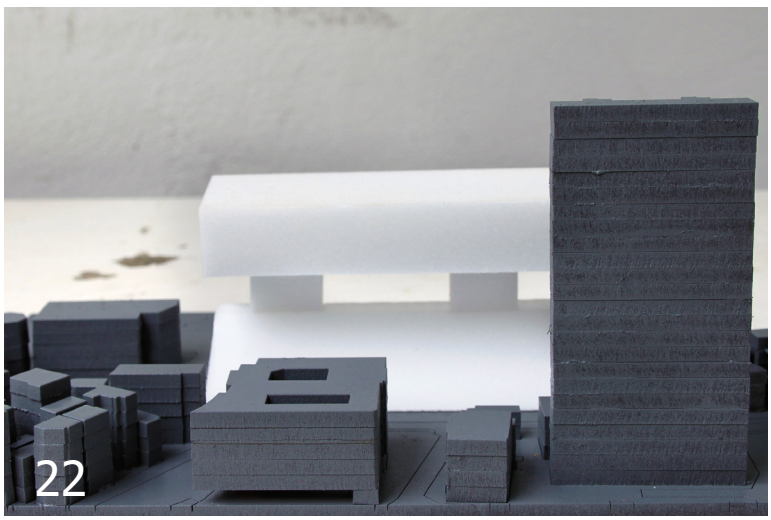
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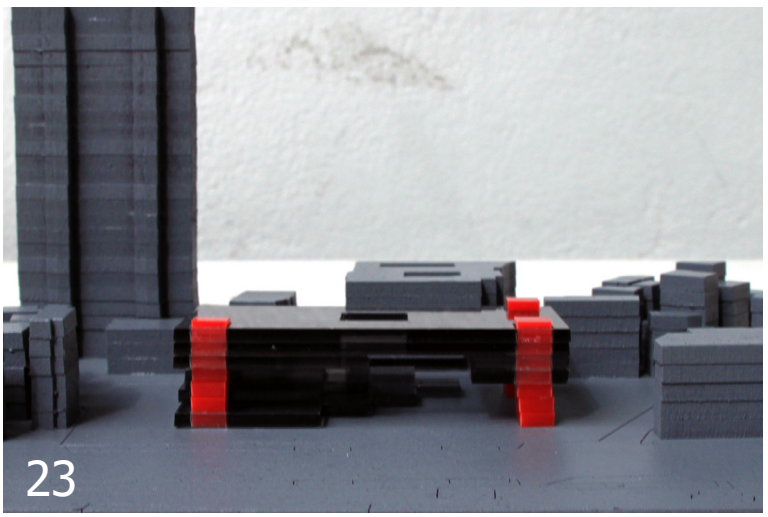
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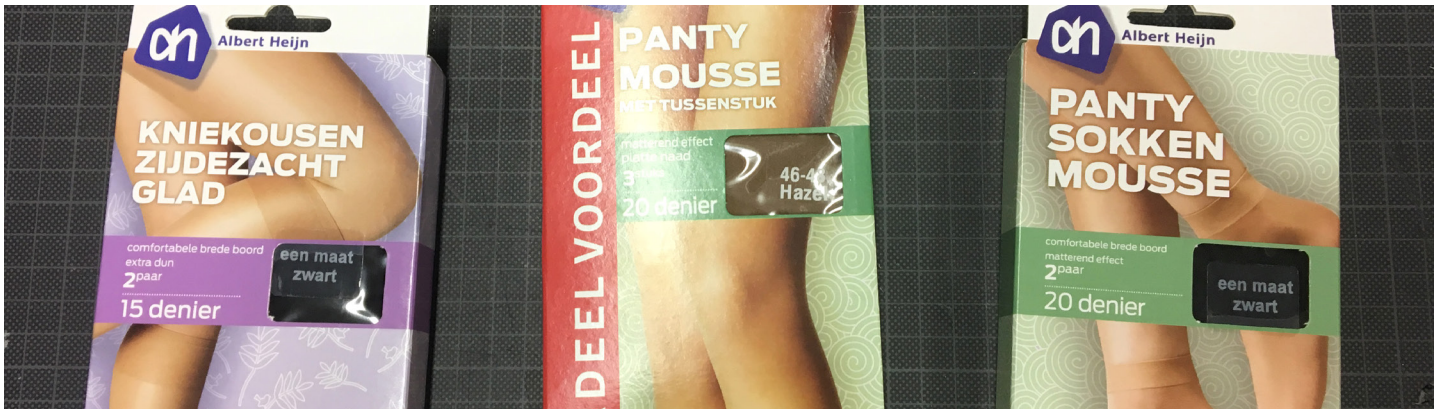
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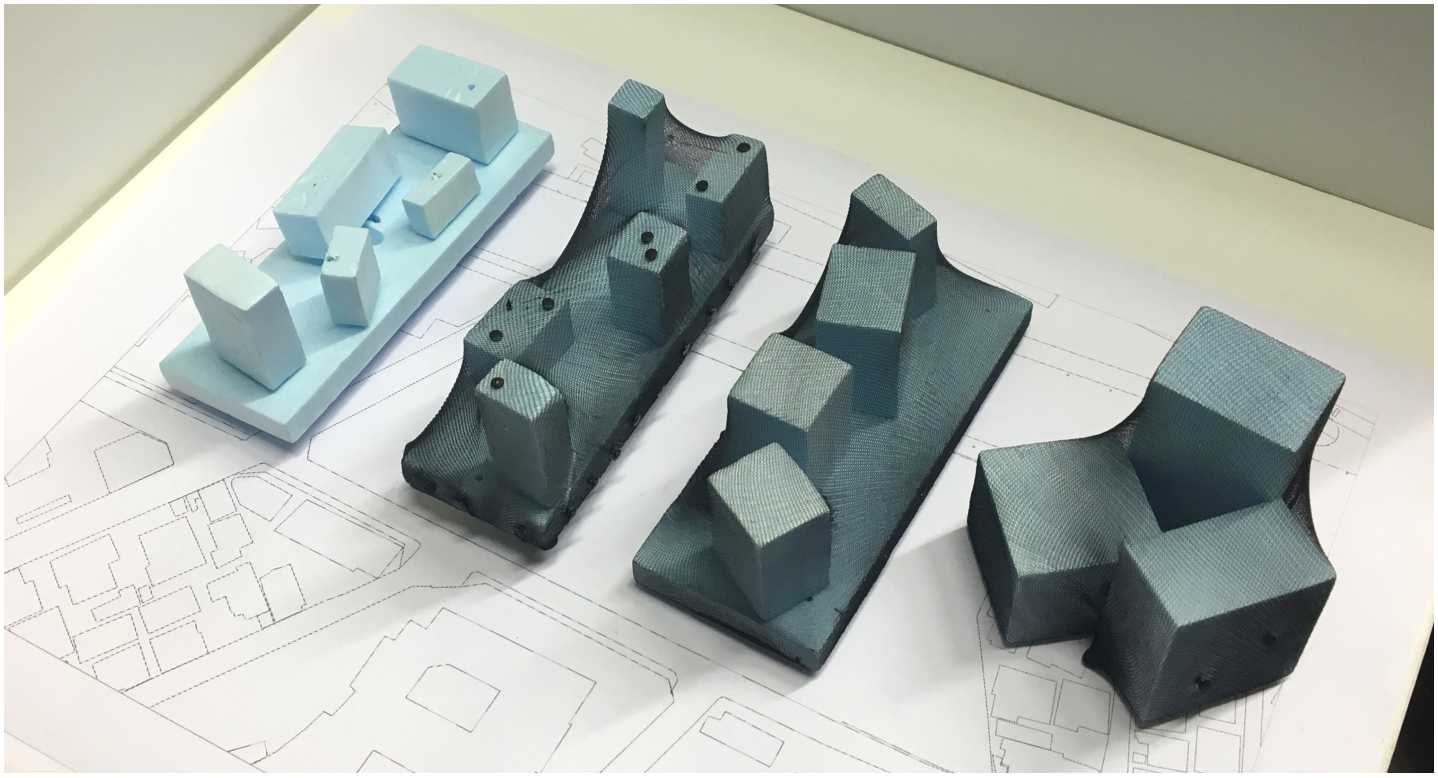

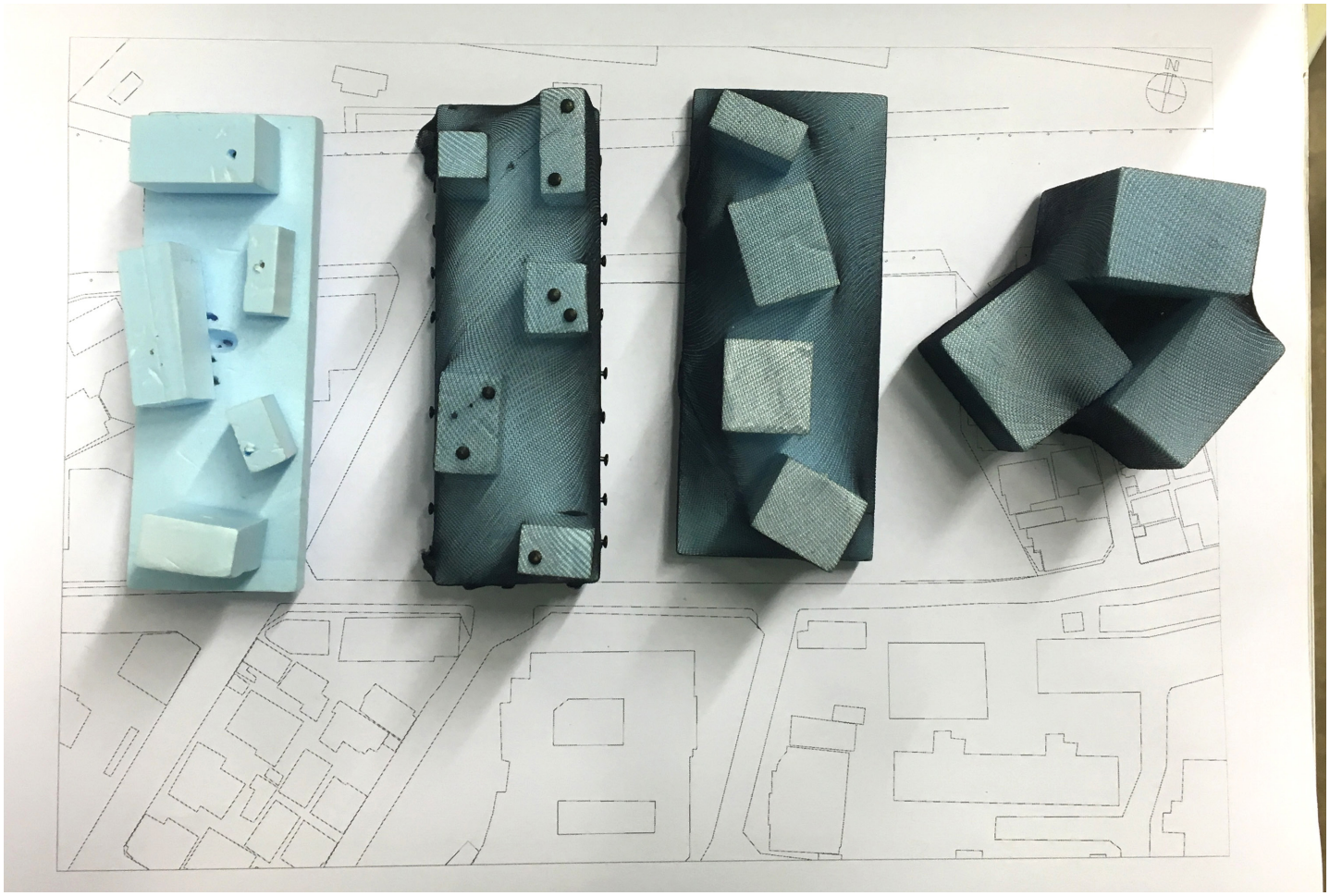

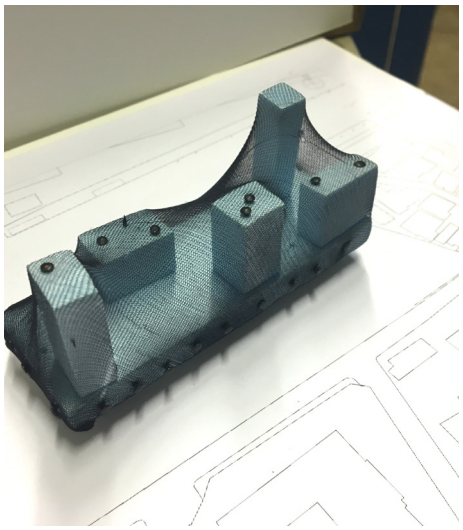
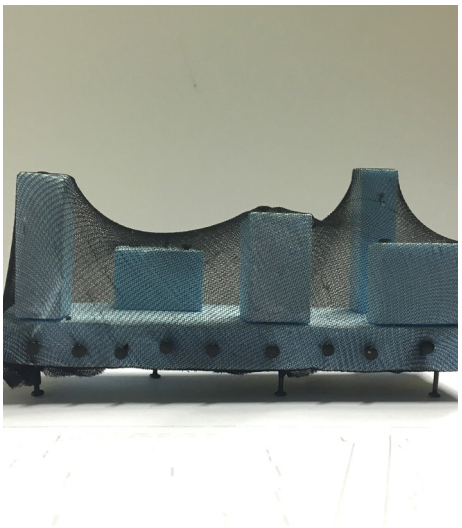
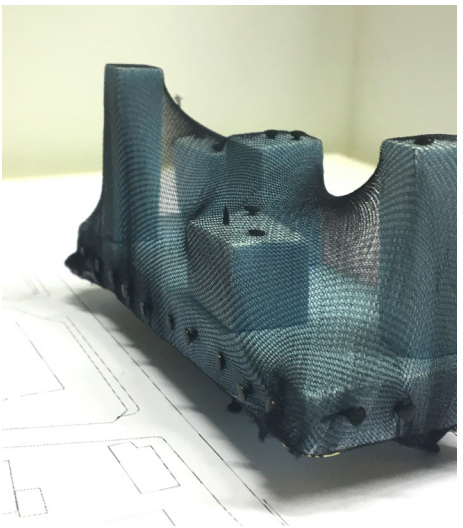
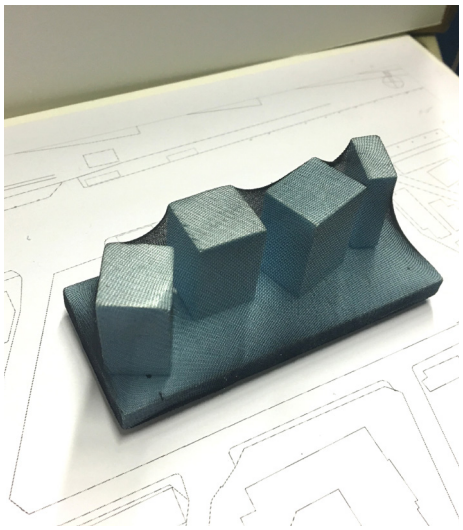
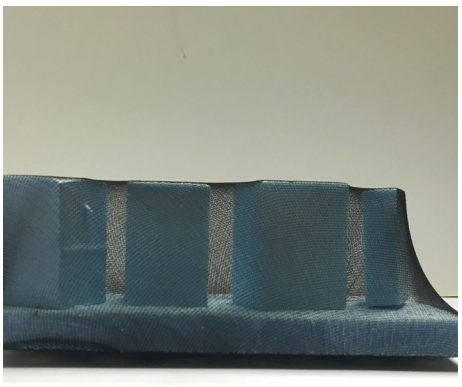



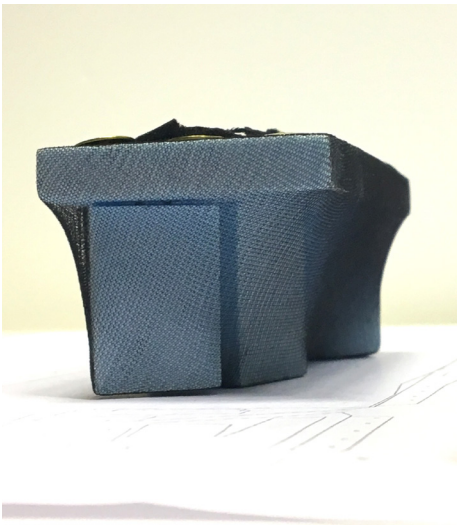
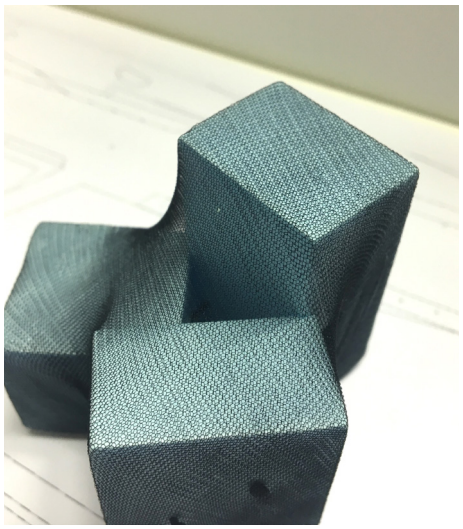
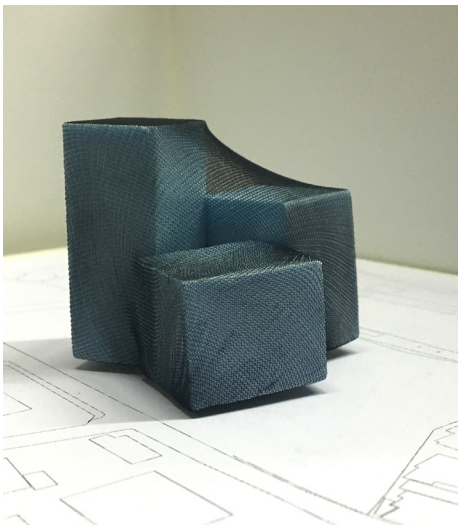
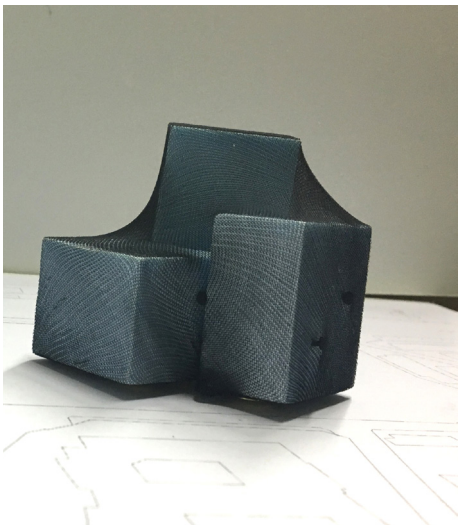

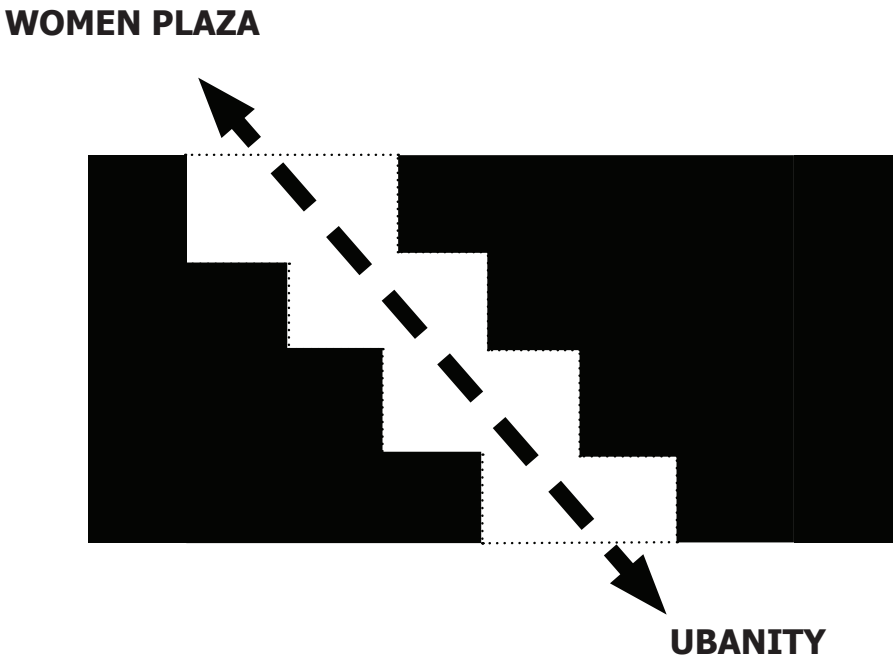
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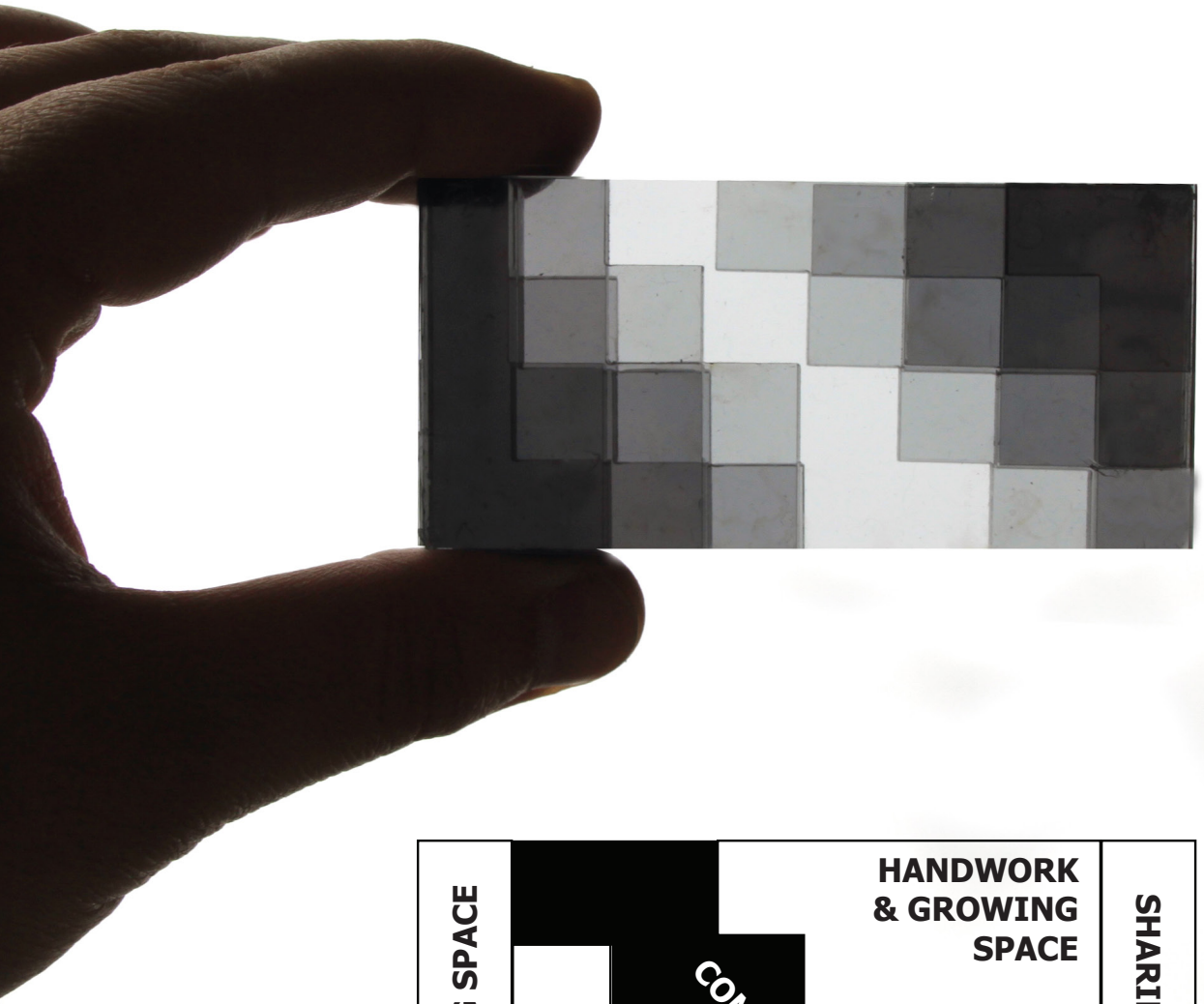
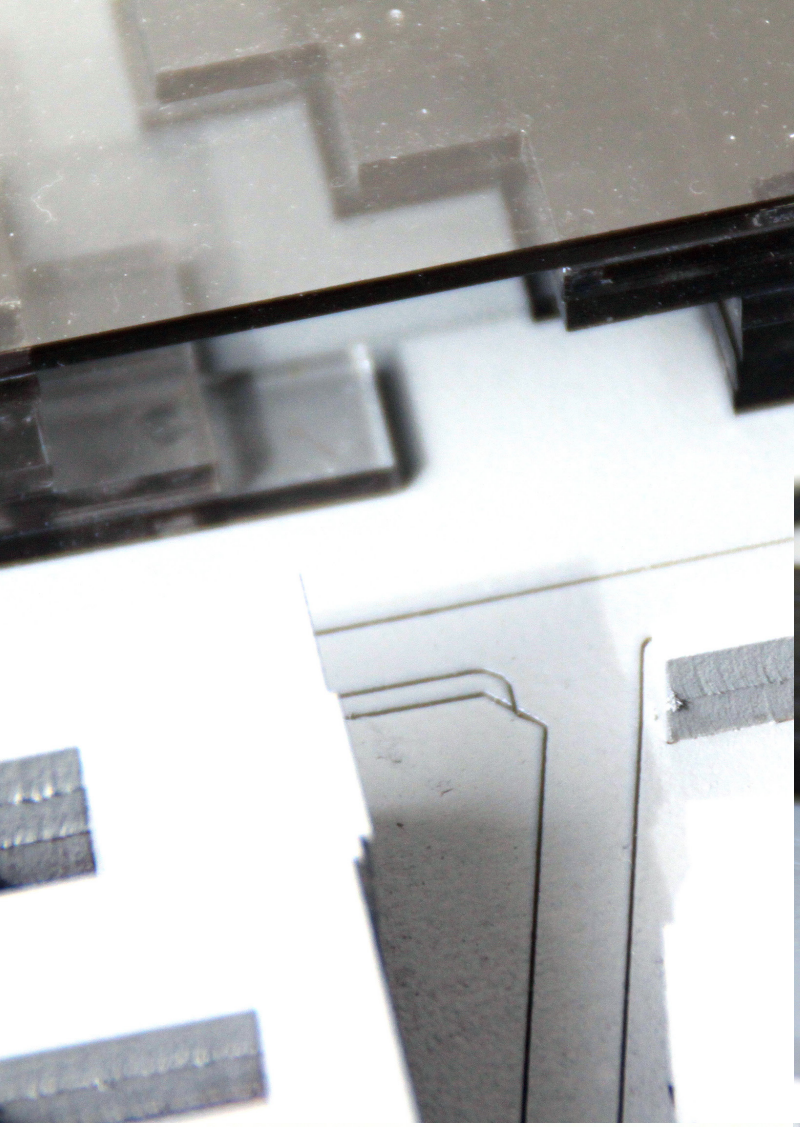
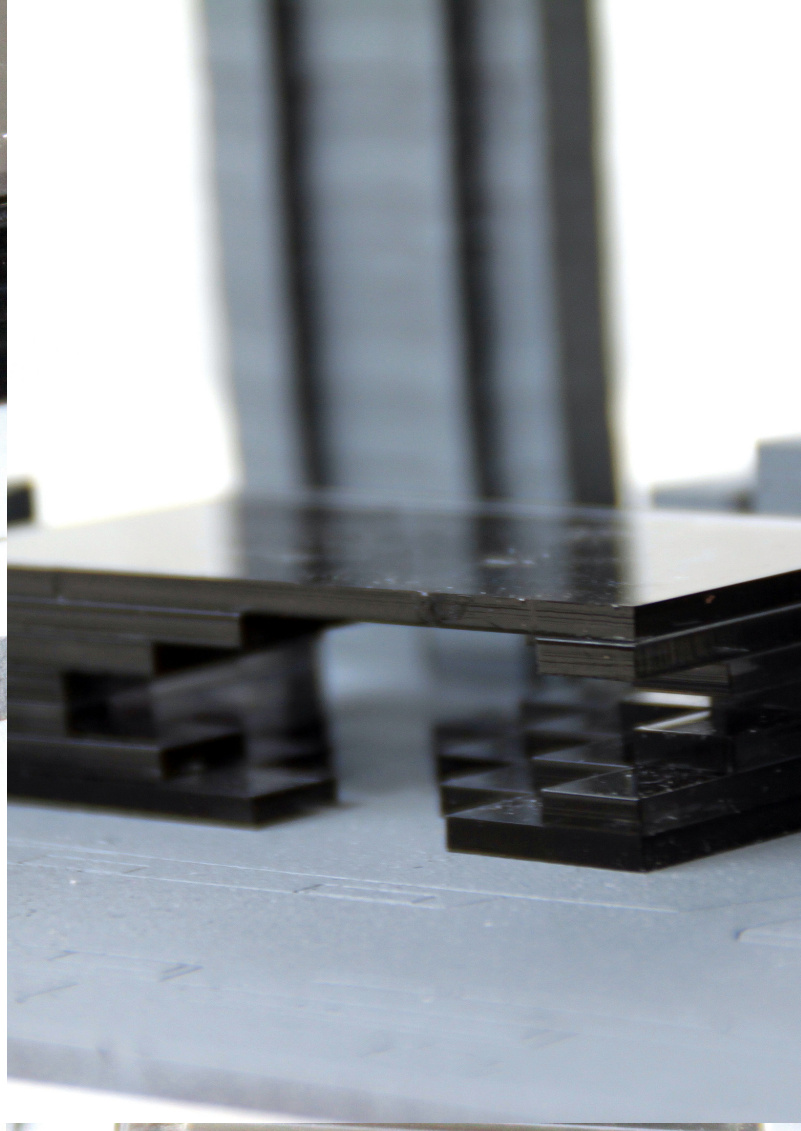
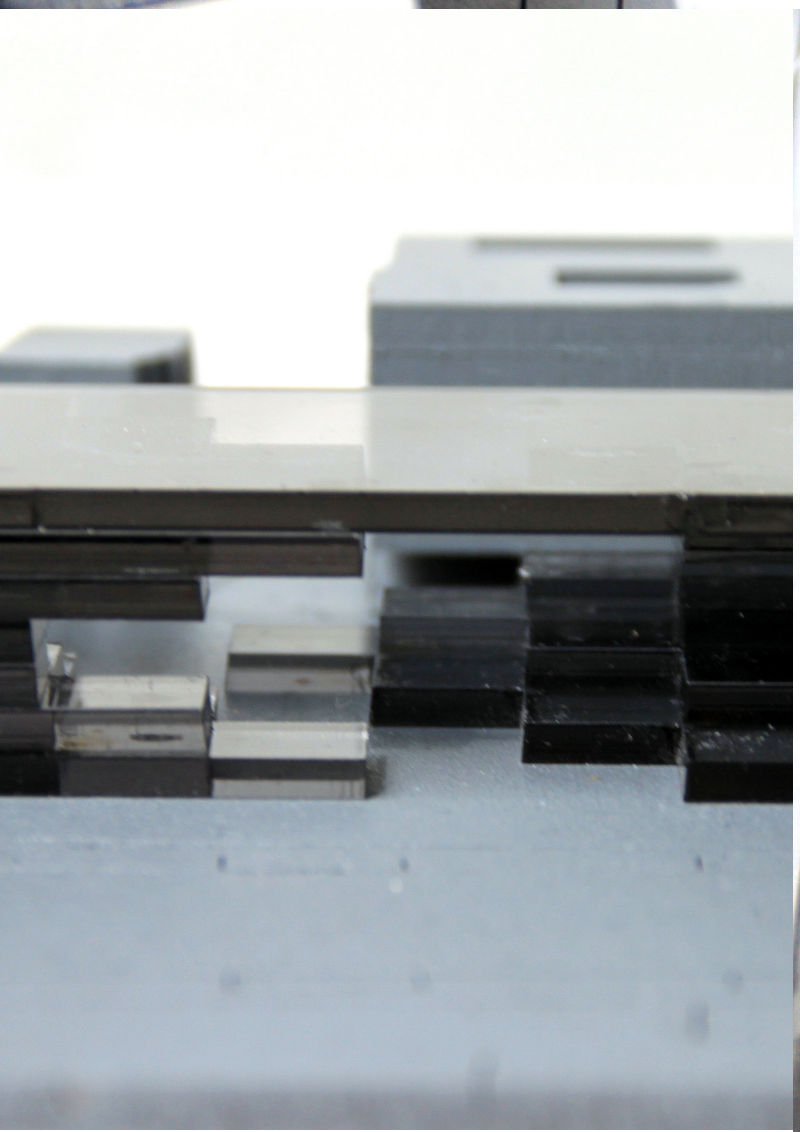
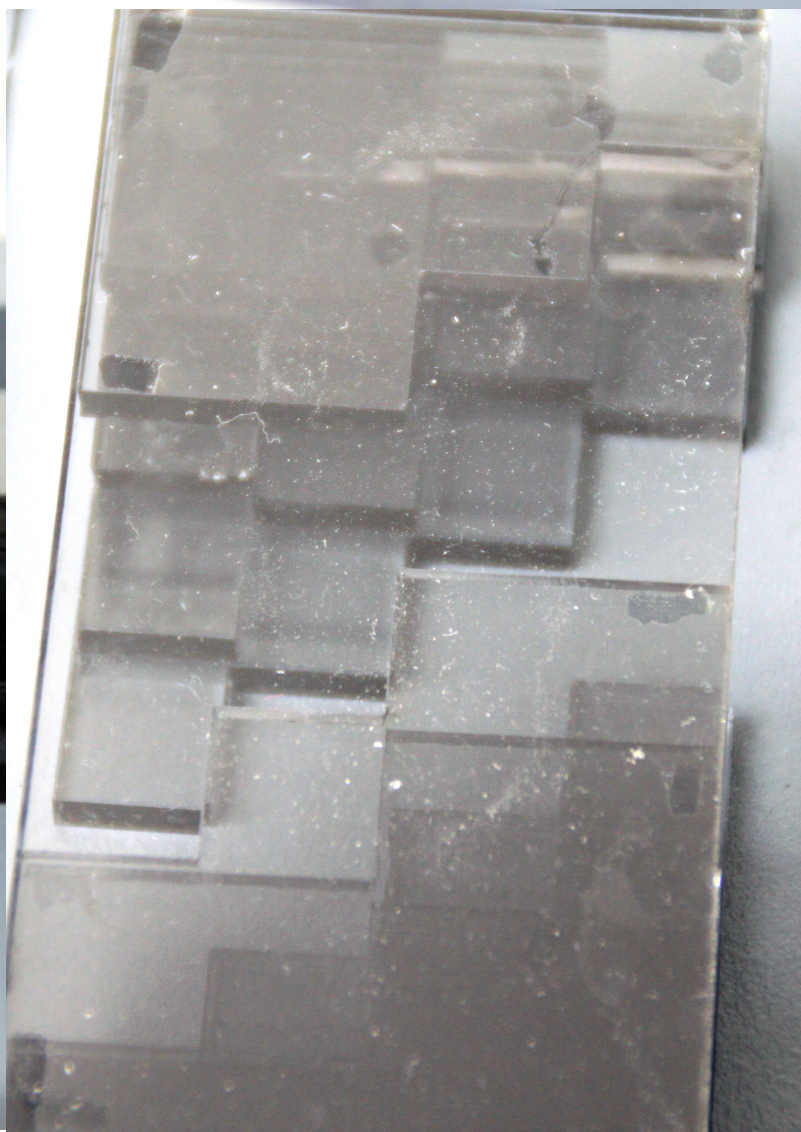


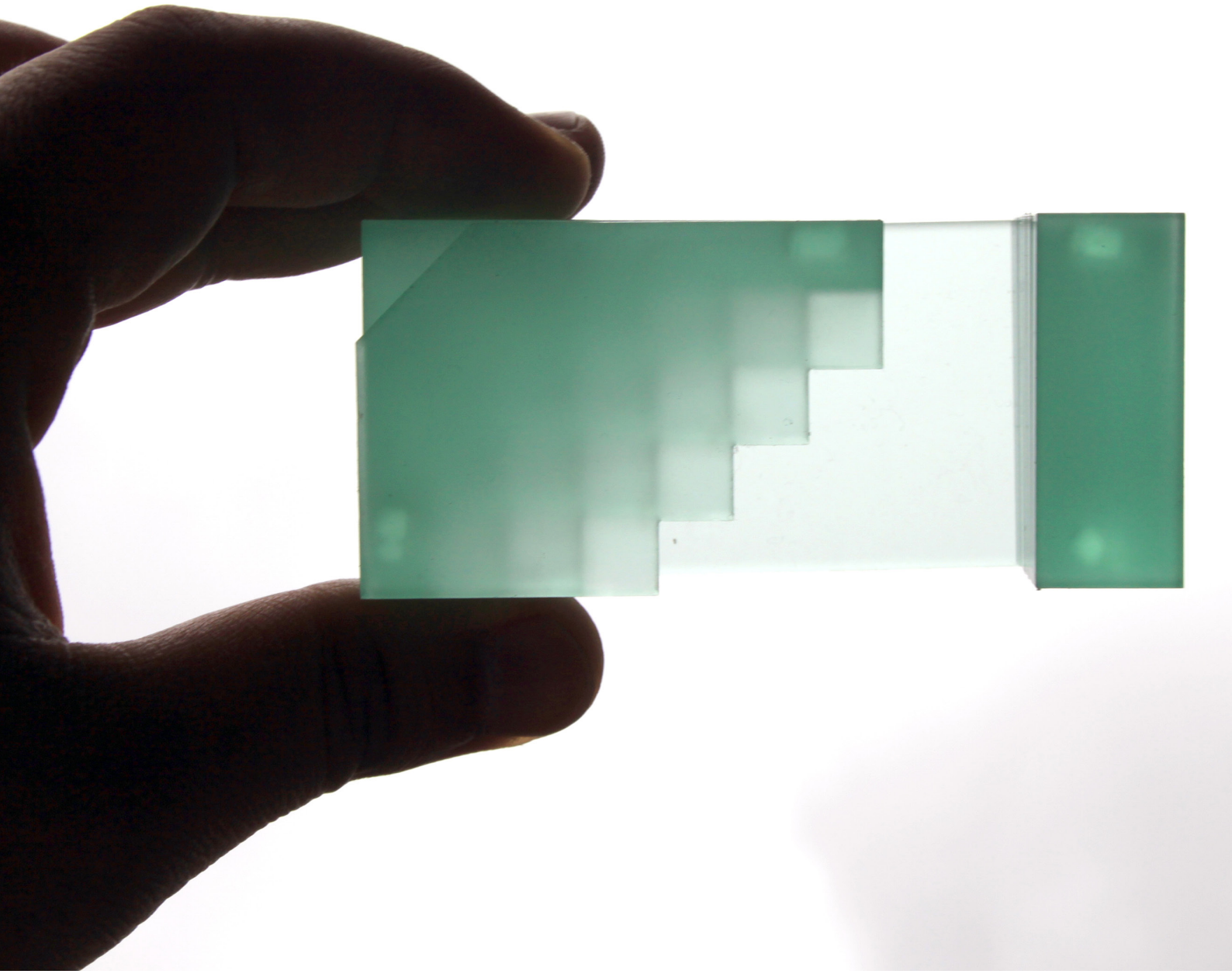

LEARNING SPACE
HANDWORK
& GROWING
SPACE
SHARING SPACE
COMMUNITY
FAMILY
SPACE

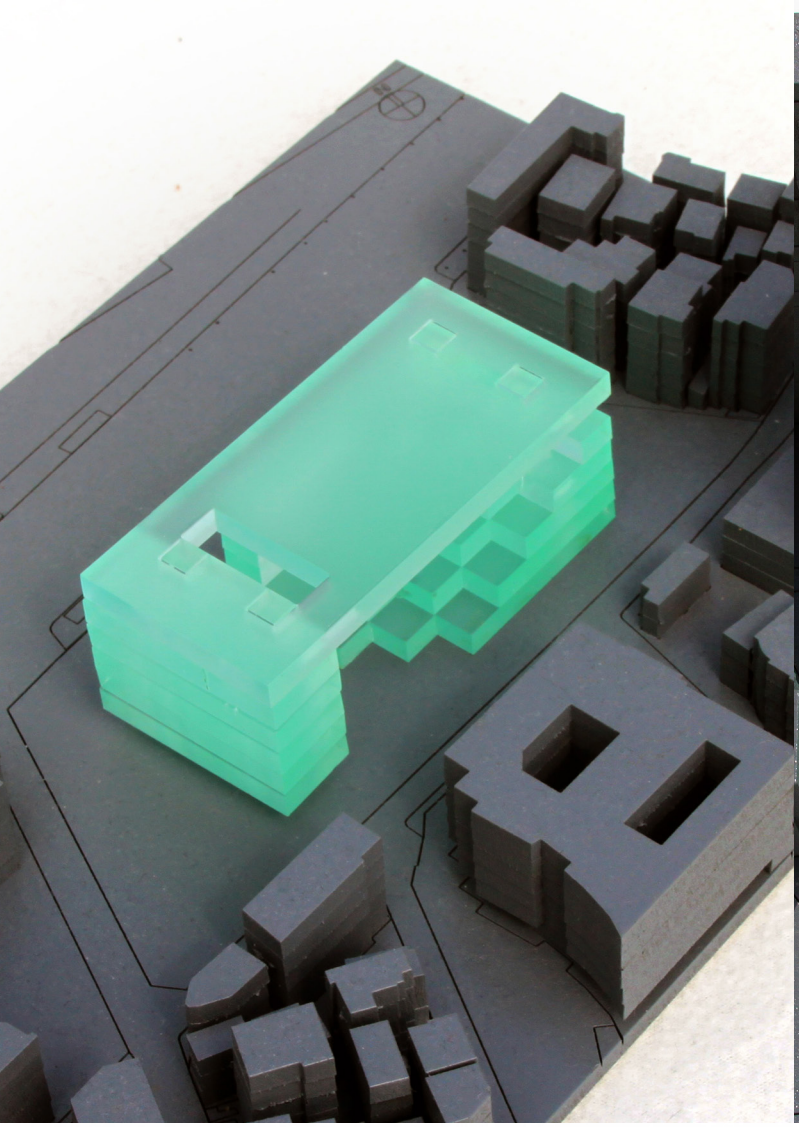
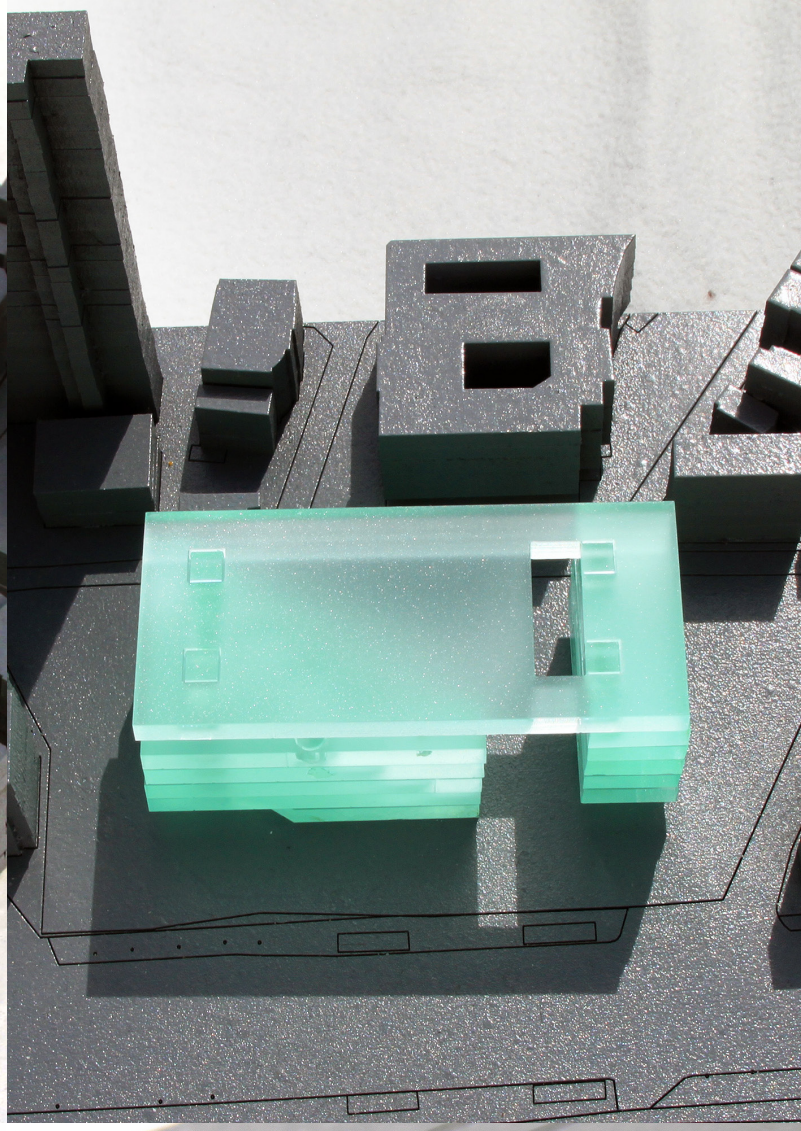
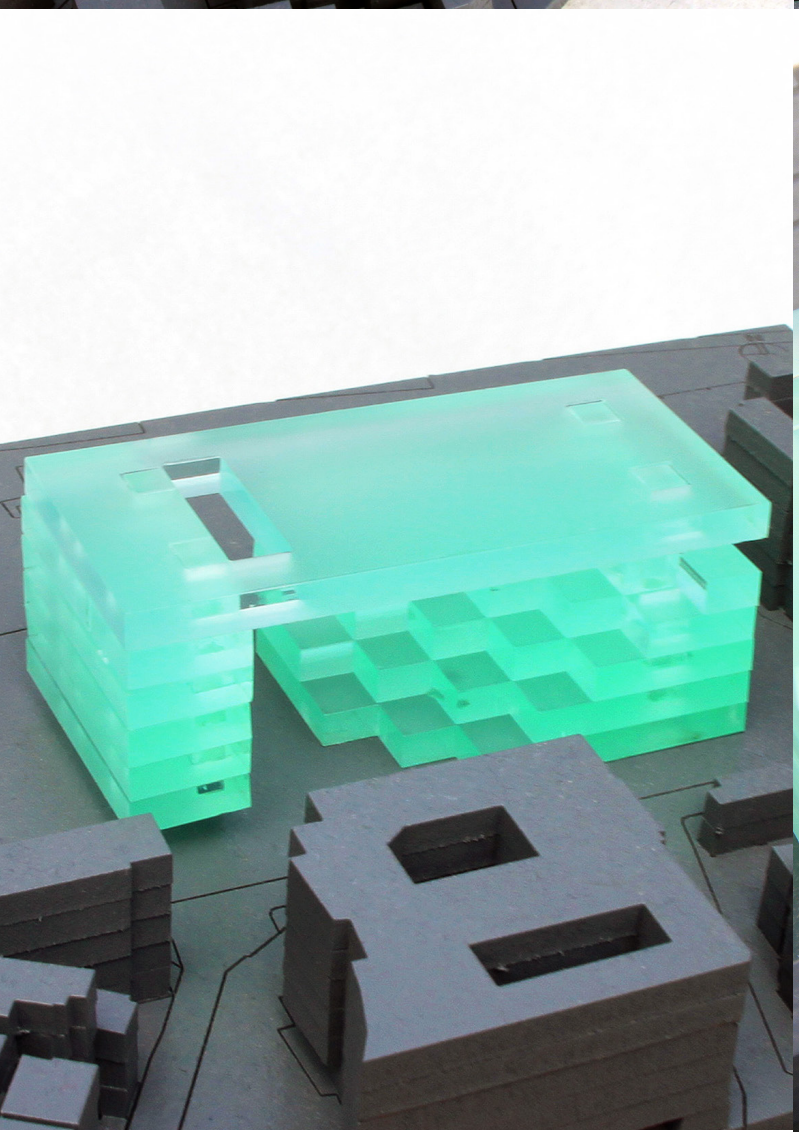
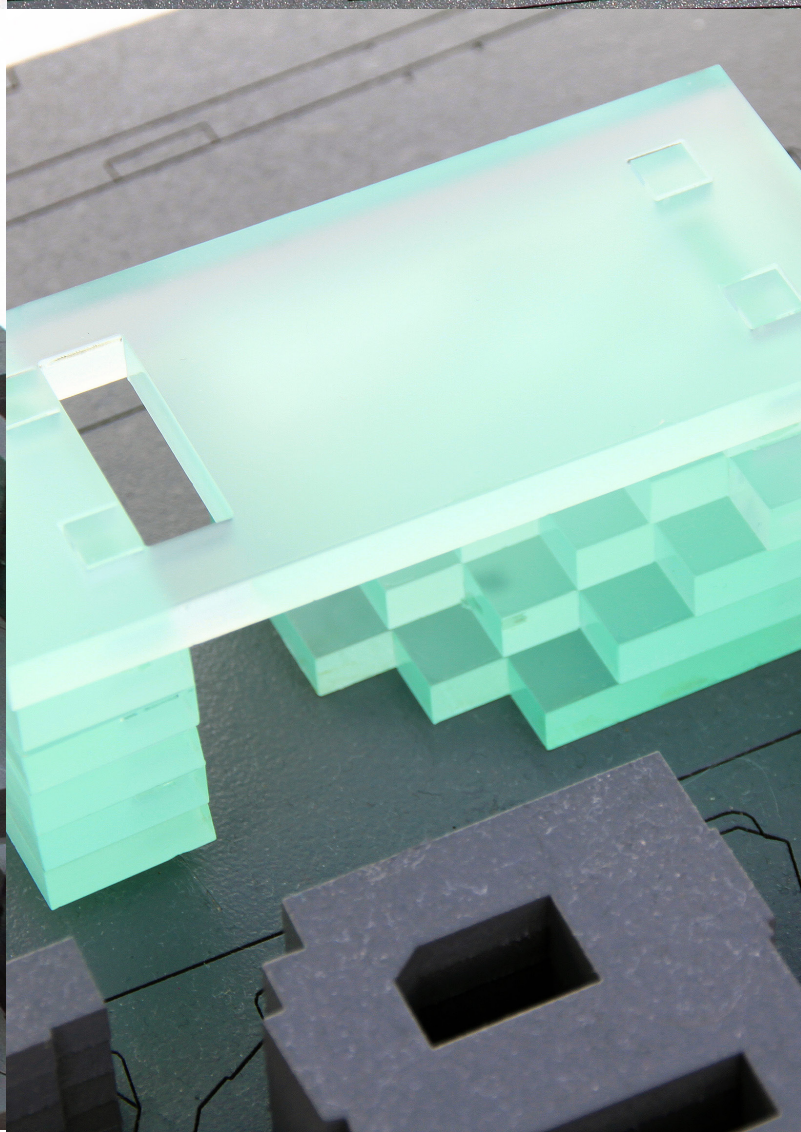


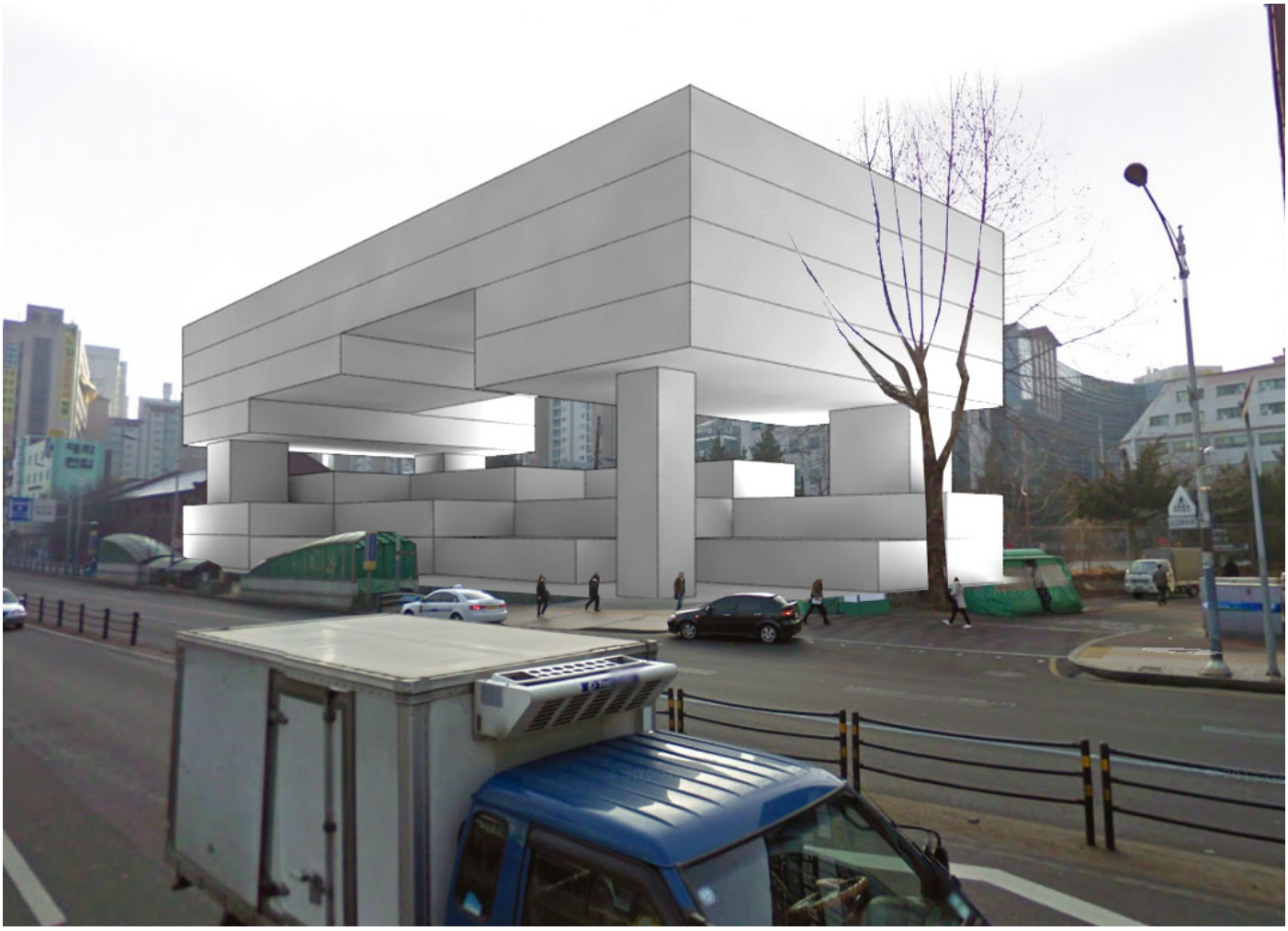


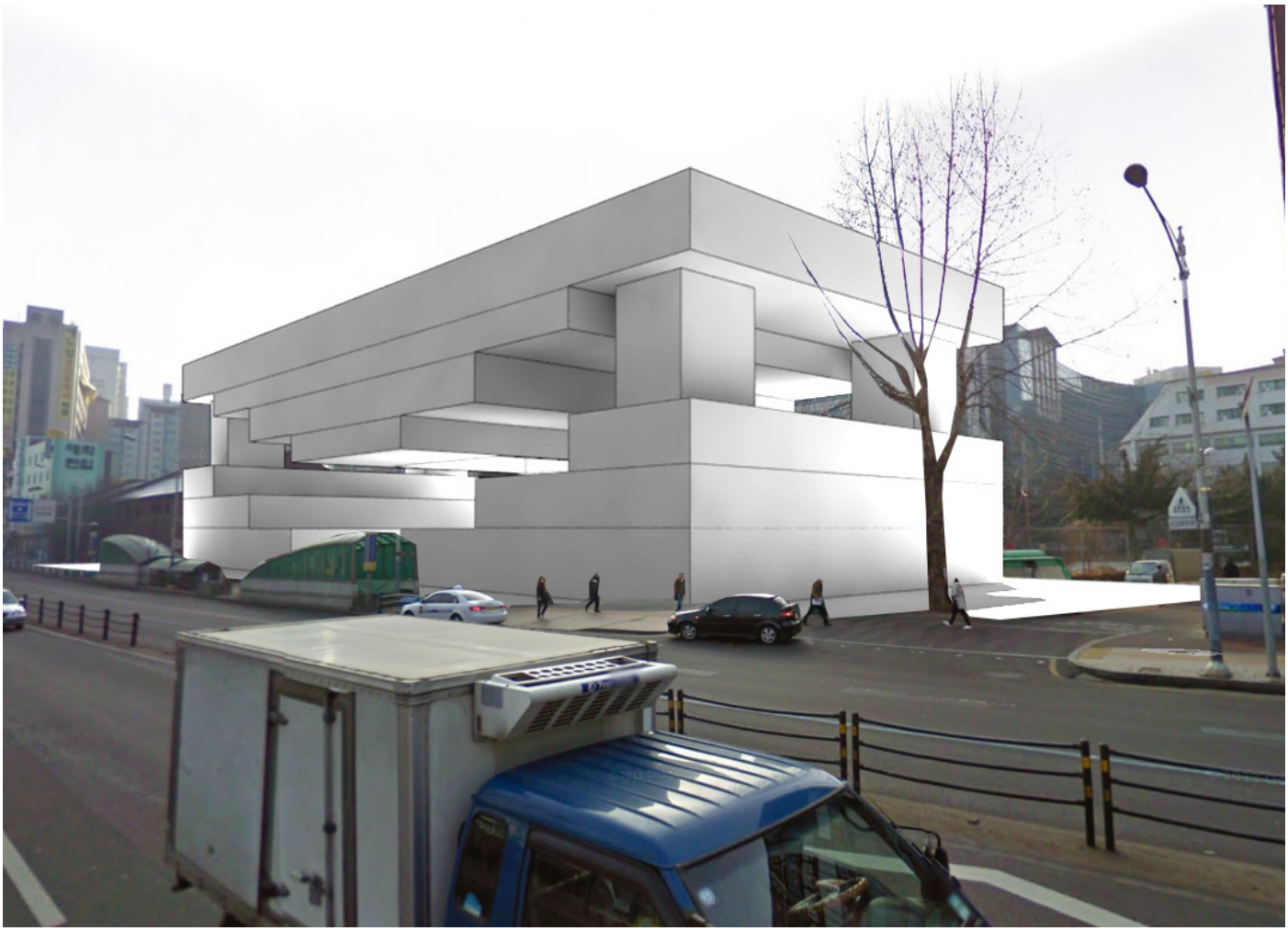




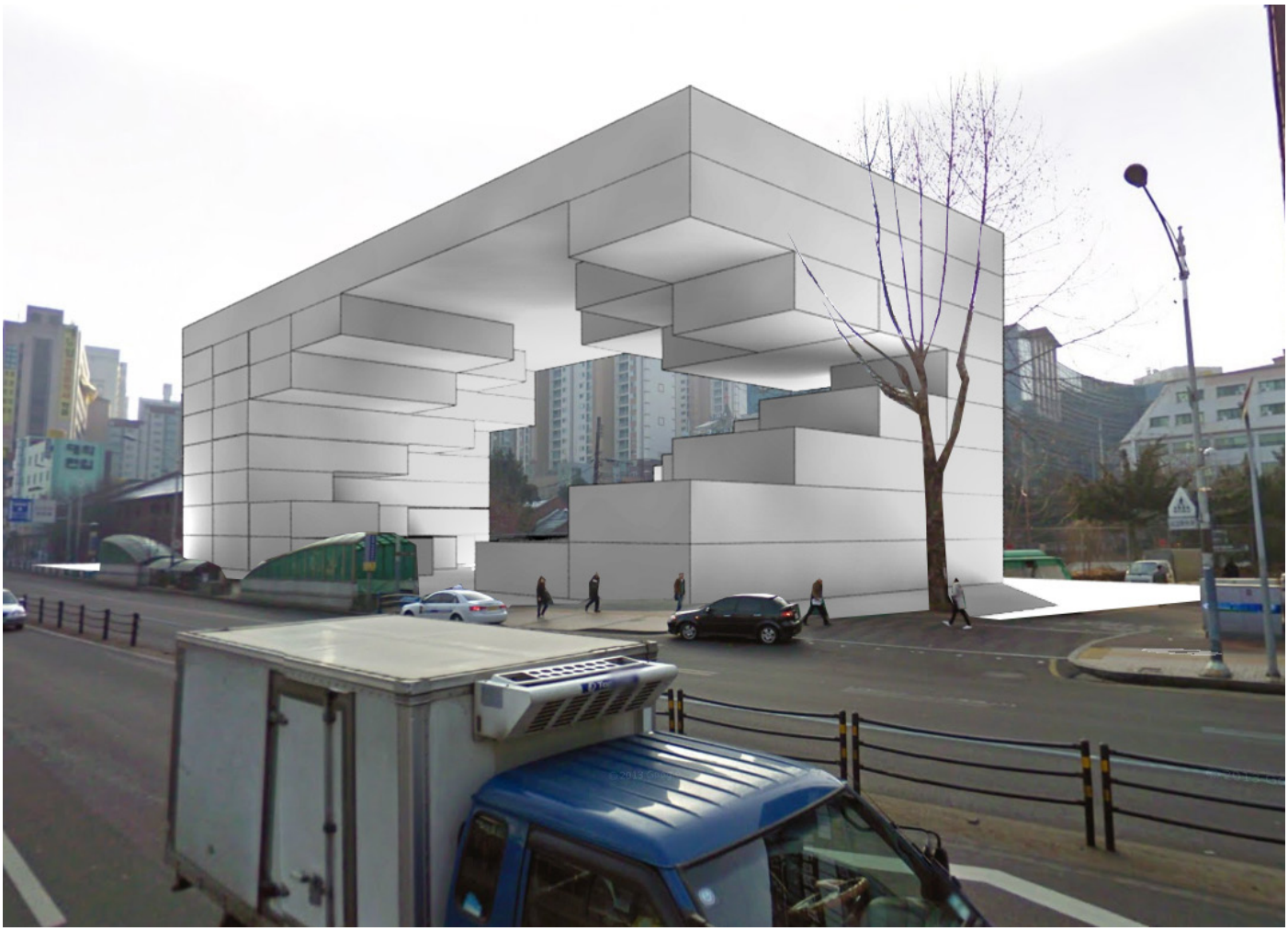








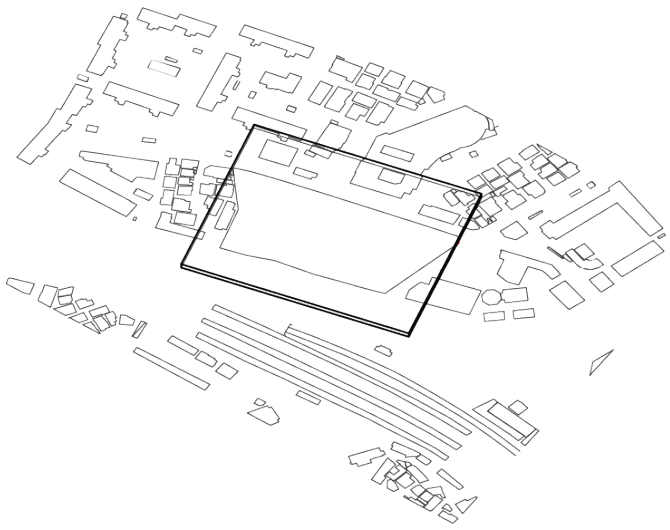


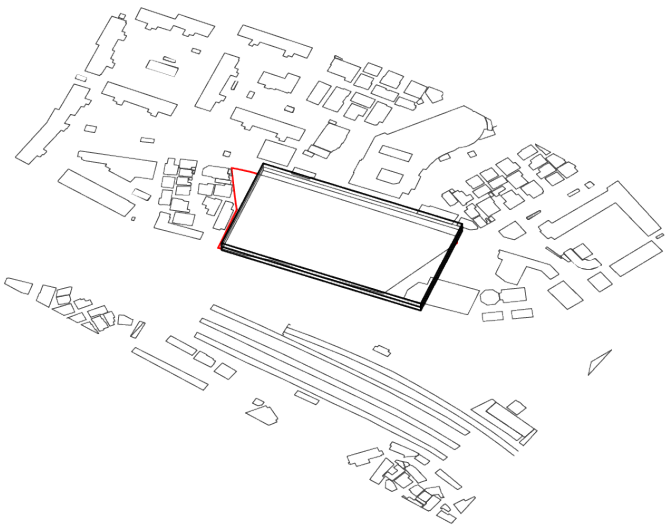


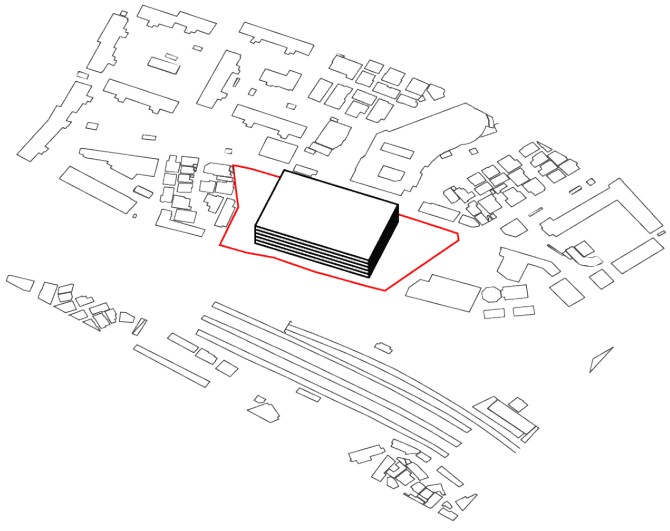


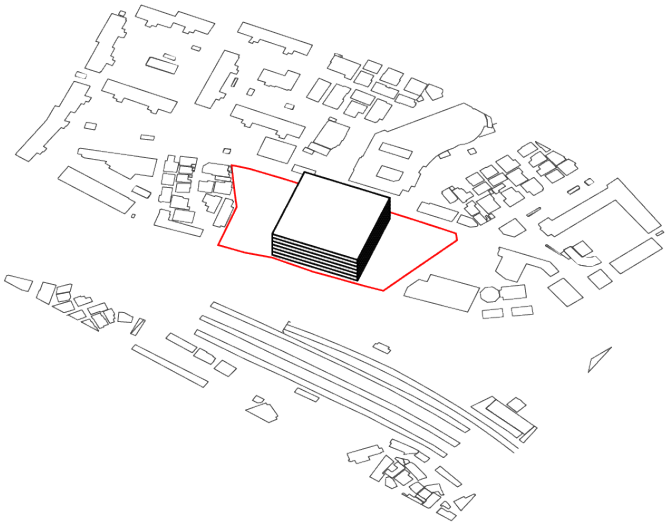
PART 4

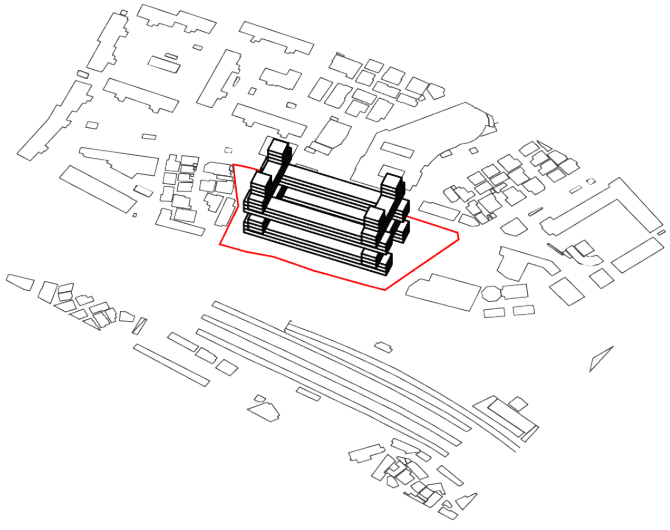
program

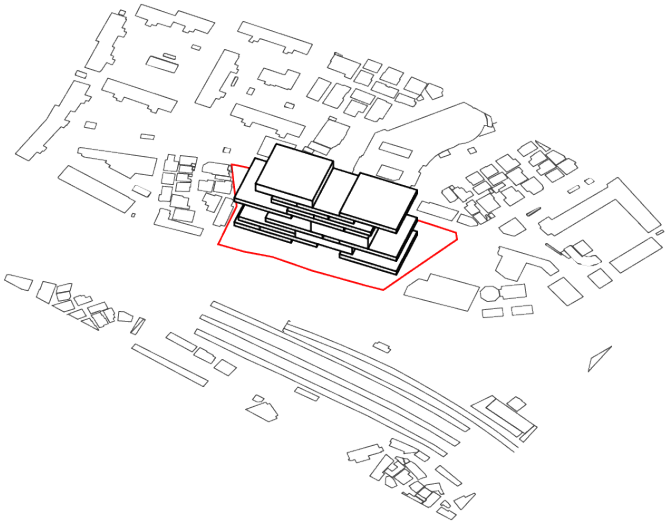


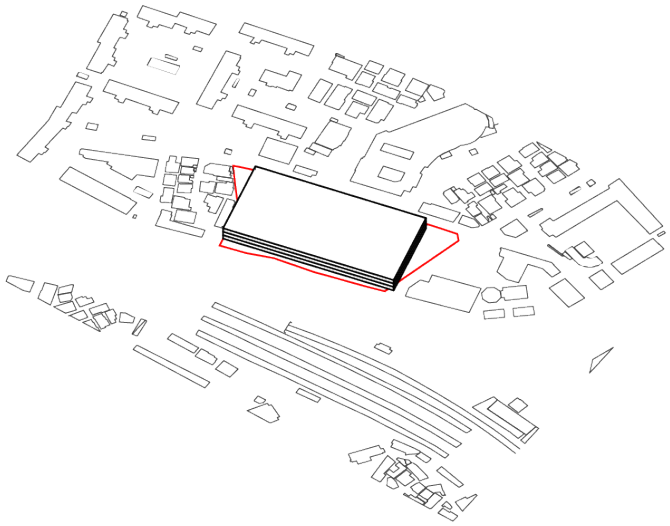


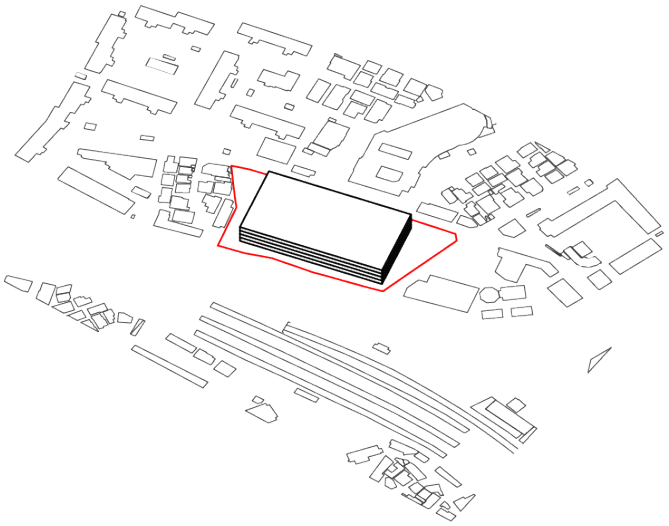


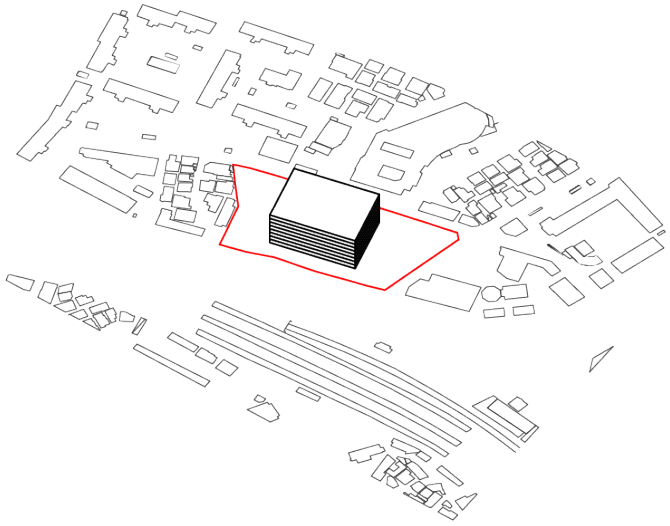


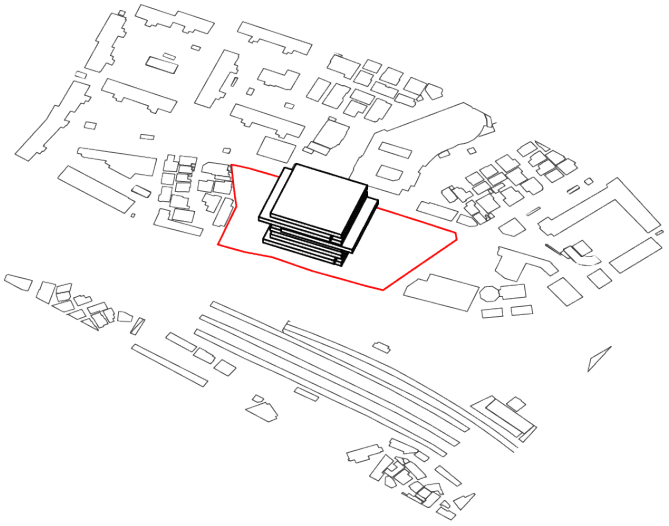




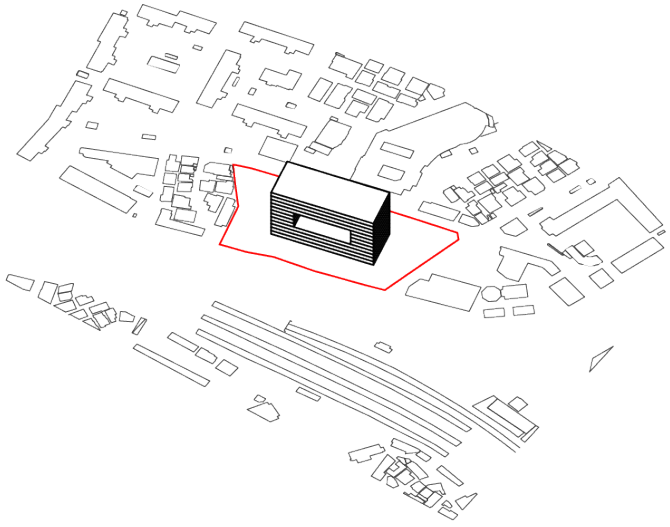


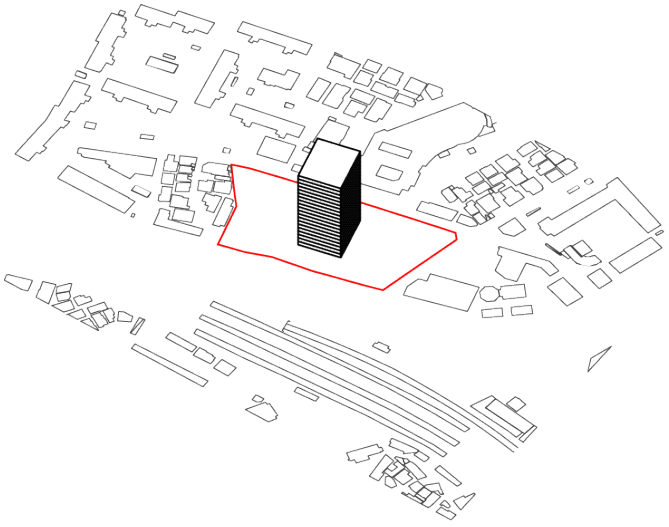


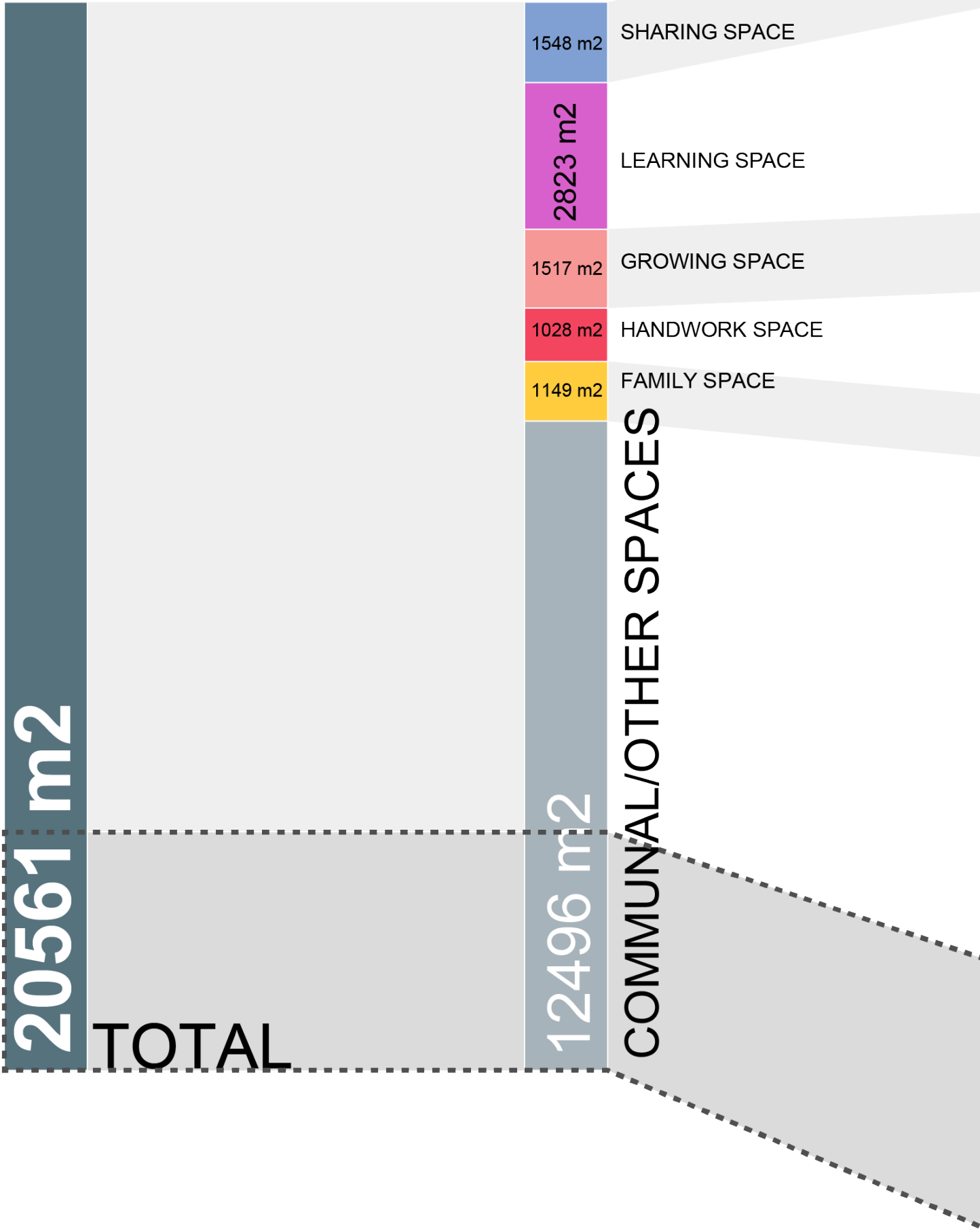




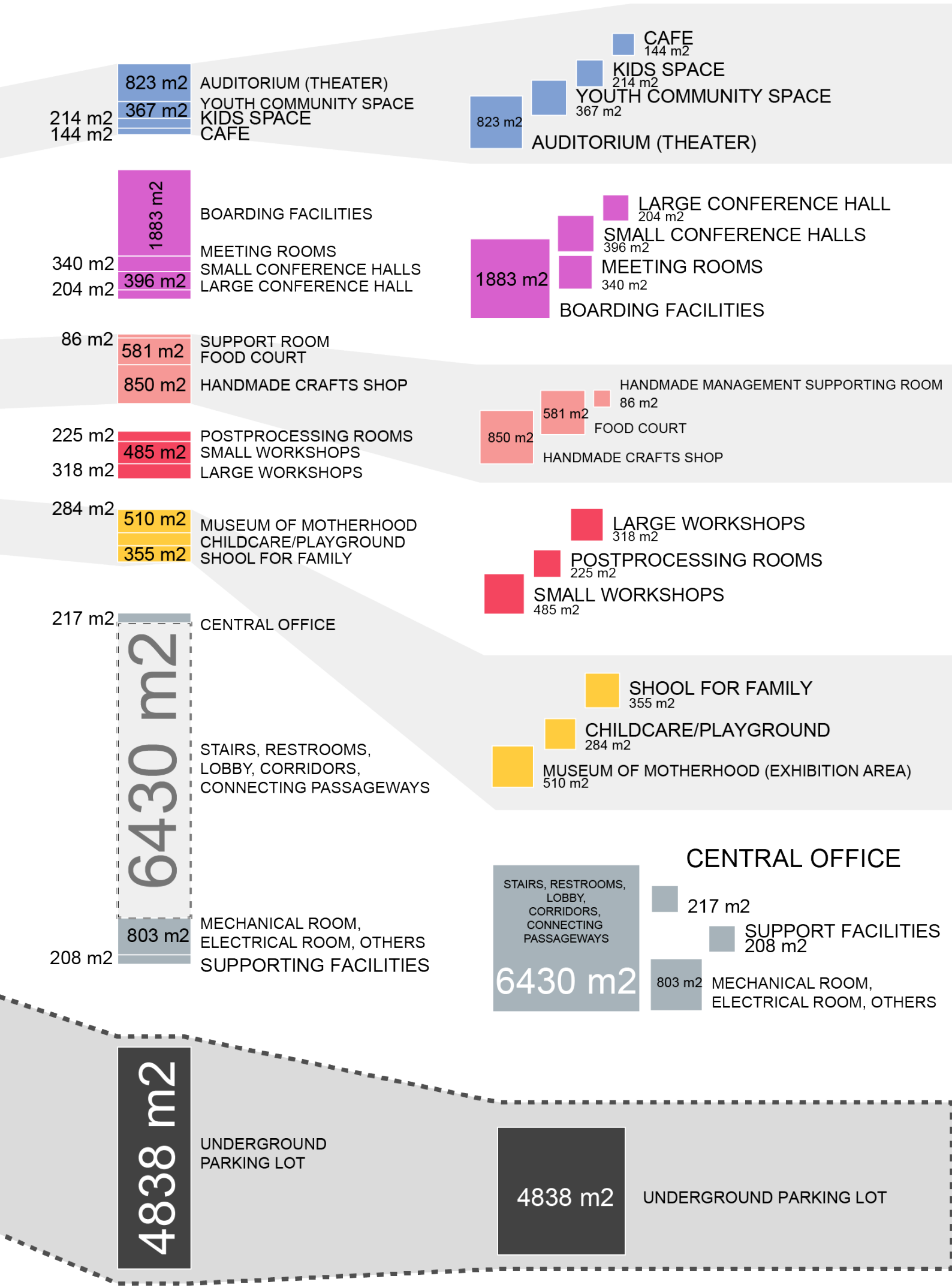
volumetric studies

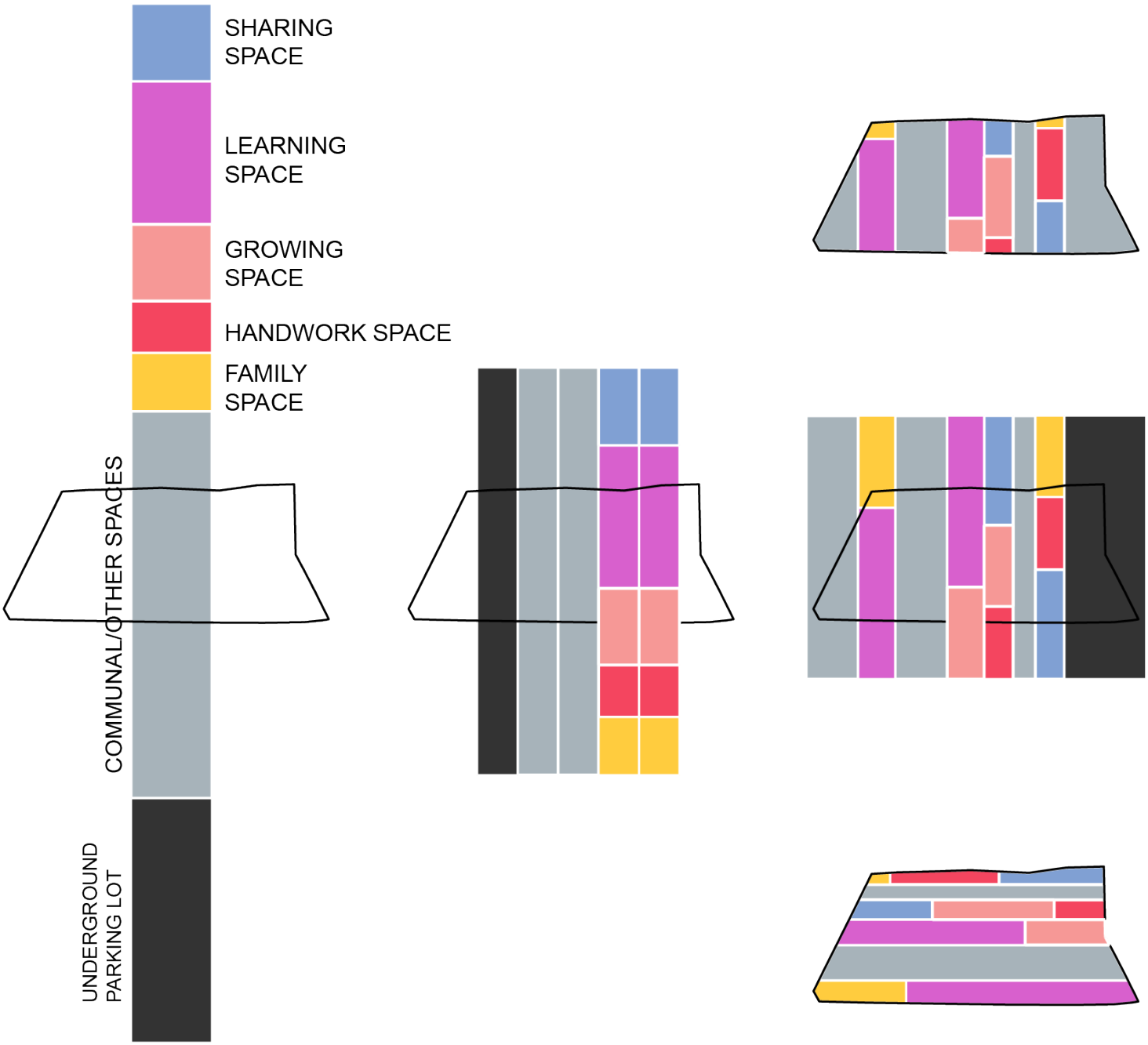




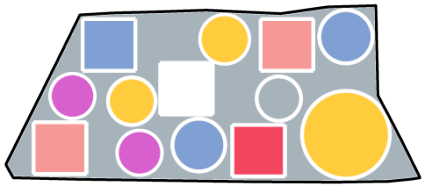
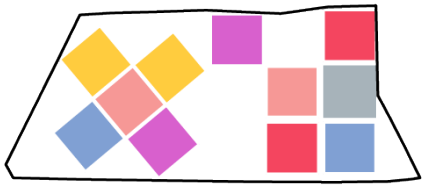
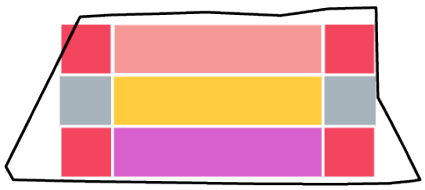
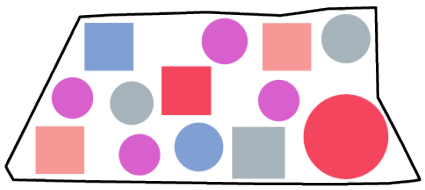
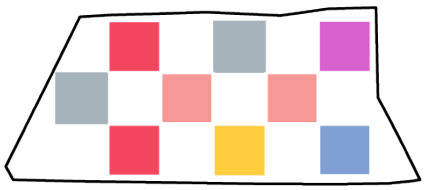
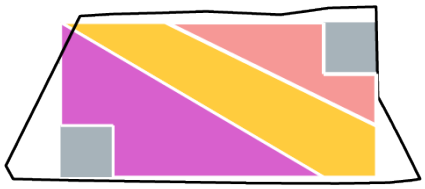
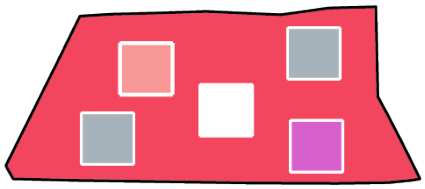
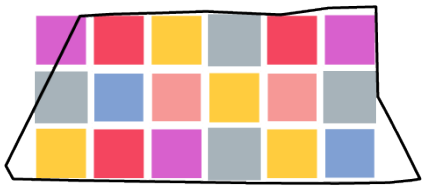
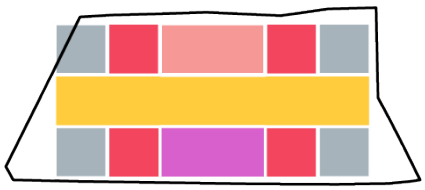
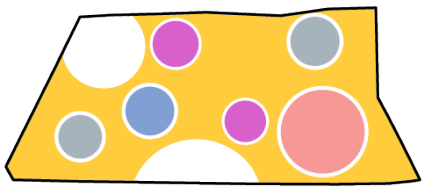
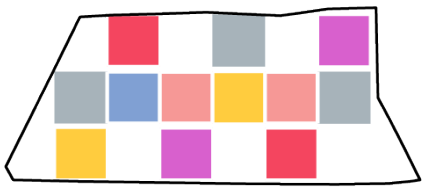
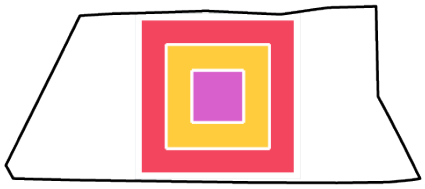
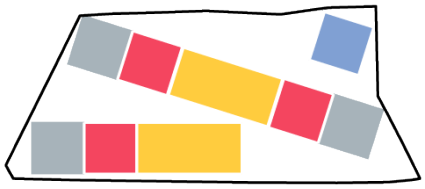
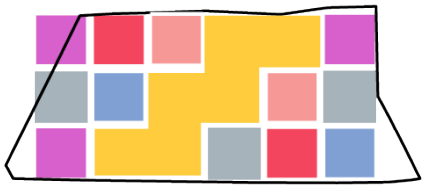


programmatic analysis


823 m2
AUDITORIUM (THEATER)
367 m2
YOUTH COMMUNITY SPACE
214 m2
KIDS SPACE
144 m2
CAFE
CAFE
144 m2
KIDS SPACE
214 m2
YOUTH COMMUNITY SPACE
367 m2
823 m2
AUDITORIUM (THEATER)
1883 m2
BOARDING FACILITIES
MEETING ROOMS
340 m2
SMALL CONFERENCE HALLS
396 m2
204 m2
LARGE CONFERENCE HALL
LARGE CONFERENCE HALL
204 m2
SMALL CONFERENCE HALLS
396 m2
MEETING ROOMS
340 m2
1883 m2
BOARDING FACILITIES
86 m2
SUPPORT ROOM
581 m2
FOOD COURT
850 m2
HANDMADE CRAFTS SHOP
HANDMADE MANAGEMENT SUPPORTING ROOM
86 m2
581 m2
FOOD COURT
850 m2
HANDMADE CRAFTS SHOP
225 m2
POSTPROCESSING ROOMS
485 m2
SMALL WORKSHOPS
318 m2
LARGE WORKSHOPS
284 m2
510 m2
MUSEUM OF MOTHERHOOD
CHILDCARE/PLAYGROUND
355 m2
SHOOL FOR FAMILY
LARGE WORKSHOPS
318 m2
POSTPROCESSING ROOMS
225 m2
SMALL WORKSHOPS
485 m2
SHOOL FOR FAMILY
355 m2
CHILDCARE/PLAYGROUND
284 m2
MUSEUM OF MOTHERHOOD (EXHIBITION AREA)
510 m2
217 m2
CENTRAL OFFICE
6430 m2
STAIRS, RESTROOMS,
LOBBY, CORRIDORS,
CONNECTING PASSAGEWAYS
803 m2
MECHANICAL ROOM,
ELECTRICAL ROOM, OTHERS
208 m2
SUPPORTING FACILITIES
CENTRAL OFFICE
STAIRS, RESTROOMS,
LOBBY,
CORRIDORS,
CONNECTING
PASSAGEWAYS
6430 m2
217 m2
SUPPORT FACILITIES
208 m2
803 m2
MECHANICAL ROOM,
ELECTRICAL ROOM, OTHERS
4838 m2
UNDERGROUND
PARKING LOT
4838 m2
UNDERGROUND PARKING LOT



programmatic schemes

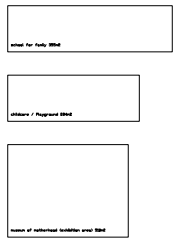
















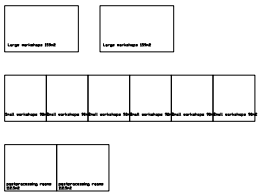
FAMILY SPACE

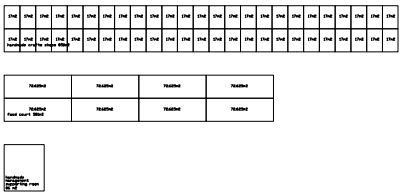
HANDWORK SPACE

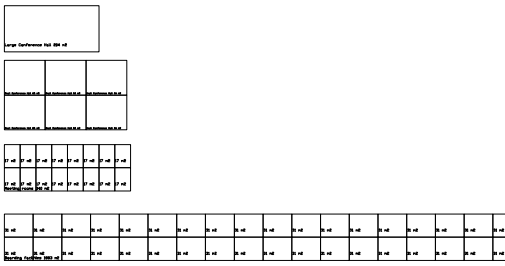
GROWING SPACE

LEARNING CENTER





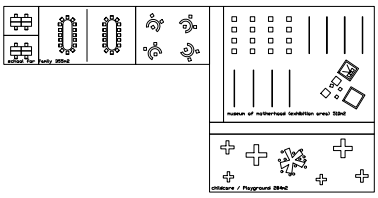


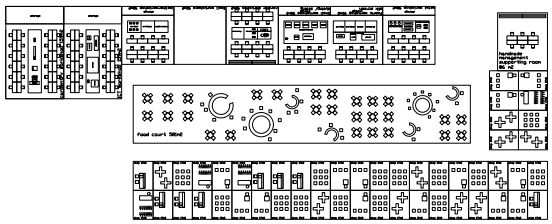


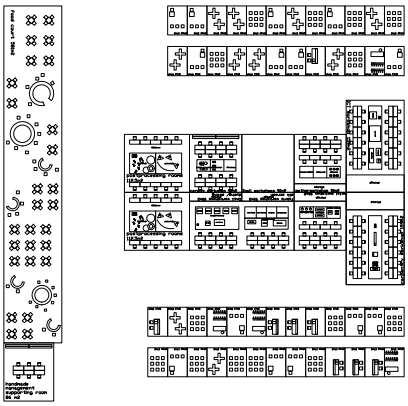
FAMILY SPACE

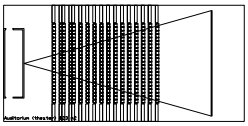
HANDWORK SPACE

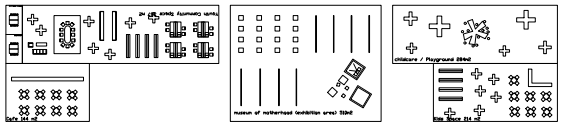
GROWING SPA

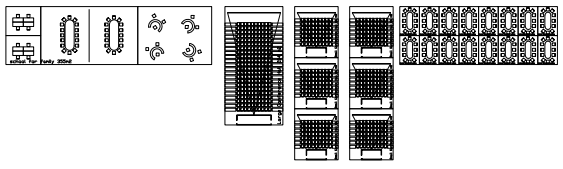






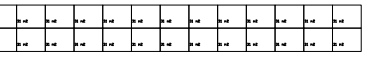






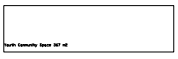
SHARING SPACE

COMMUNAL / OTHER SPACES





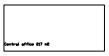


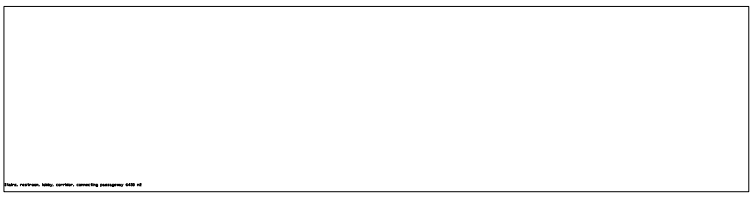










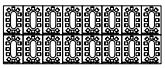


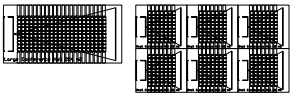


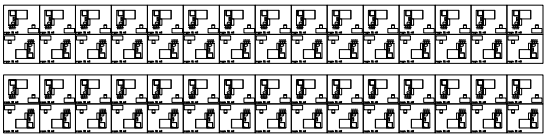
ACE

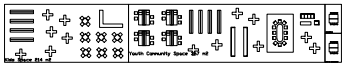
LEARNING CENTER

SHARING SPACE

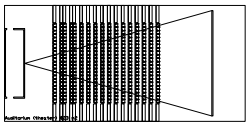




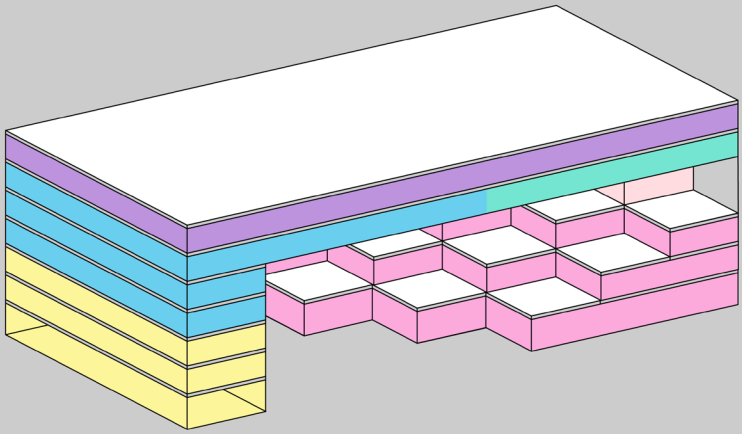


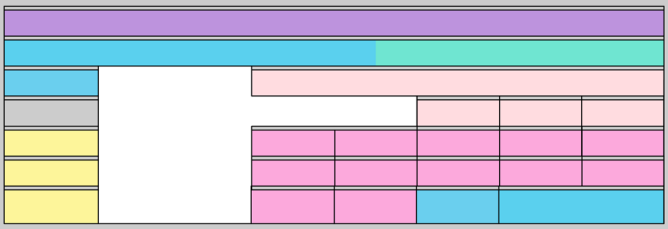






URBAN PIXELATED AMPHITHEATER





1.149 m² FAMILY SPACE

1.119 m² HANDWORK SPACE

1.517 m² GROWING SPACE

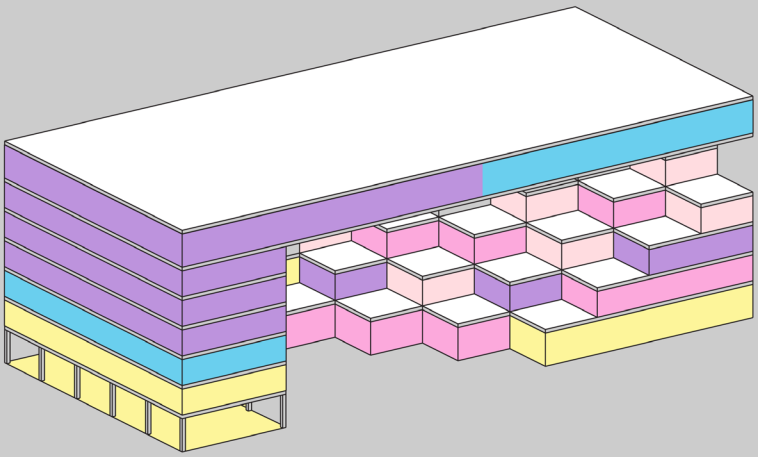
2.732 m² LEARNING CENTER

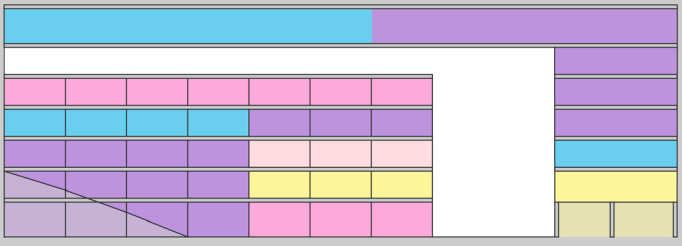
1.548m² SHARING SPACE

1.224m² COMMUNAL SPACE

6.632m² CIRCULATION

URBAN PIXELATED AMPHITHEATER STRIPES





1.149 m² FAMILY SPACE

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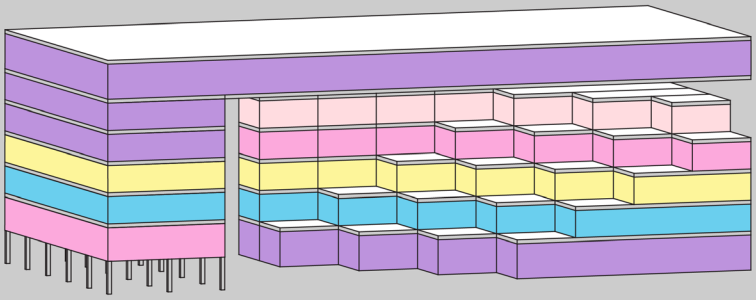
2.732 m² LEARNING CENTER

1.548m² SHARING SPACE

6.632m² CIRCULATION

1.224m² COMMUNAL SPACE

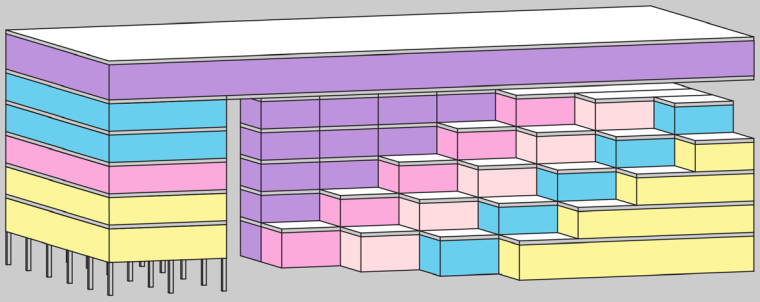
URBAN PIXELATED AMPHITHEATER
HORIZONTAL ZONING



1.149 m²	1.119 m²	1.517 m²	2.732 m²	1.548m²
FAMILY SPACE	HANDWORK SPACE	GROWING SPACE	LEARNING CENTER	SHARING SPACE

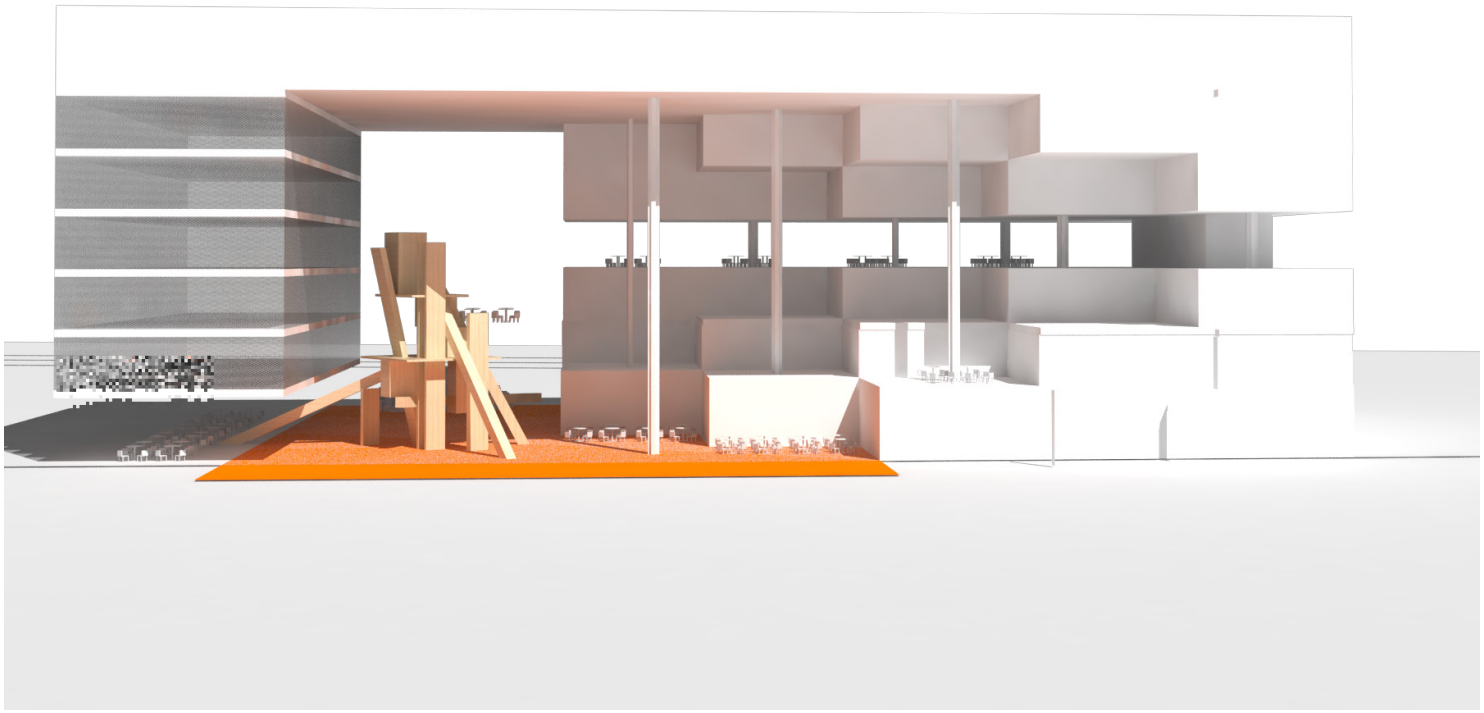
6.632m²	1.224m²
CIRCULATION	COMMUNAL SPACE

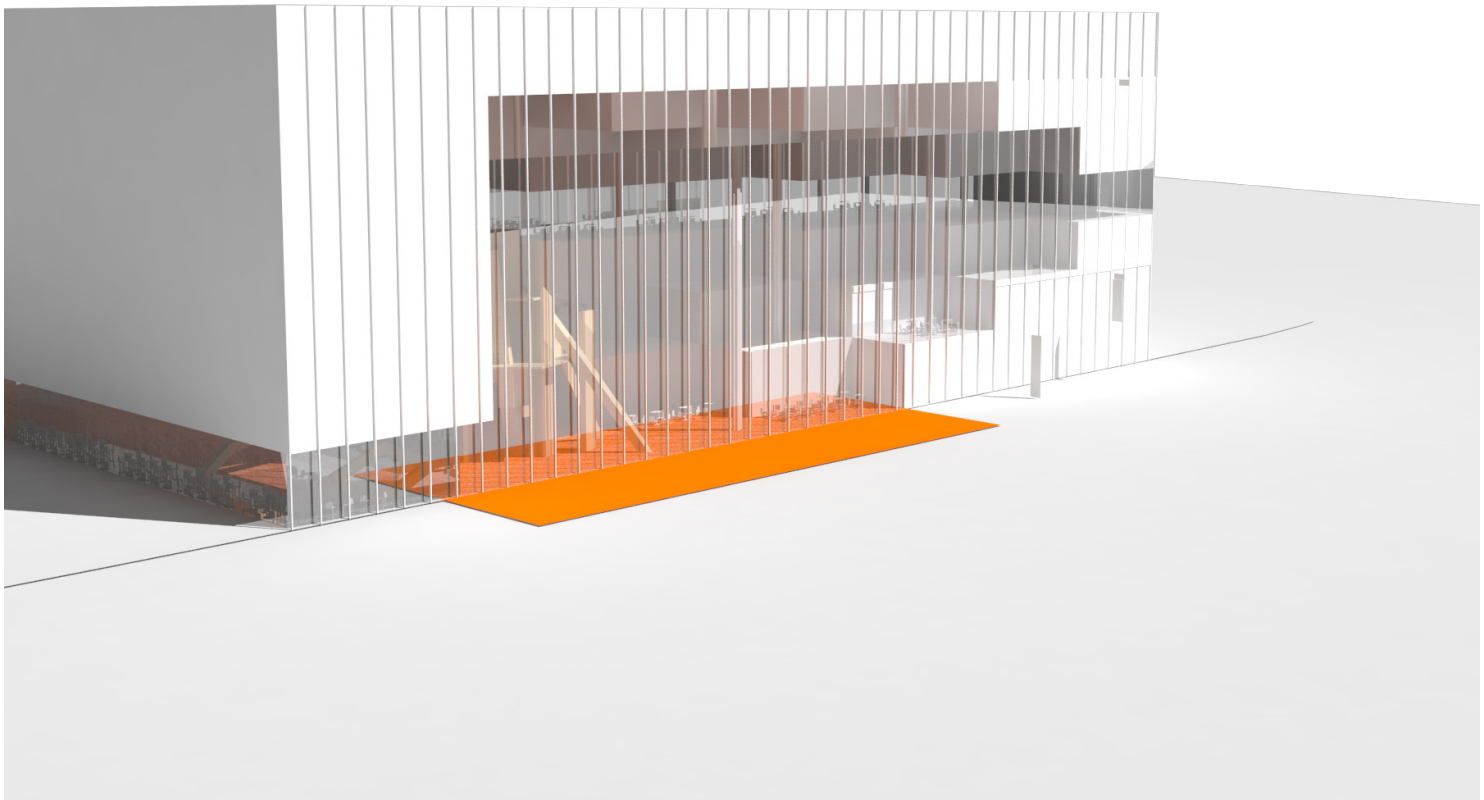
URBAN PIXELATED AMPHITHEATER
VERTICAL ZONING

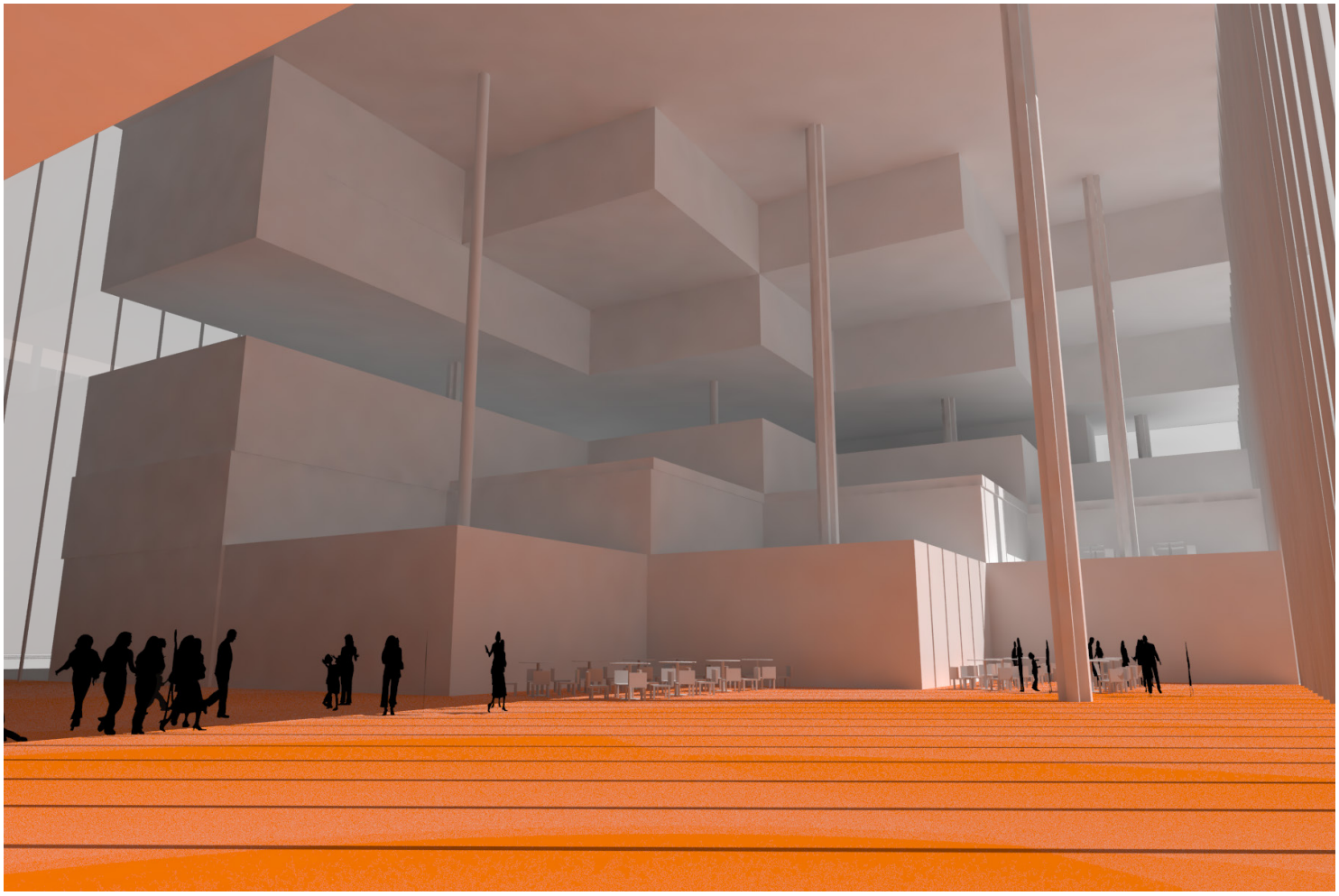


1.149 m²	1.119 m²	1.517 m²	2.732 m²	1.548m²
FAMILY SPACE	HANDWORK SPACE	GROWING SPACE	LEARNING CENTER	SHARING SPACE

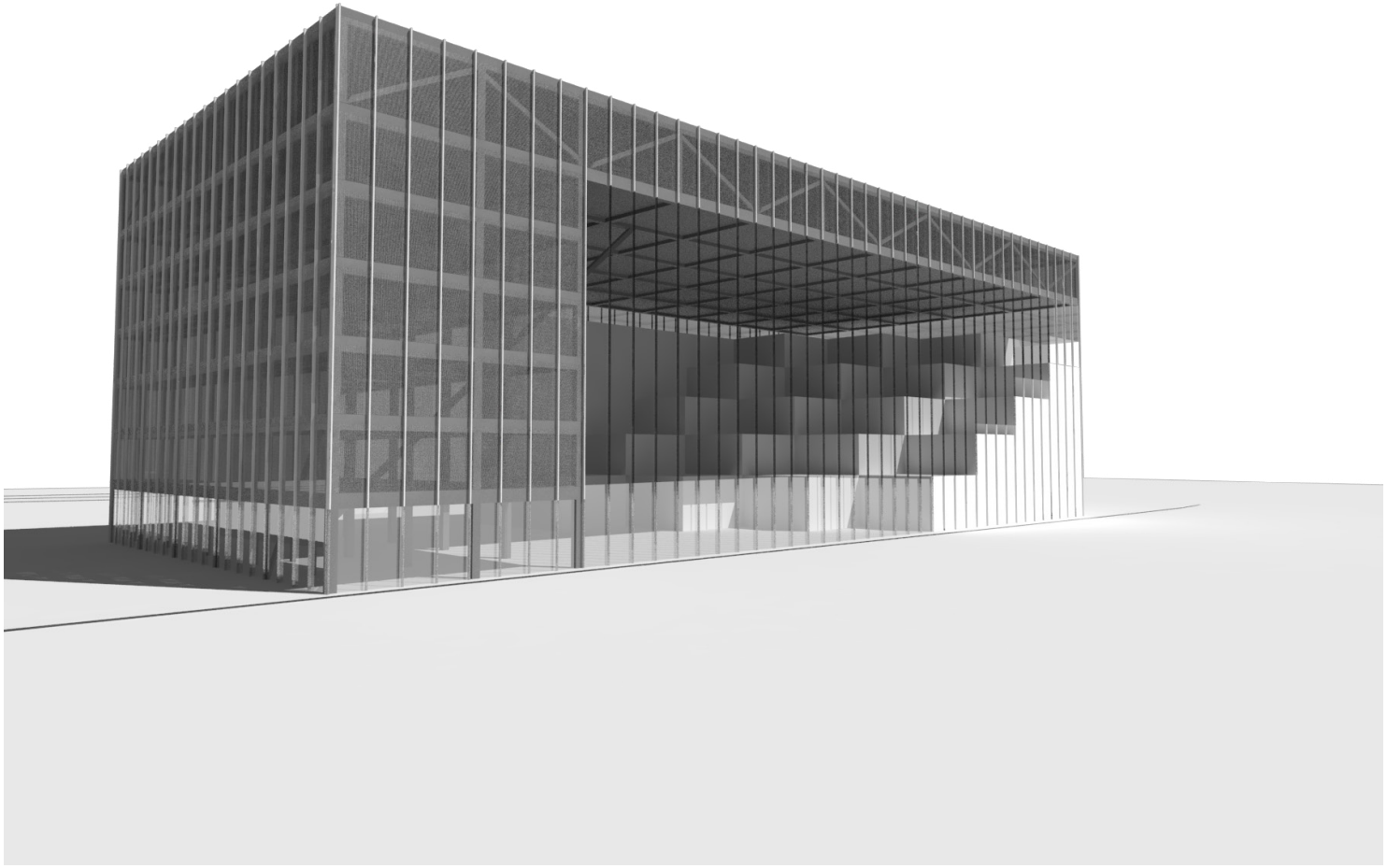
6.632m²	1.224m²
CIRCULATION	COMMUNAL SPACE

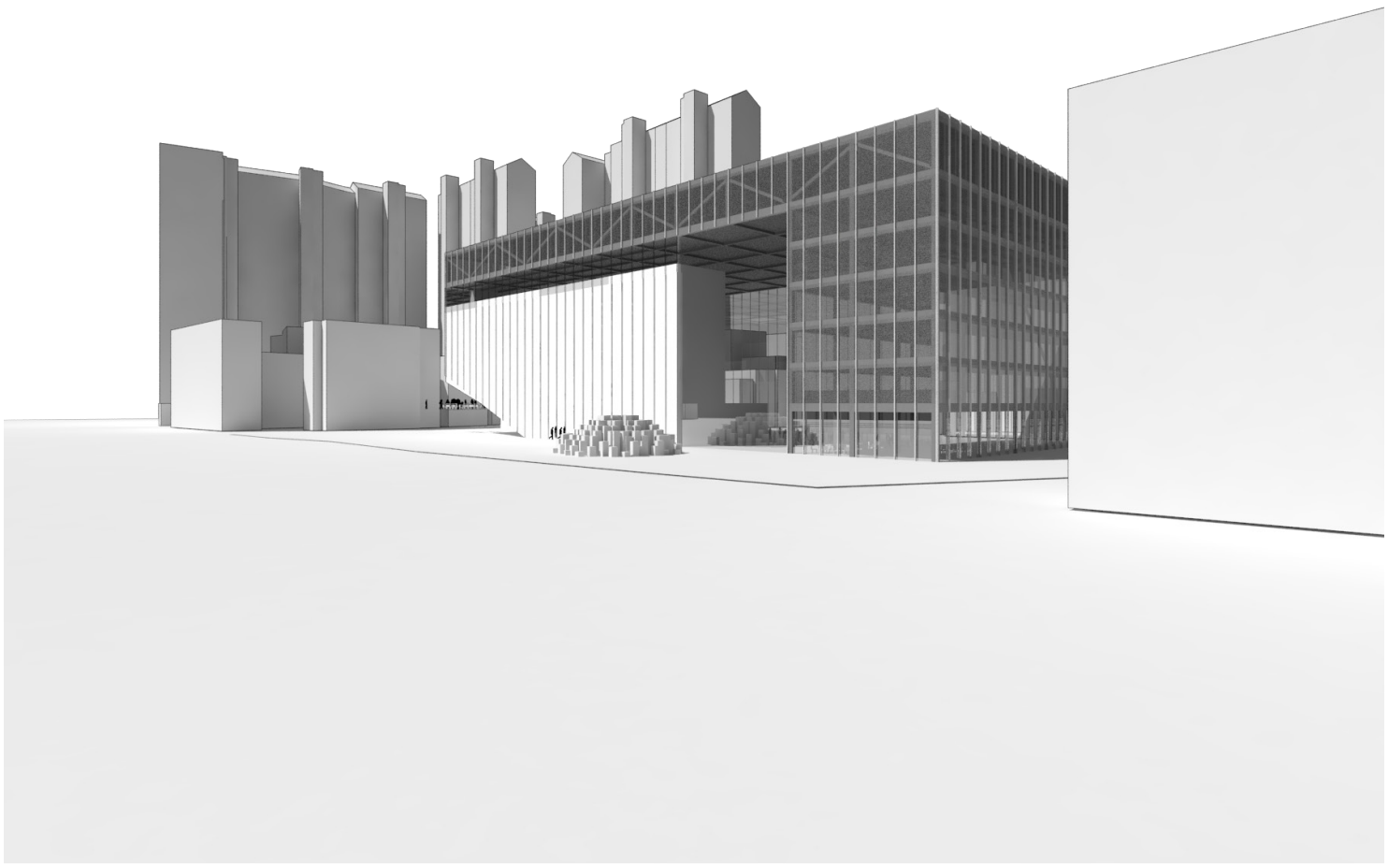


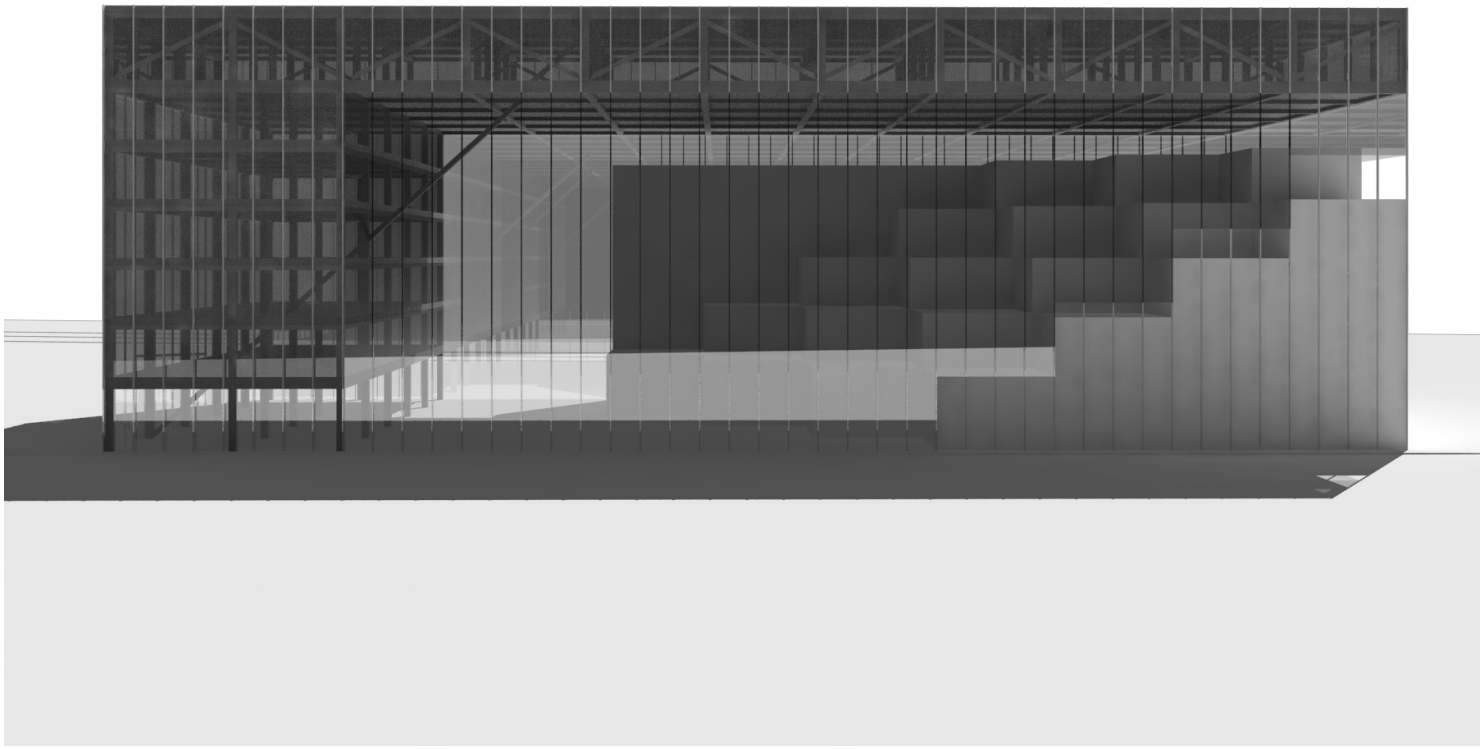


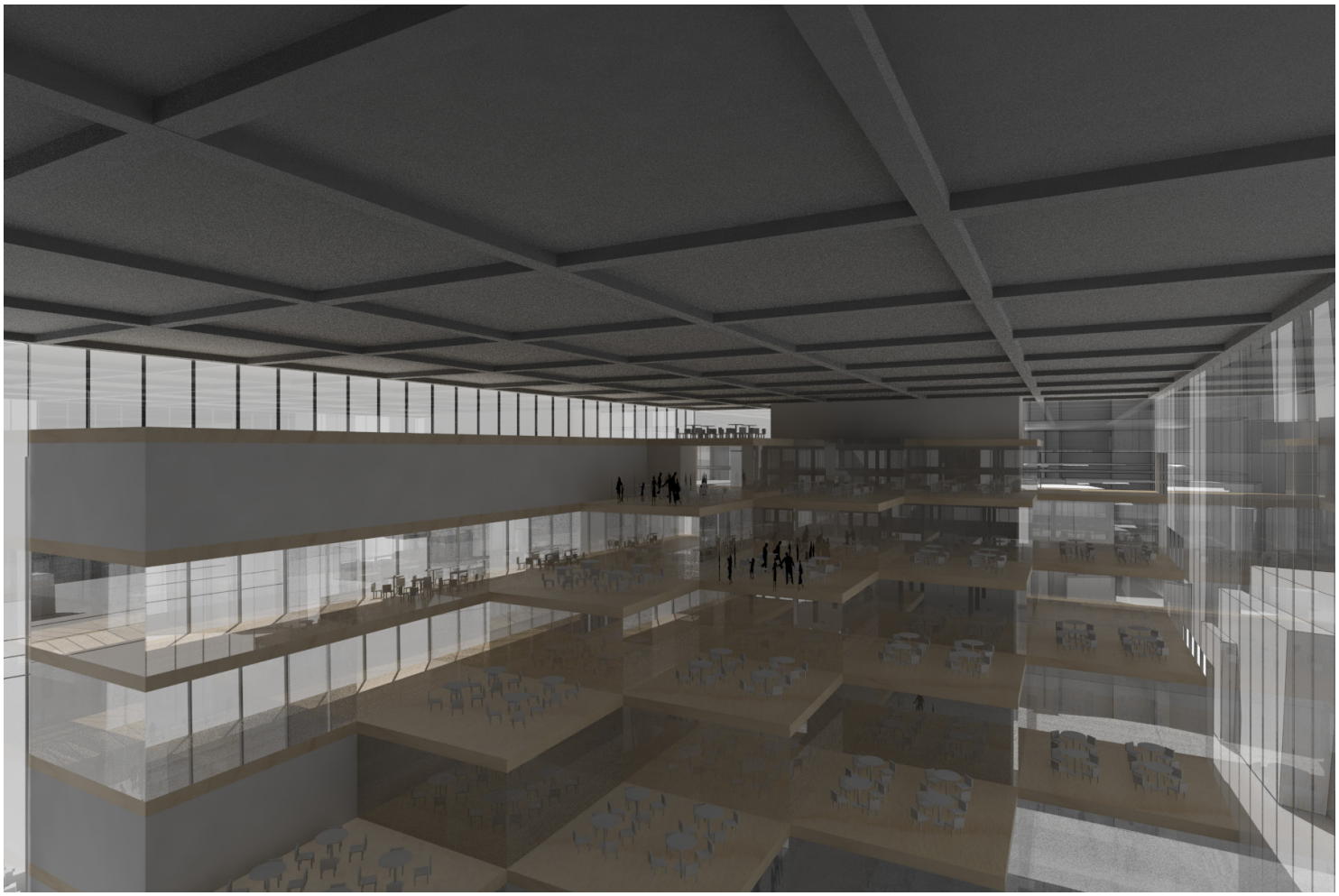






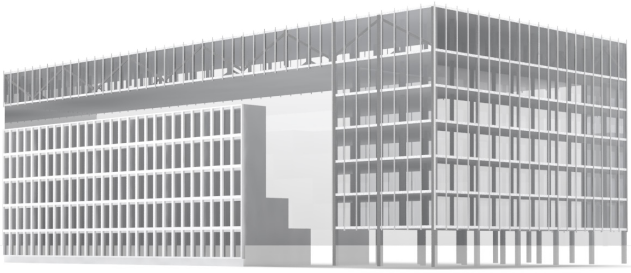


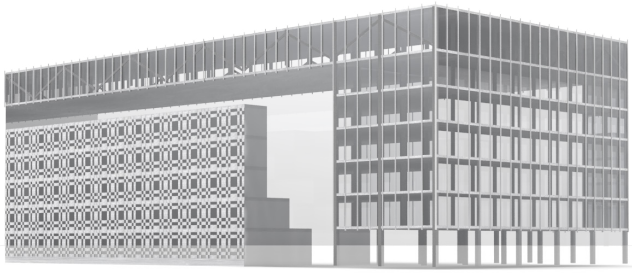


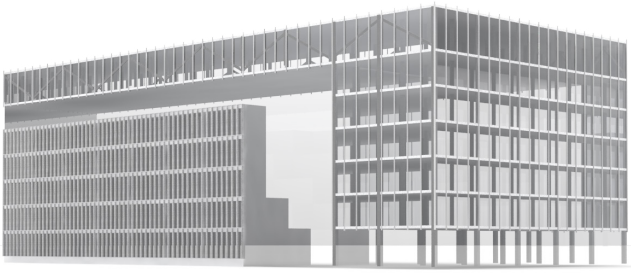


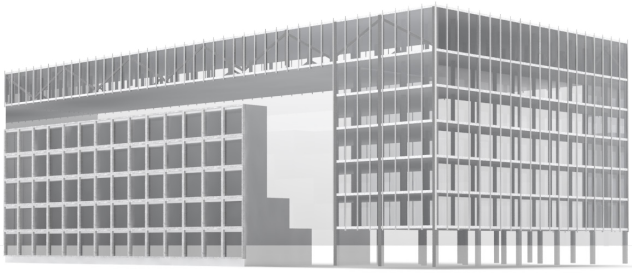

끝내자! 박근혜 정권!

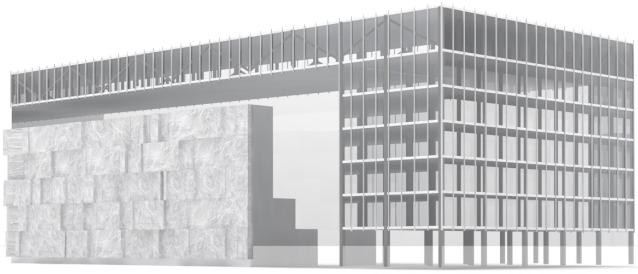

등
회

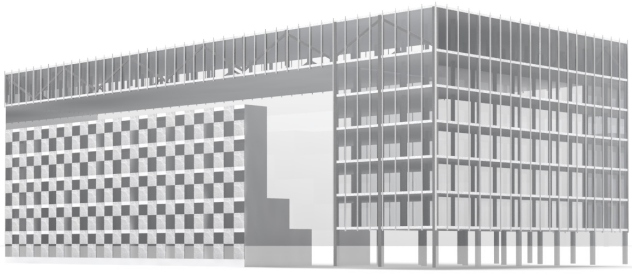


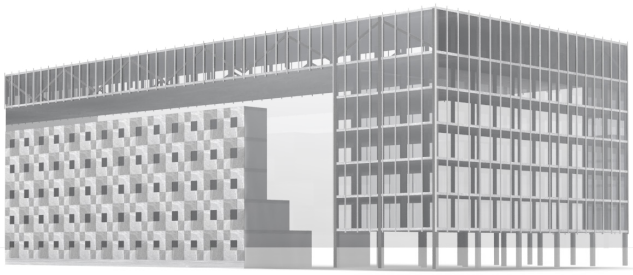


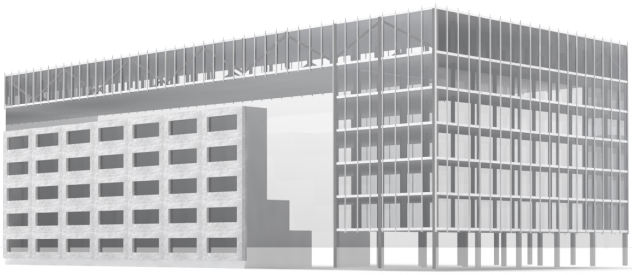


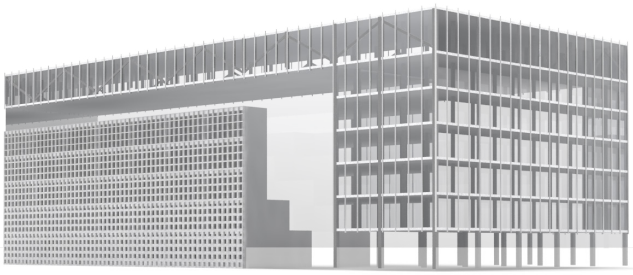


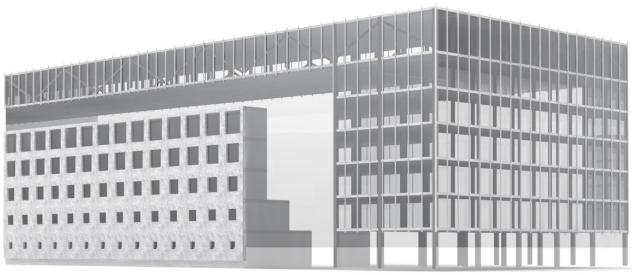


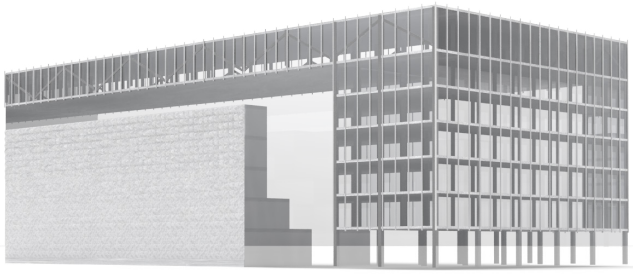


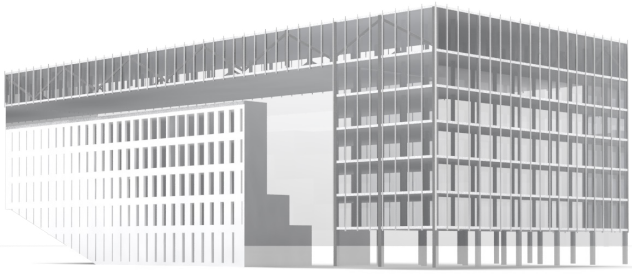


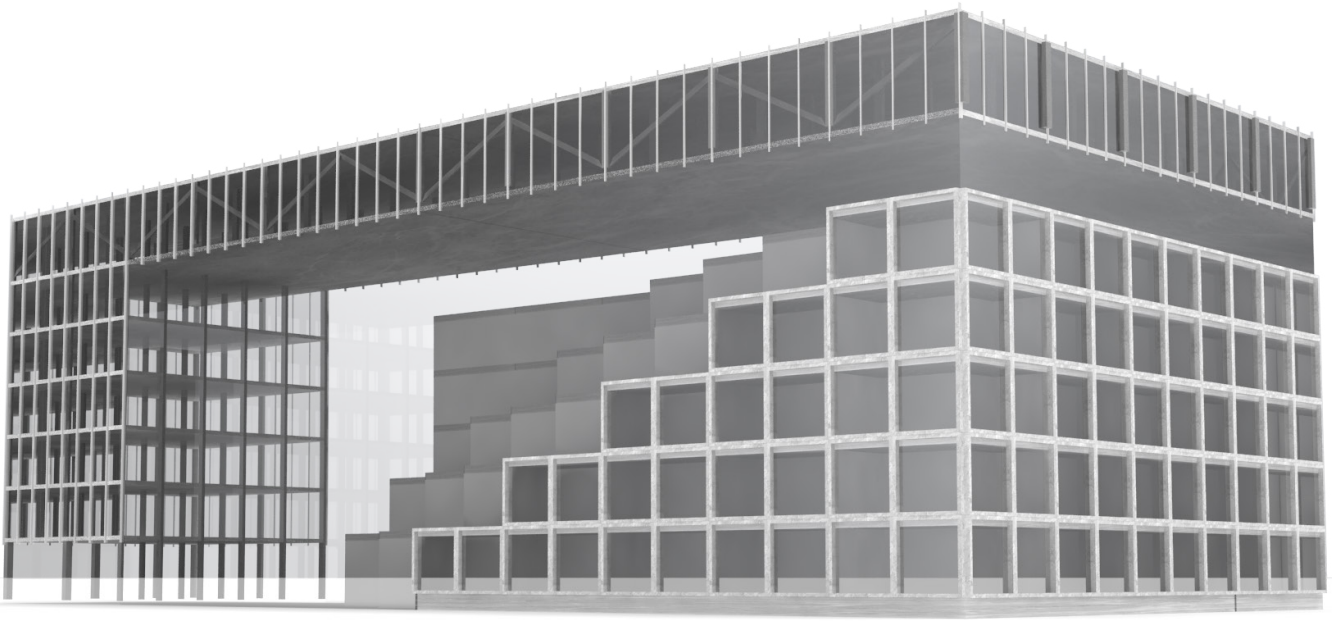


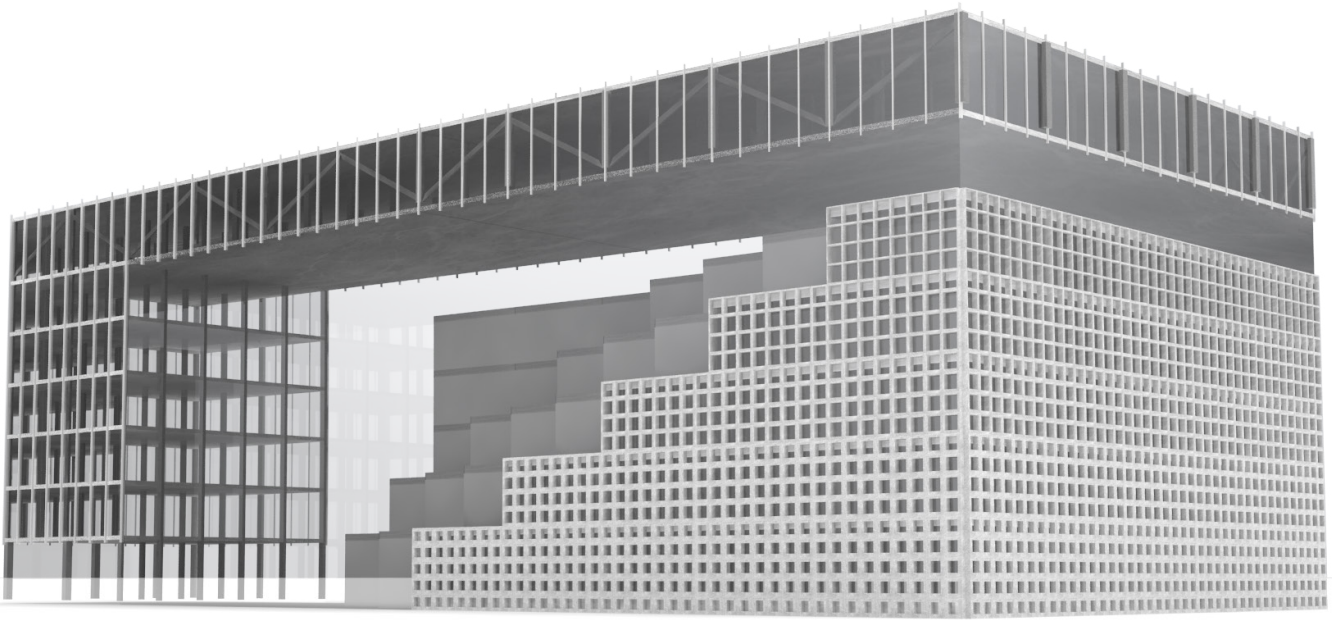


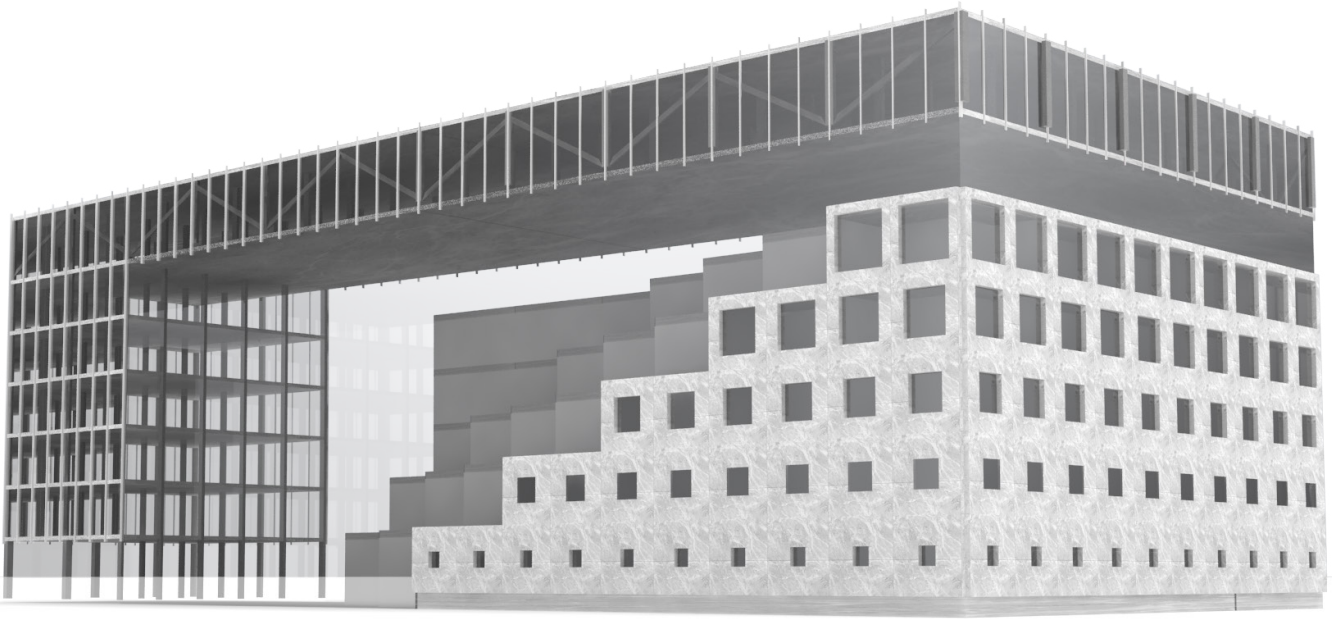


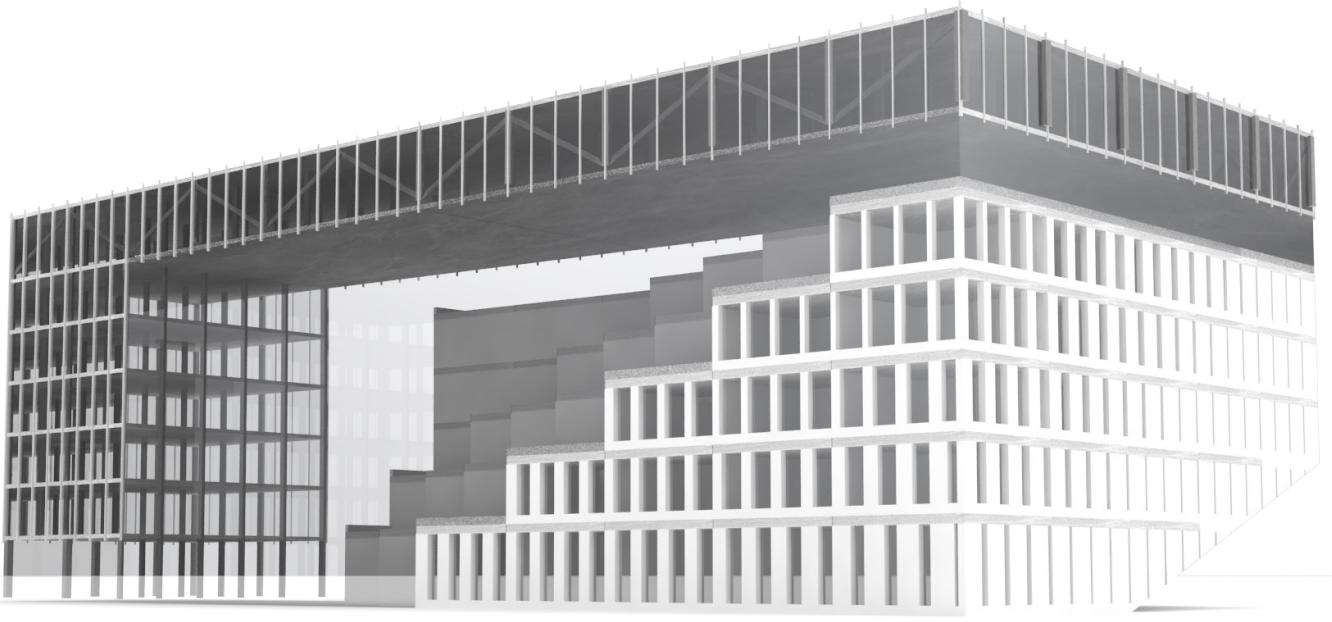















PART 5
project

Cityscape

The site is located at Daebang-dong, where U.S. army base 'Camp Grey' had been located for 55 years until the retrocession in 2007. Located adjacent to this site was Seoul Women Shelter which accommodated prostitutes, runaway dementia elders, and vagrants from 1962 to 1998. The shelter was converted to Seoul Women Plaza. This is a symbolic place where tragic division of the Korean peninsula, poverty and hardships of woman in the era is accumulated and conveys the agony of Korean modern history. The purpose of this project to turn this gloomy and 'deathlike' space into a place of resurrection, a site of nurturing space that will foster welfare of women and families.
Therefore, the project develops a strong direct urban intervention by connecting the train station of the area with the Women Plaza through the new building of the facility. This programmatic carpet of connection breaks the rectangular volume of the project and creates a large urban void that can host events and activities. A large 5-floors-high urban door opens to enhance the continuity and welcome the fusion between public and private, inside and outside, as well as transition from the urban to the domestic. As a result, rather that breaking the program into several smaller volumes, the proposal condenses all of it into a single orthogonal envelope, suggesting efficiency and unity as the future of sustainability both in environmental and social terms.

Concept

As proclaimed from the title of the project, the building is designed as an organic urban womb that intensifies spatially and programmatically the urbanity of the site and the wider area. The building consists of a compact rectangular volume that is interrupted by a sequence of voids to create a dynamic network of activities inside the building. The main void of the project is defined by the big pixelated plinth and resembles an over-scaled urban living room or lecture theatre for the community of Women and Families of Seoul to exist together in a common three-dimensional network and perform their daily activities within an open platform.
The new Women and Family Complex Facility will be a space where relationship among family and households of women will be enhanced. The organization will face age-old unresolved issues with new experimental thinking and interesting methods. The issues tackled will include collapse of social relation network, lack of communication among family members, 1 person household, women's low participation on economic activities which stagnated for 20 years and stagnant of gender inference.
"We shape our buildings and thereafter they shape us," as the state-

AU01010

ment indicates, it is very crucial that the new spatial composition of Seoul Urban Womb inspires citizen's participation and enforces accumulation of relational network, added to programs and operation system. Imagine a space where you are encouraged to meet each other, helps to form creative culture and learn customs of community, and expands value of gender equality in family and community.

Organization

The building is composed of a hybrid mix-use program that contains Family space, Handwork activities, Growing space, Conference spaces, a Learning center and Communal Spaces. In order to create clarity and efficiency, the building distributes the different programmatic entities into three basic volumes: the pixelated plinth, the vertical tower and the horizontal slab of the roof.

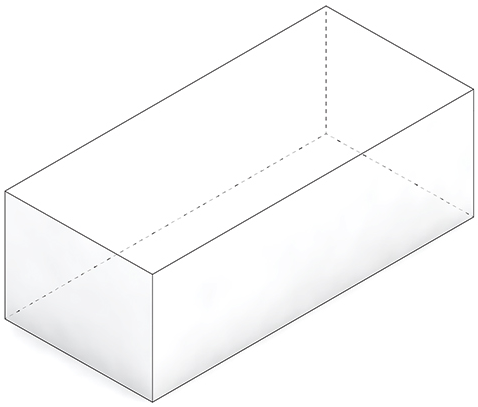
The pixelated plinth contains the main functions of the building, such as an auditorium, the Family space, the Youth Center, the Food courts, the Production labs and the Shops. The organizational structure of the plinth is one of five stripes of increasing size positioned one next to another. Each stripe contains a distinct program and is positioned between related activities in order to maximize the efficiency of the building and moreover to extrapolate the interaction and the spatial experience of the users. While walking on the direction of a stripe the user faces the same activities, but once the user walks perpendicularly he or she receives a rich cross-programmatic experience by facing a series of changing and dramatically different activities.

The tower of the building houses the boarding facilities defines the western edge of the envelope and frames the events space of the Facility. Organized as a simple and compact machine for living, the tower contains twelve rooms and two meeting rooms on each of its five floors above ground, whereas it houses a lobby and the Museum of Motherhood on the ground floor, therefore animating the level of the street. The circulation of the space is facilitated by two vertical cores of staircases and elevators. The glass and aluminum façade of the tower is dressed with a generic steel mesh to control sunlight and create interesting qualities of transparency.

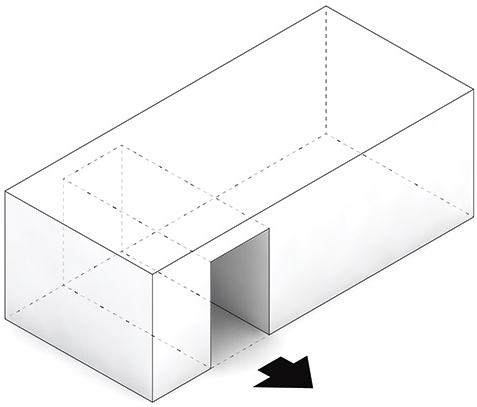
The rooftop slab of the building is an inhabited truss structure that houses the conference facilities and administration. The whole floor is designed as a clear array of programmatic zones tied together by a perimetric circulation zone. Along the façade the floor is programmed with informal and open-plan office areas. In the center of the floor and illuminated by two large courtyards there are the conference rooms of various sizes, as well as meeting rooms and the vertical circulation cores.



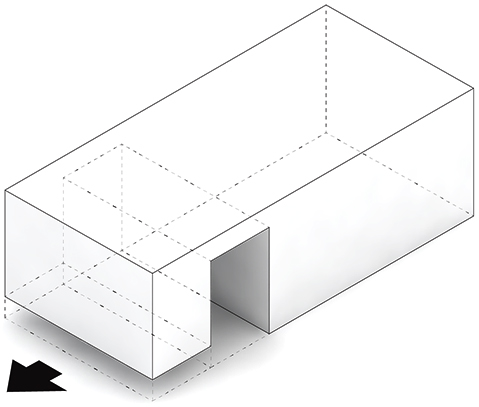




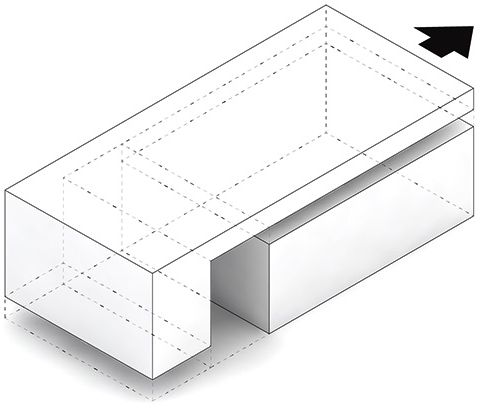
BASE GEOMETRY



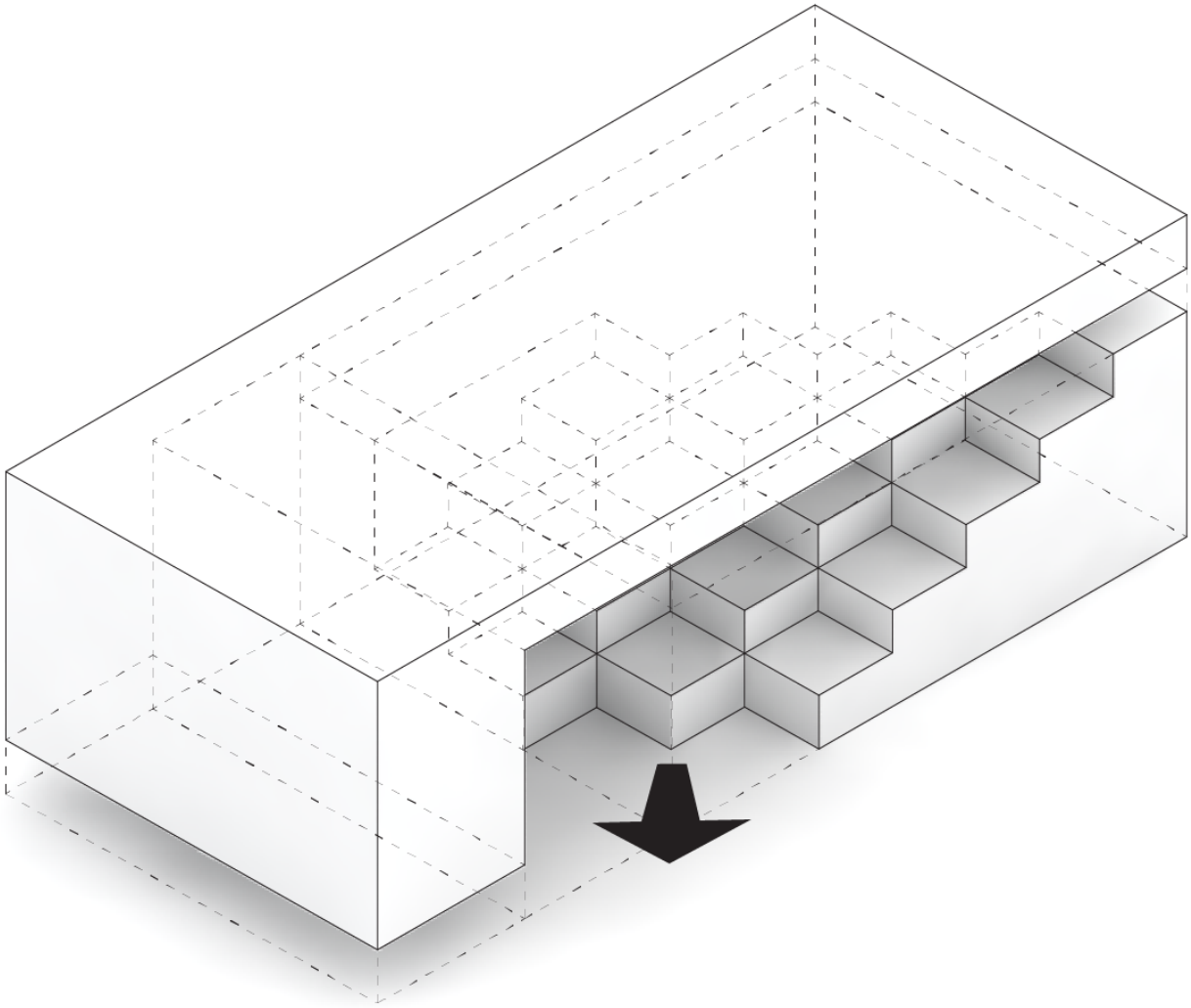
URBAN PASSAGE



GROUND FLOOR CONNECTION



OBSERVATORY

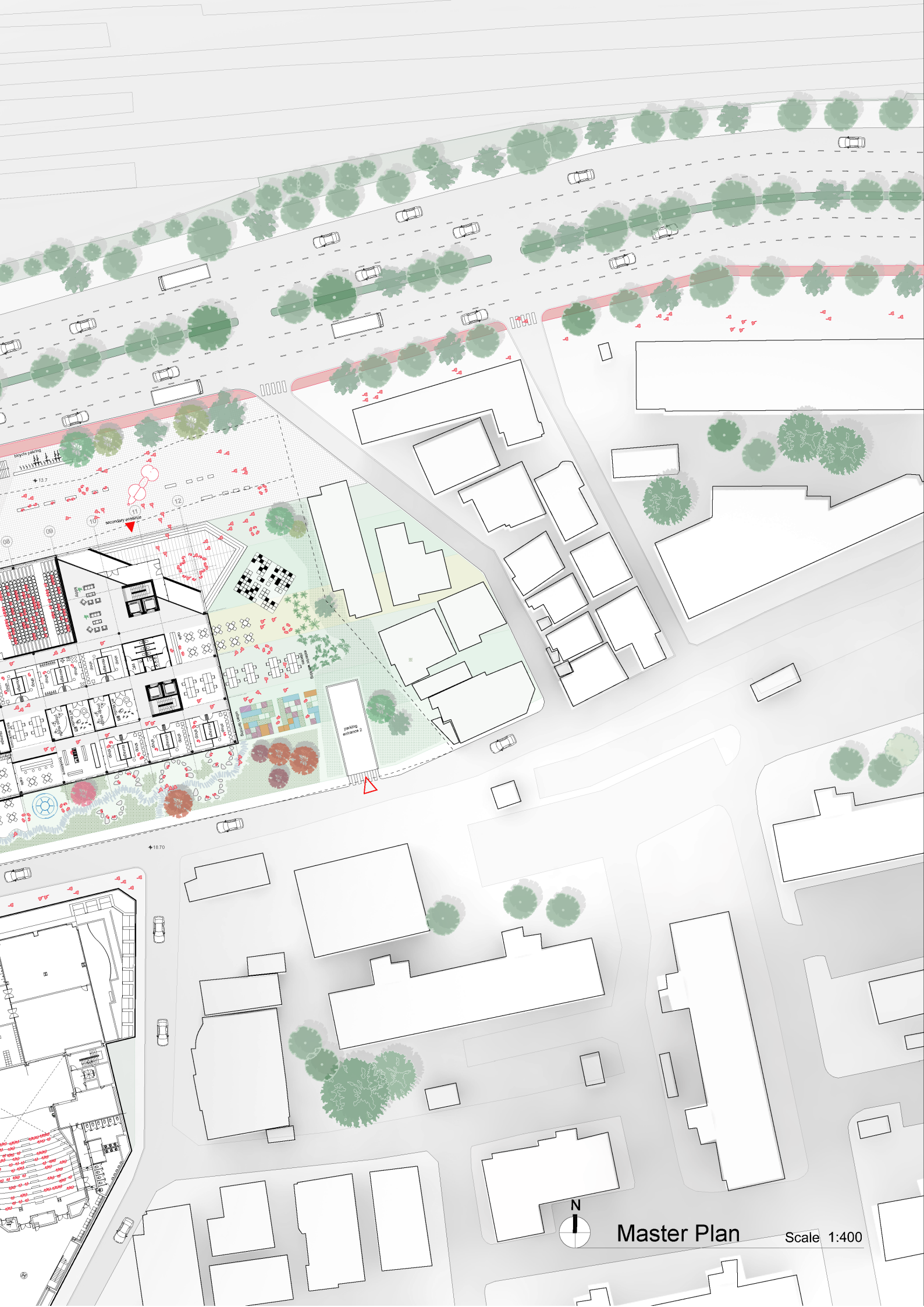


URBAN LIVING ROOM


여자
아이
가족
평등

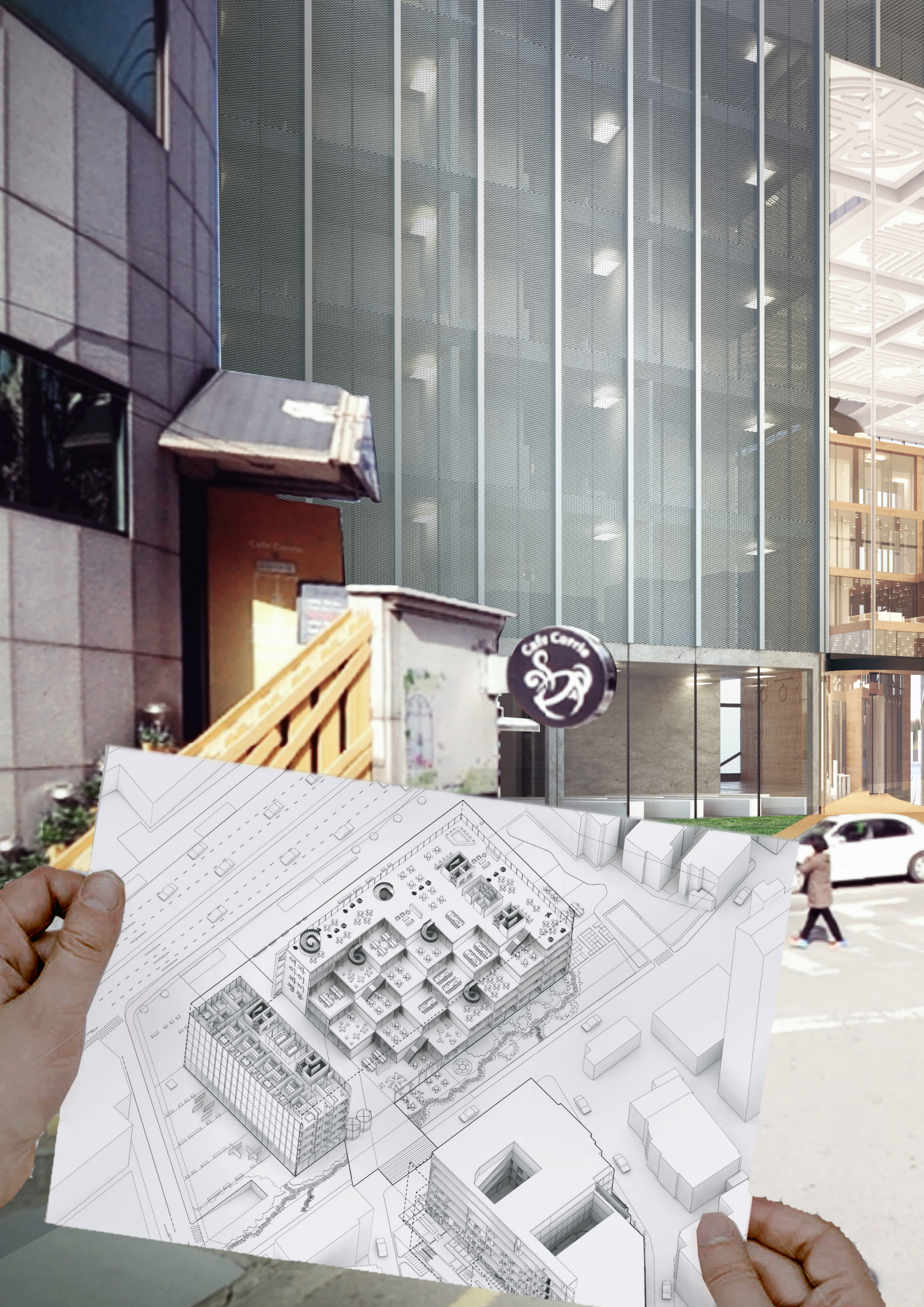



Daebang Station
Daebang Underpass
main entrance
museum of motherhood
Seoul Women Plaza

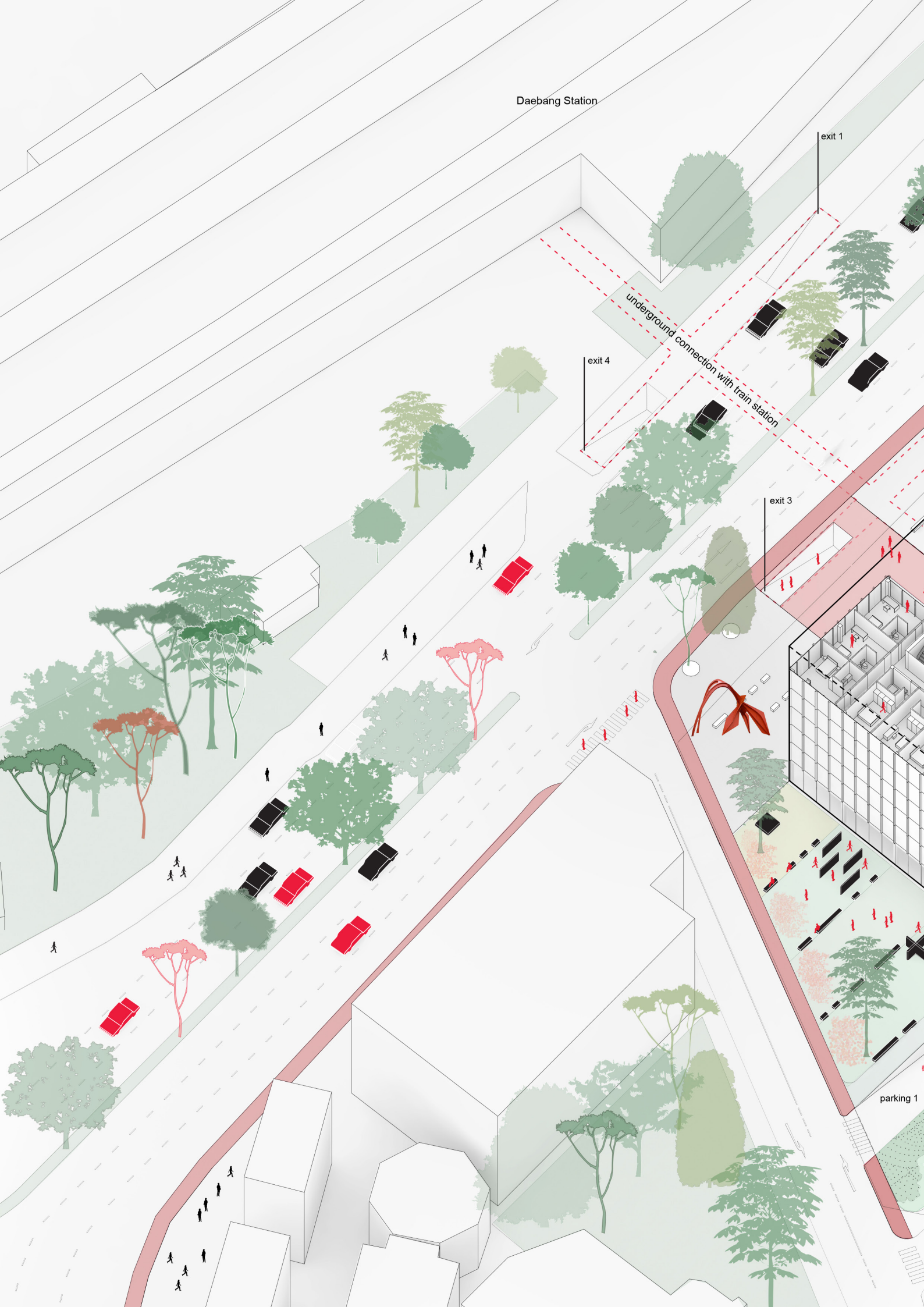


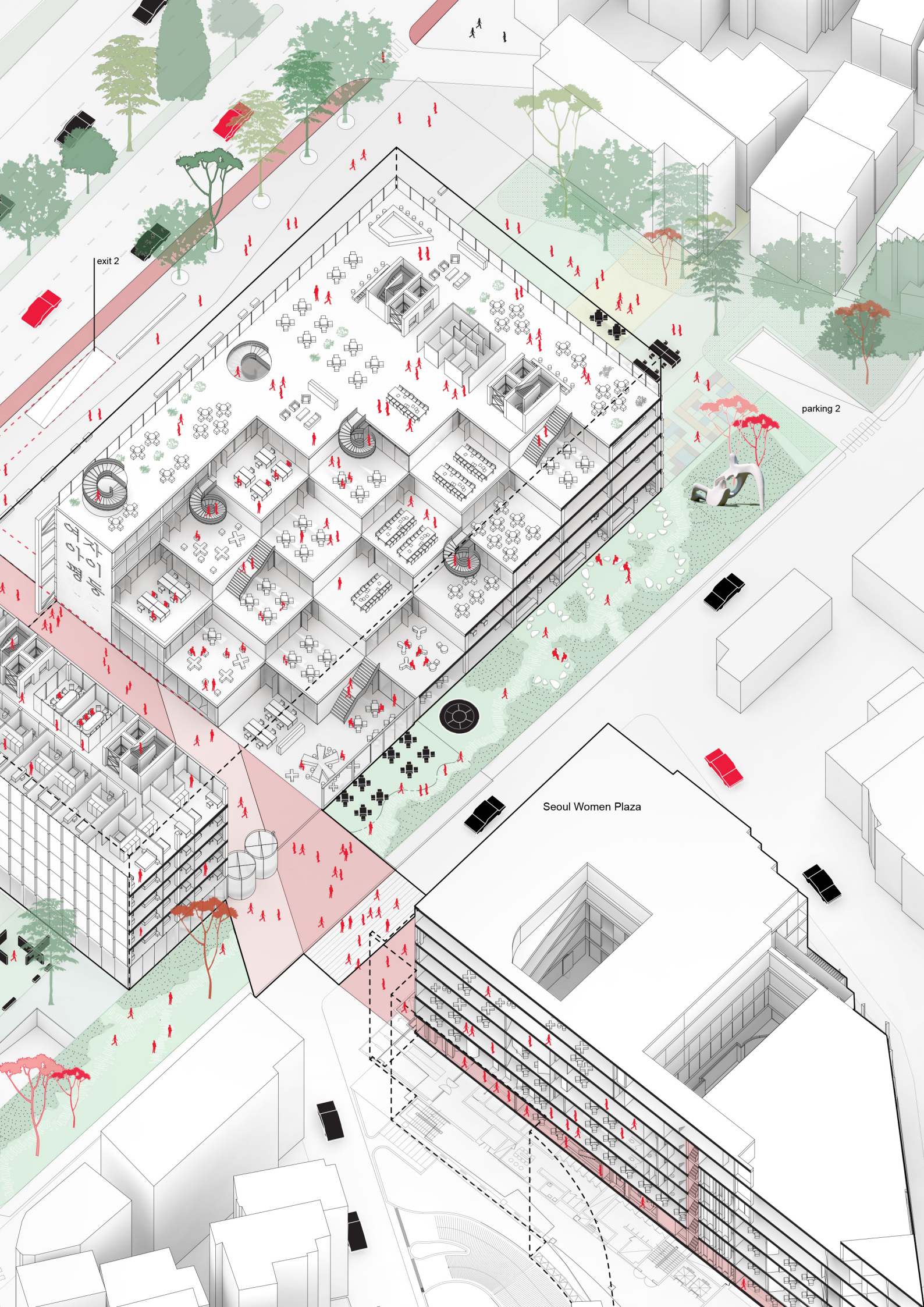
Master Plan

Scale 1:400


Cafe Costa

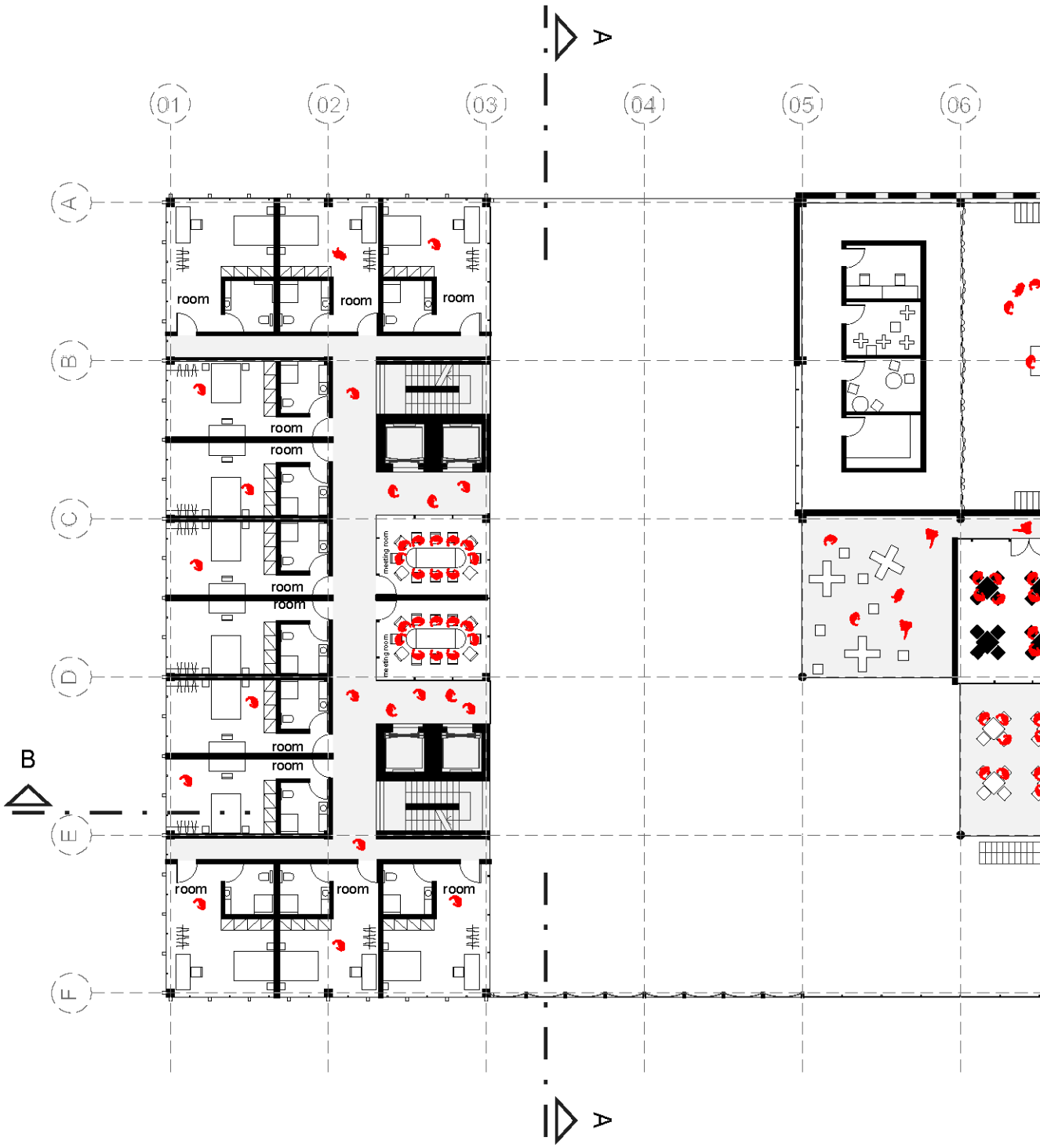



Daebang Station
exit 1
underground connection with train station
exit 4
exit 3
parking 1


exit 2
parking 2
Seoul Women Plaza


여자
아이
가족
평등

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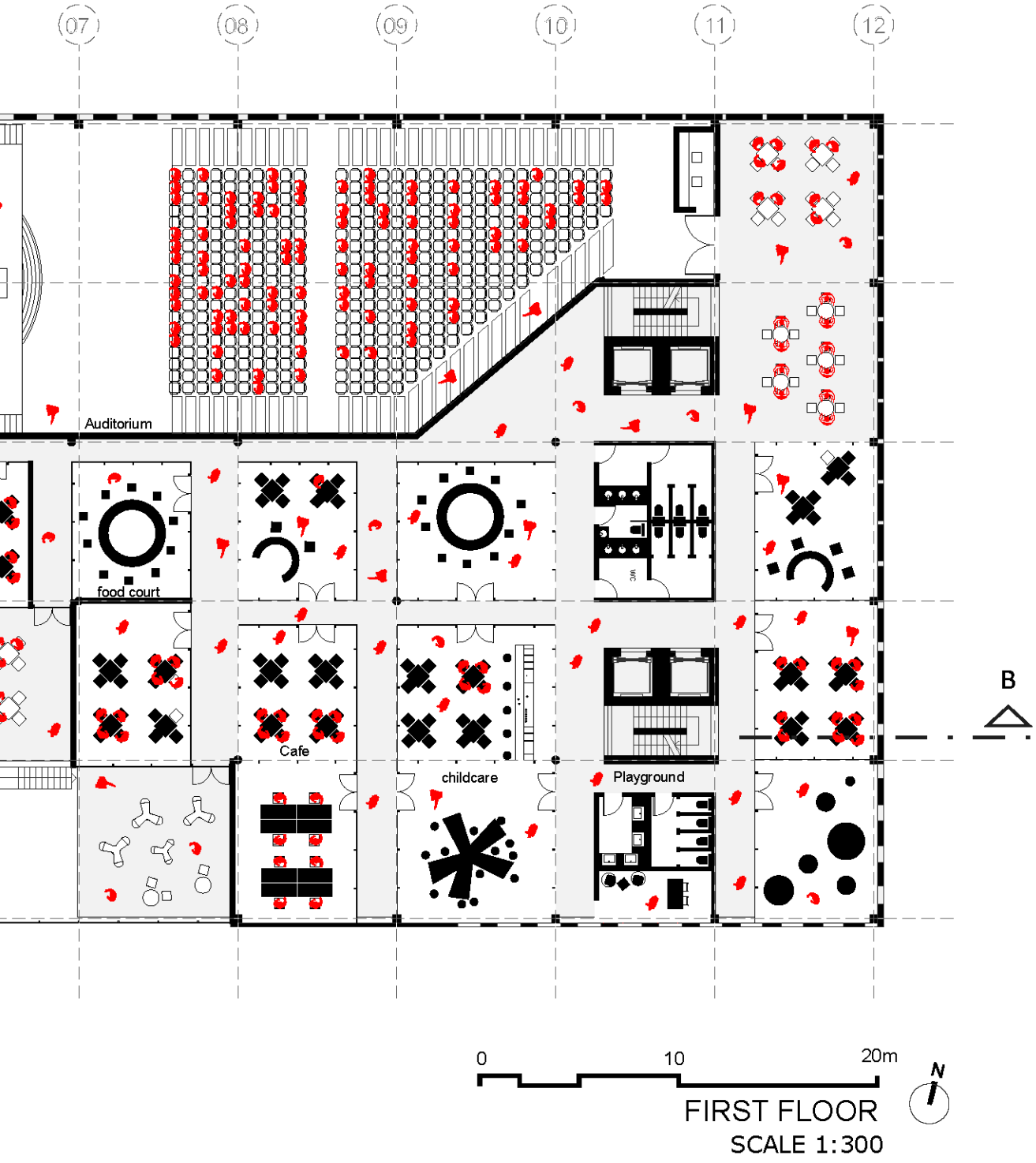
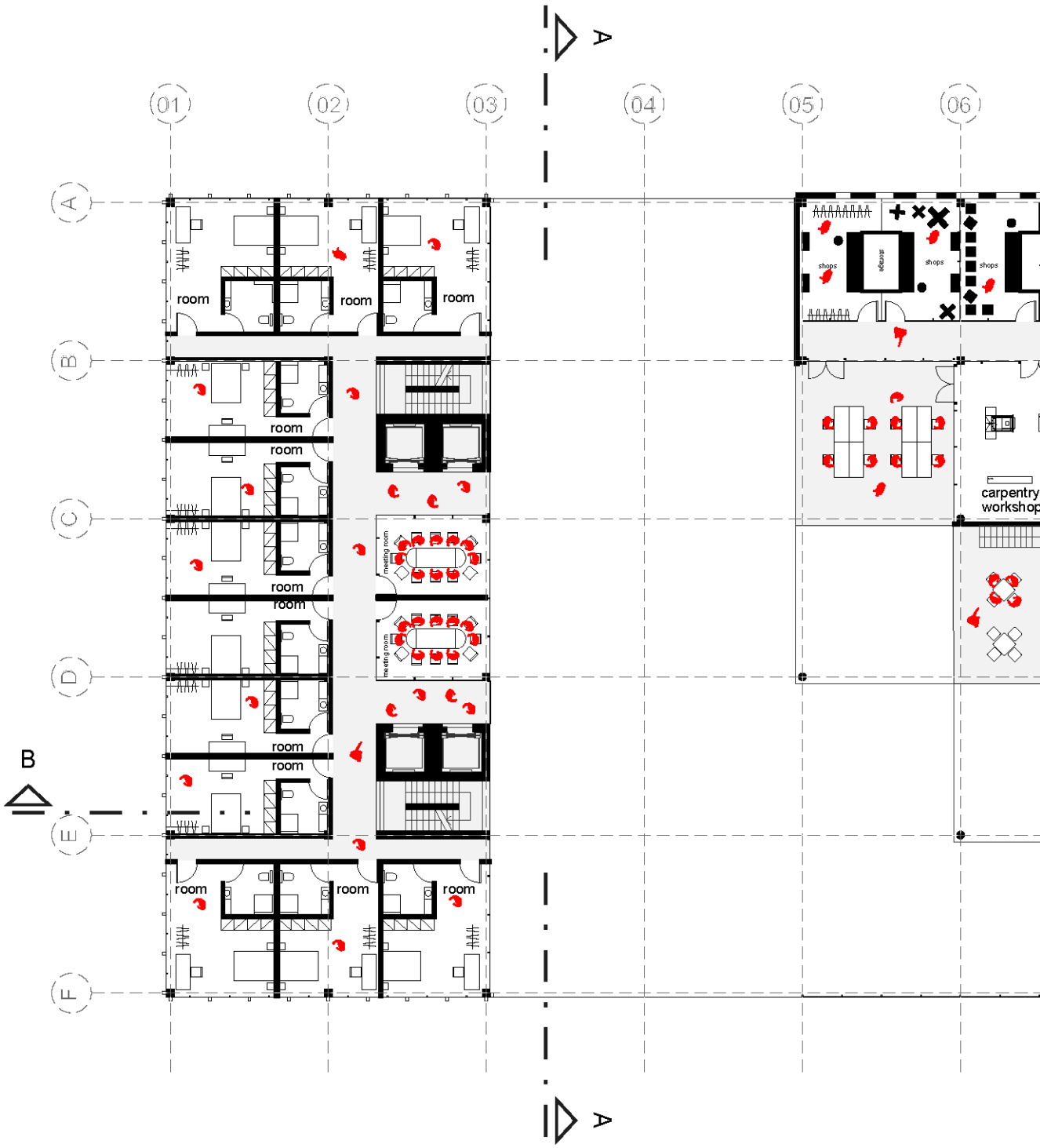
room
meeting room
meeting room



FIRST FLOOR

SCALE 1:300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room
room
room
meeting room
meeting room
shops
shops
shops
carpentry
workshop

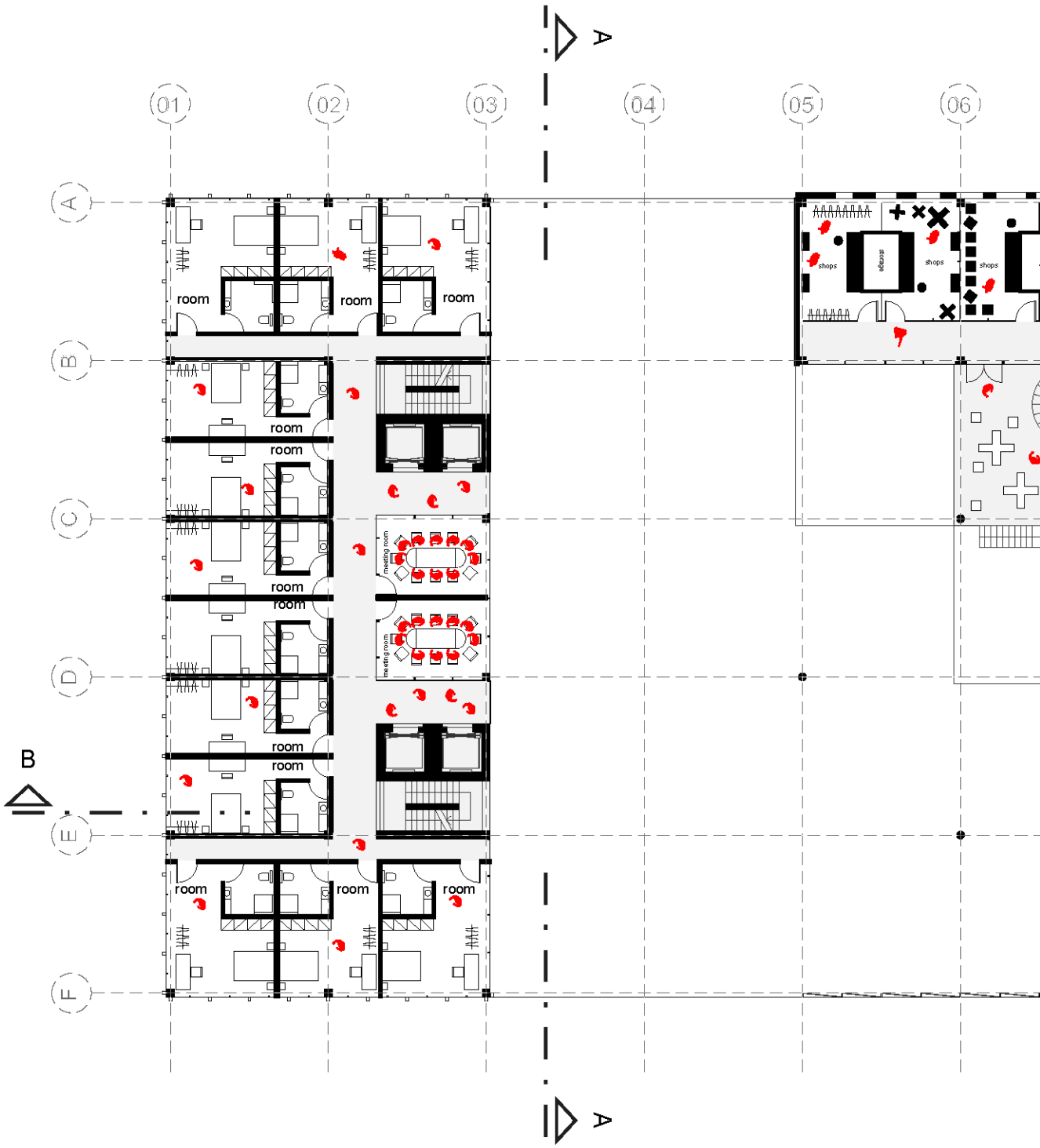


0 10 20m

N

SECOND FLOOR

SCALE 1:300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meeting room
meeting room
shops
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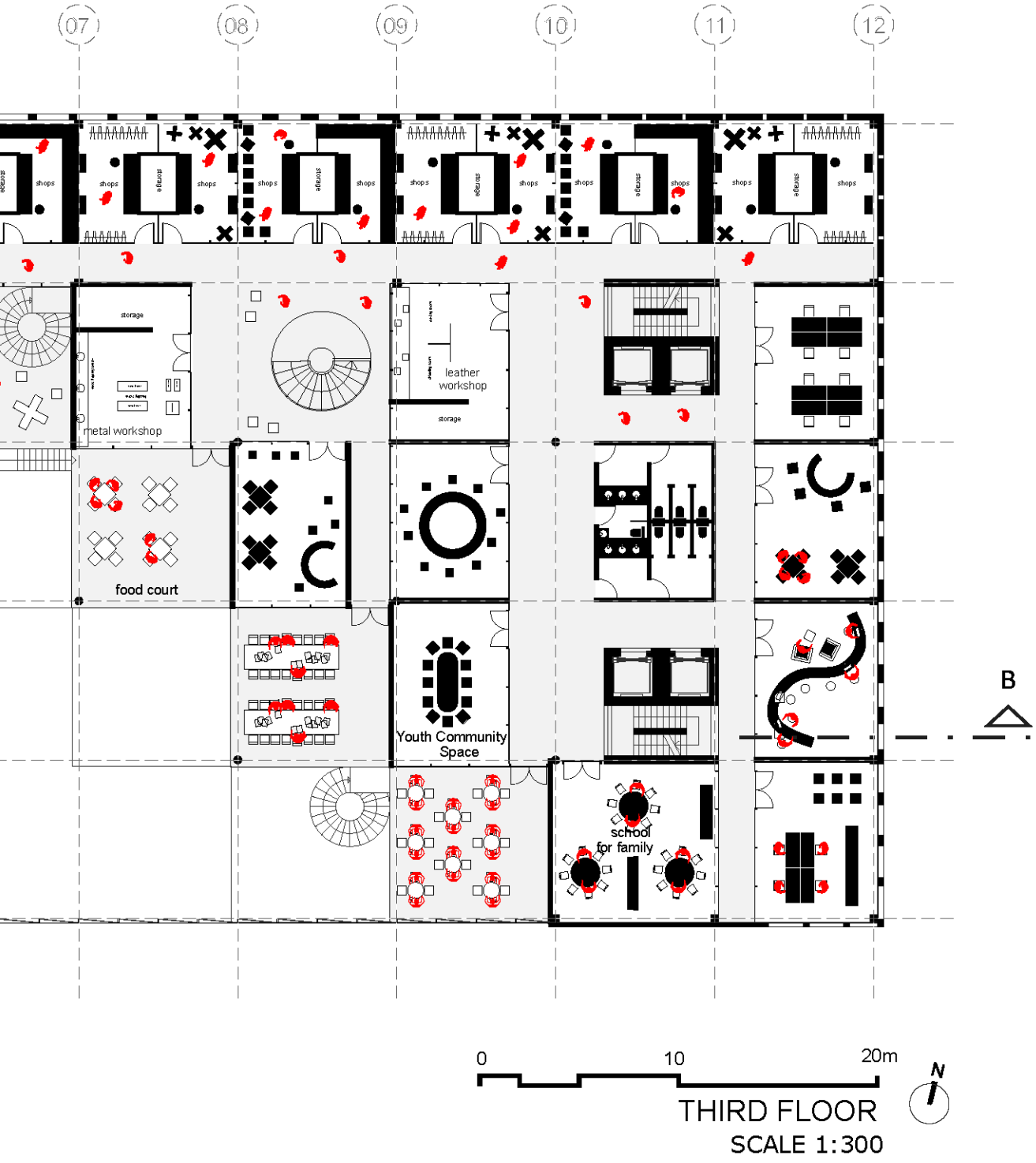
escape



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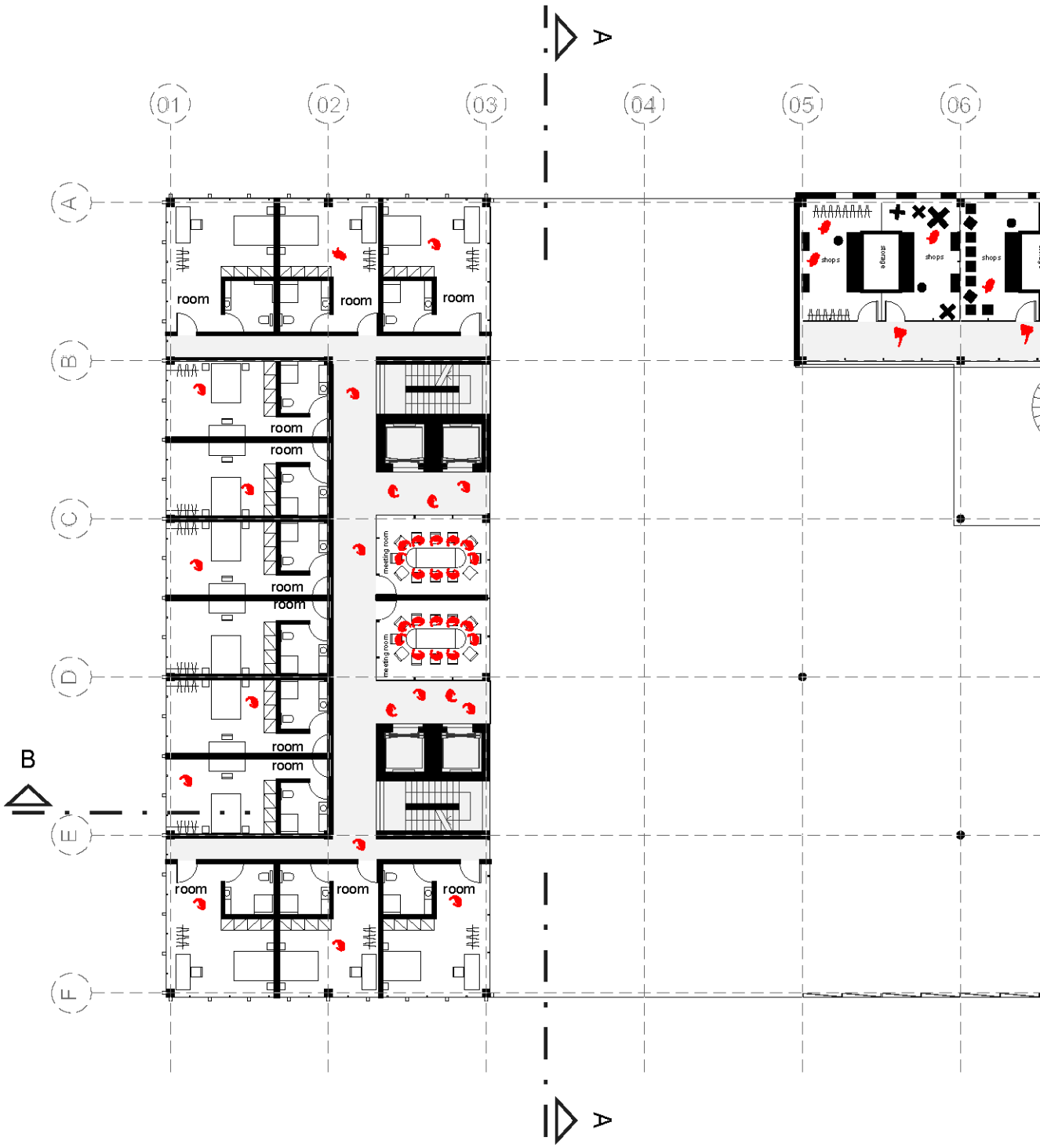
THIRD FLOOR

SCALE 1:300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room
meeting room
meeting room
shops
shops
shops
storage

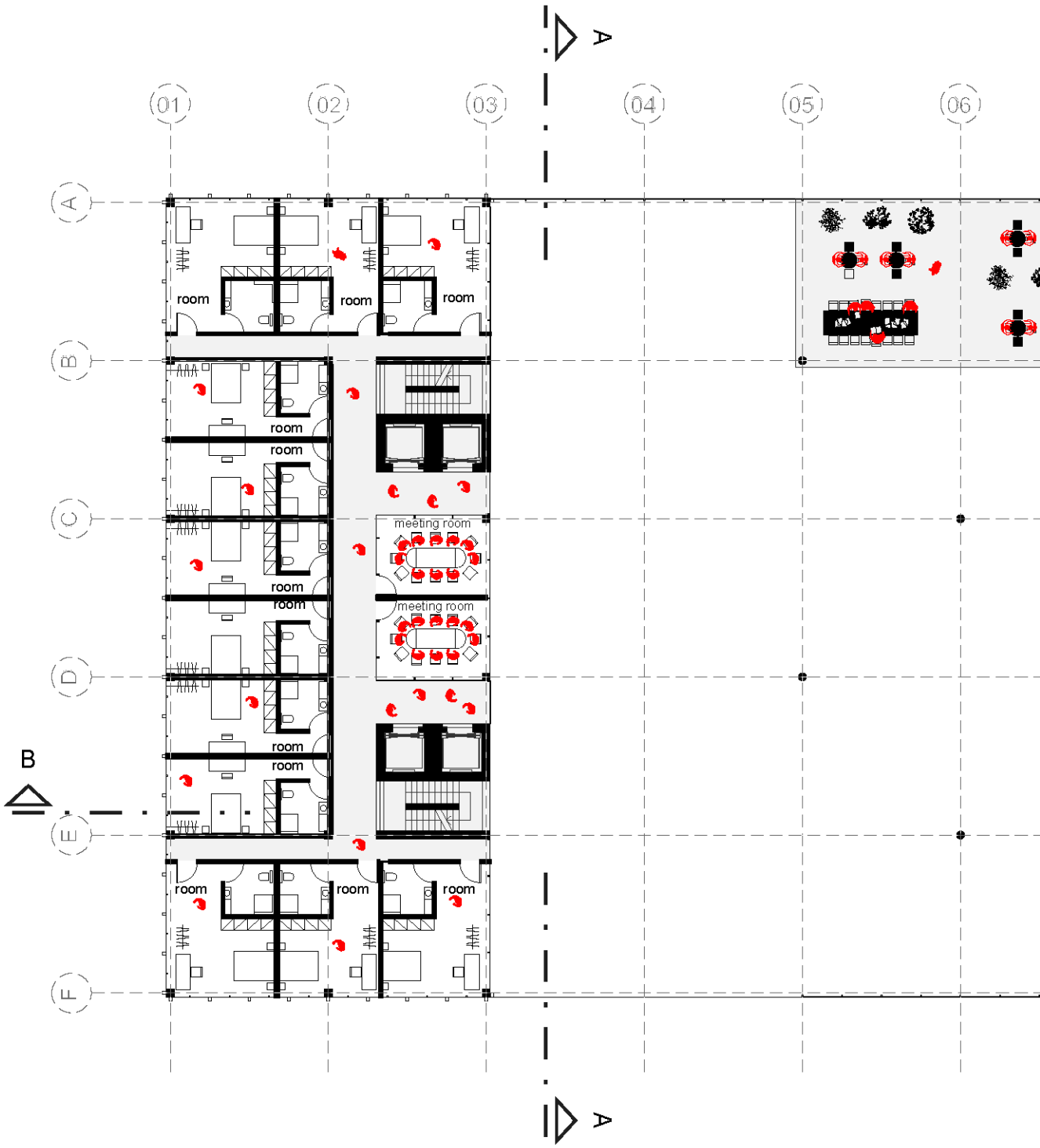


0 10 20m

N

FOURTH FLOOR

SCALE 1:300



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A



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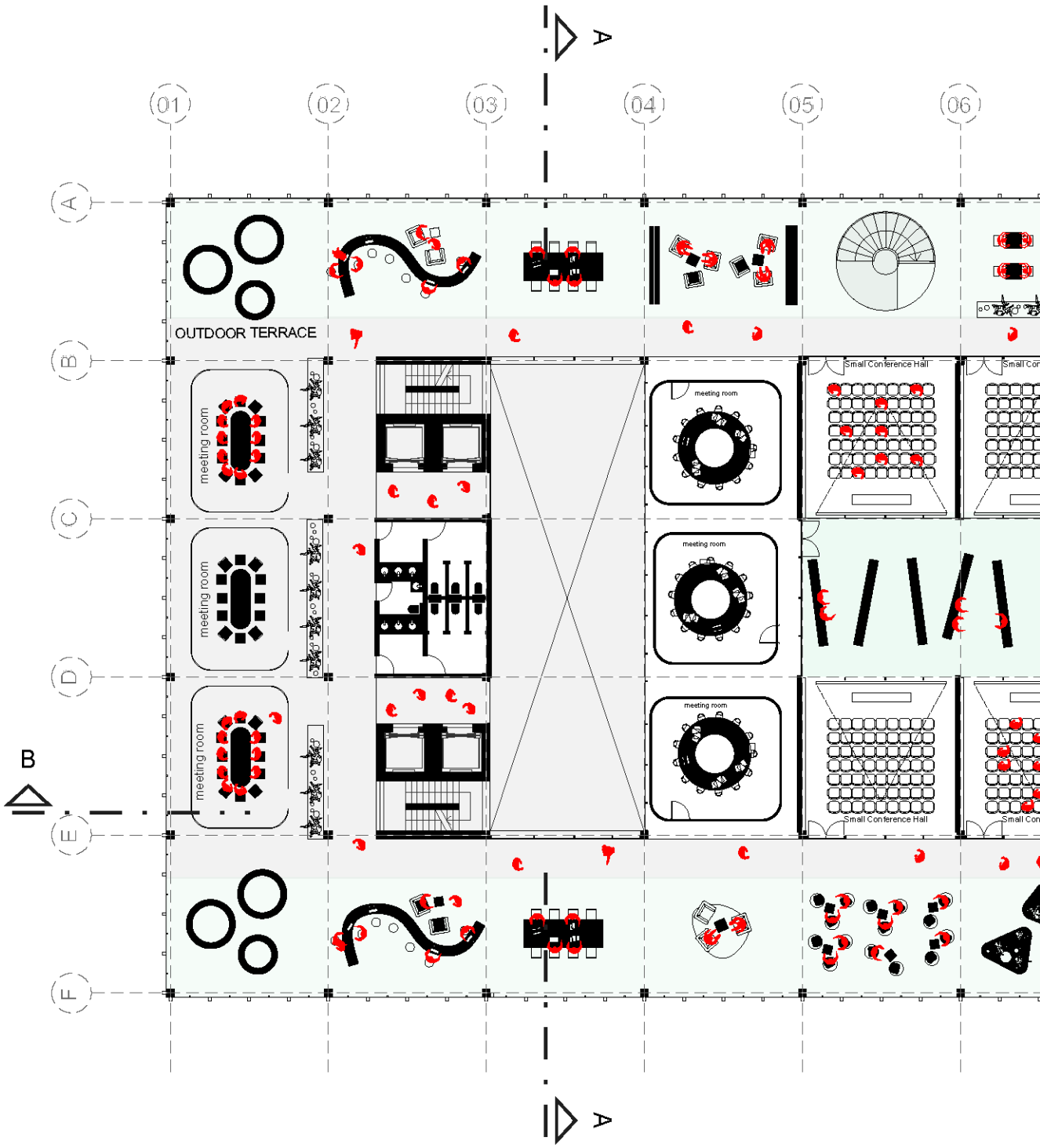
N

FIFTH FLOOR

SCALE 1:300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OUTDOOR TERRACE
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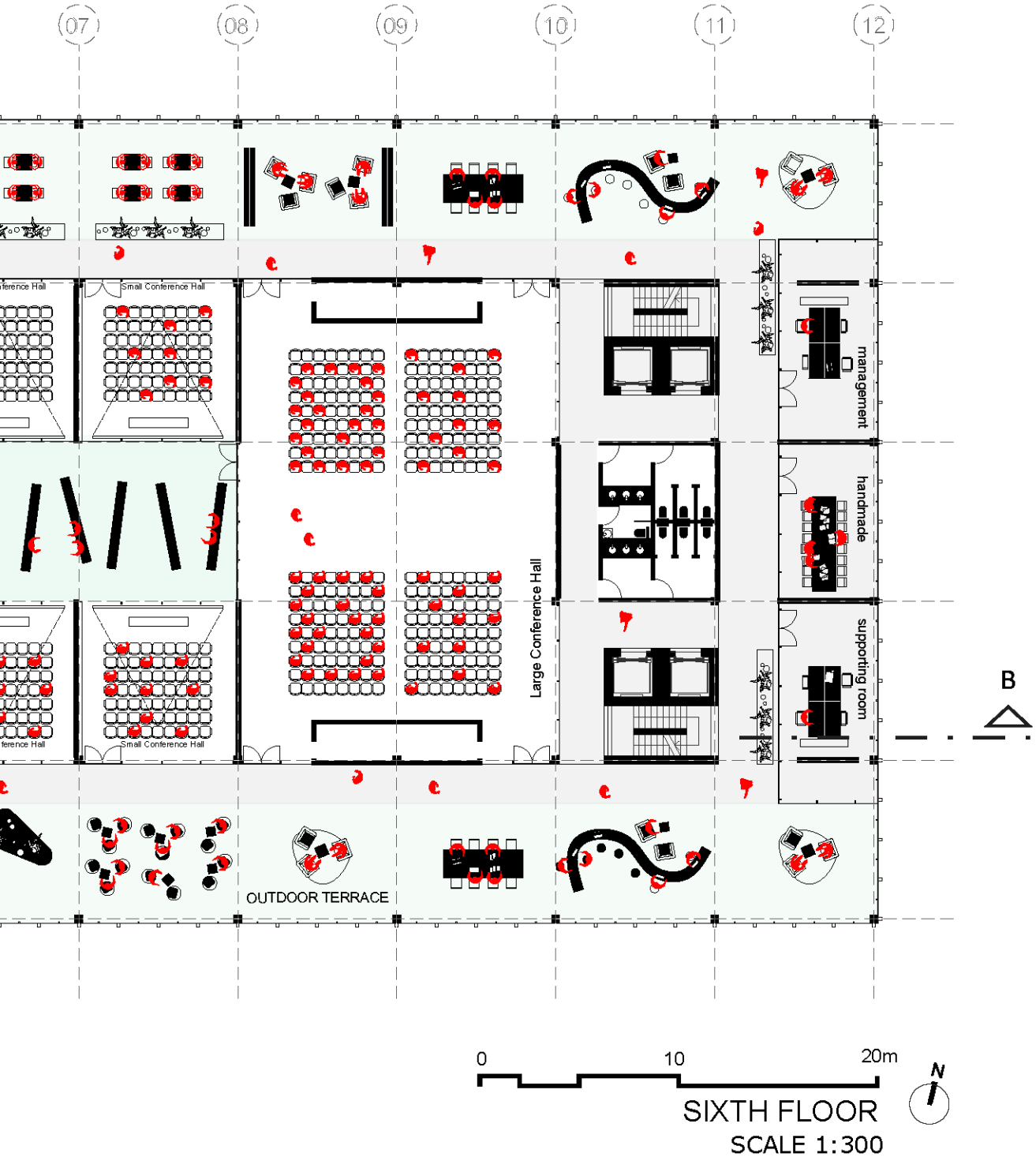
Small Conference Hall
Small Conference Hall



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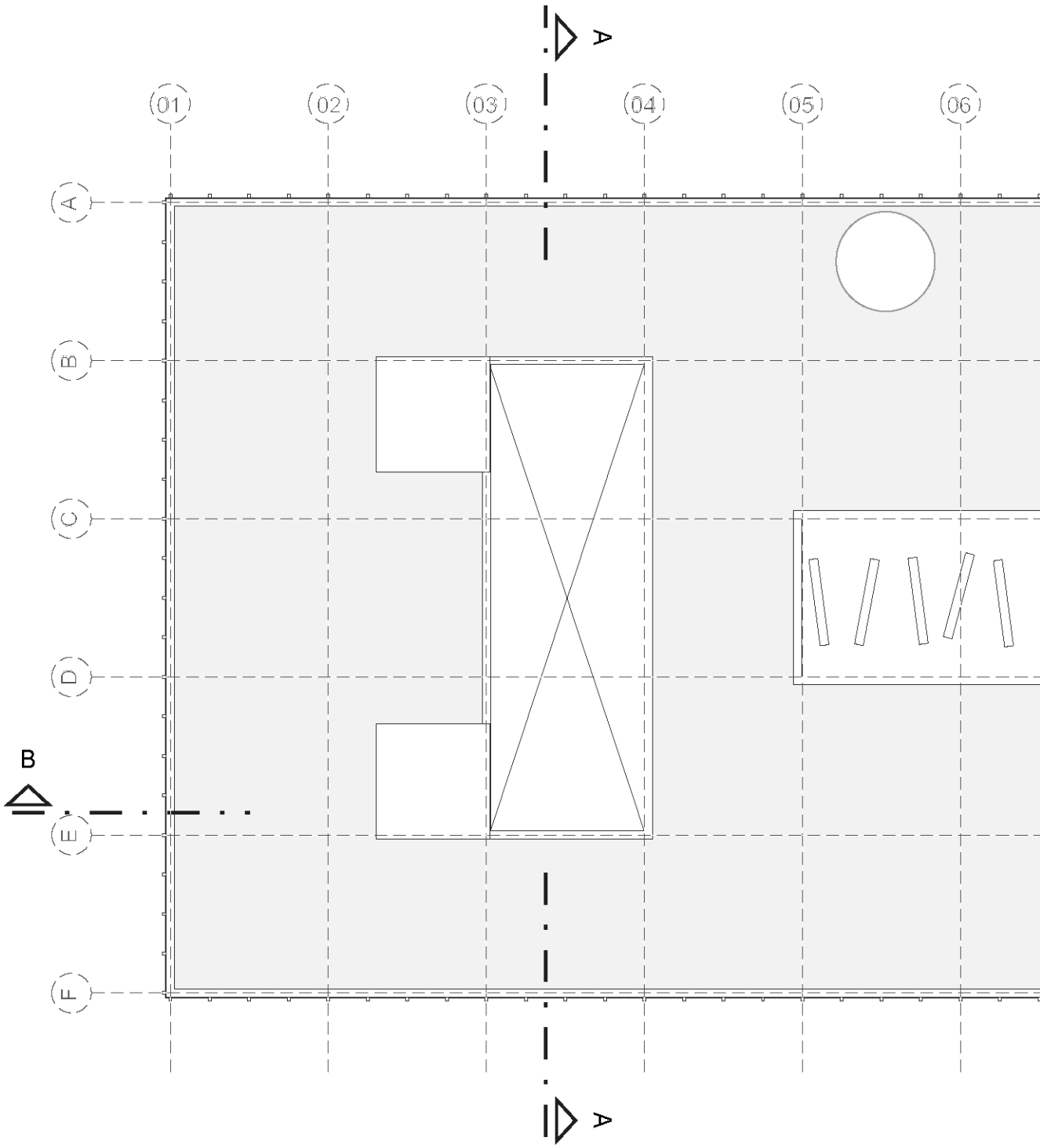
SIXTH FLOOR

SCALE 1:300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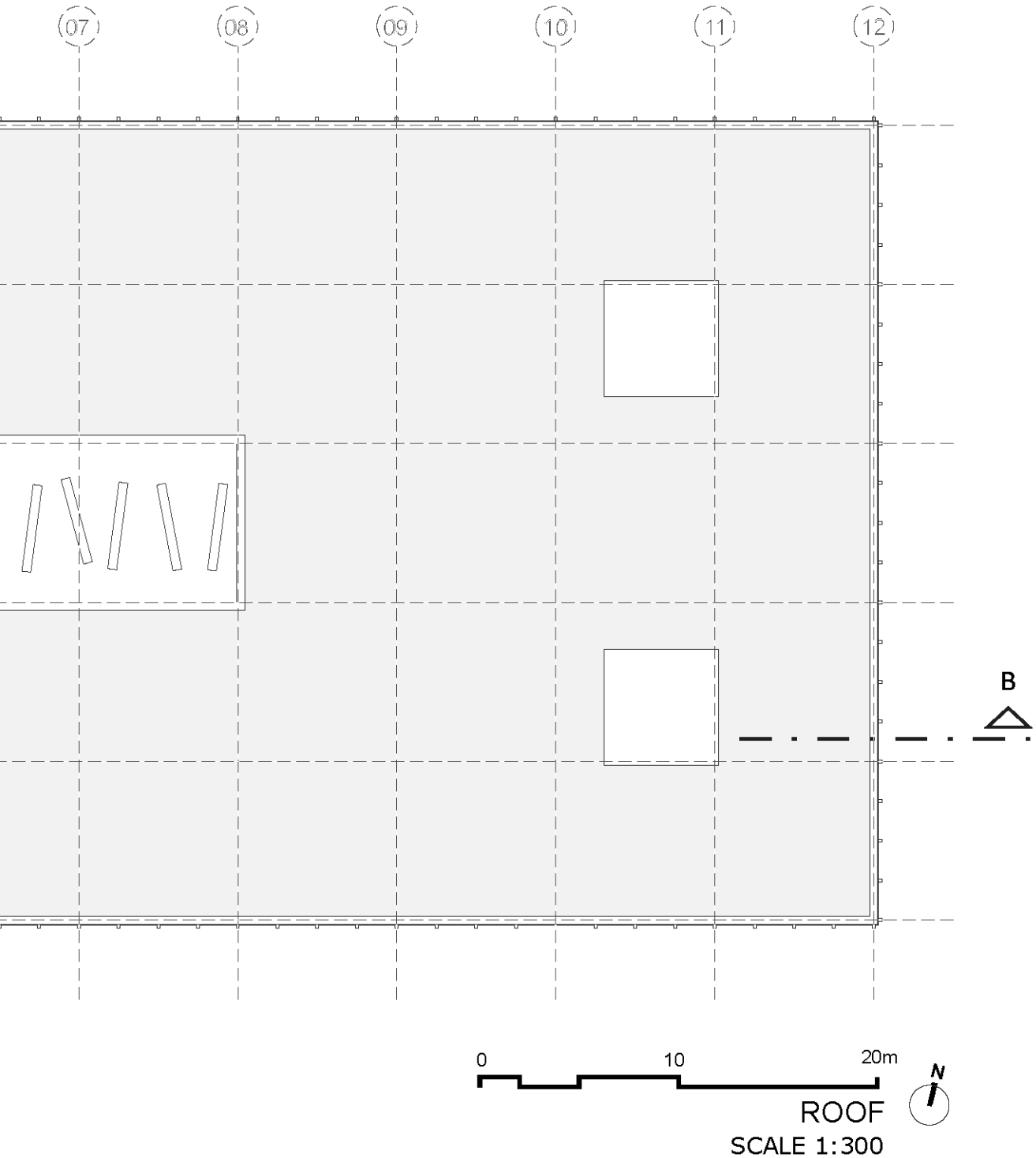
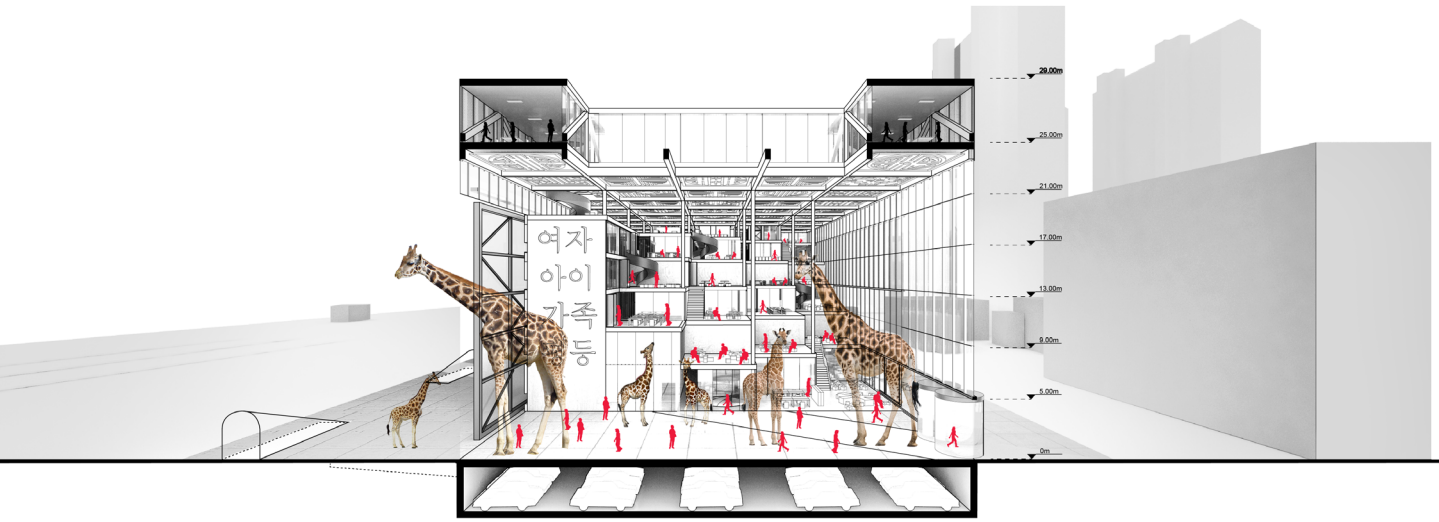


0 10 20m

N

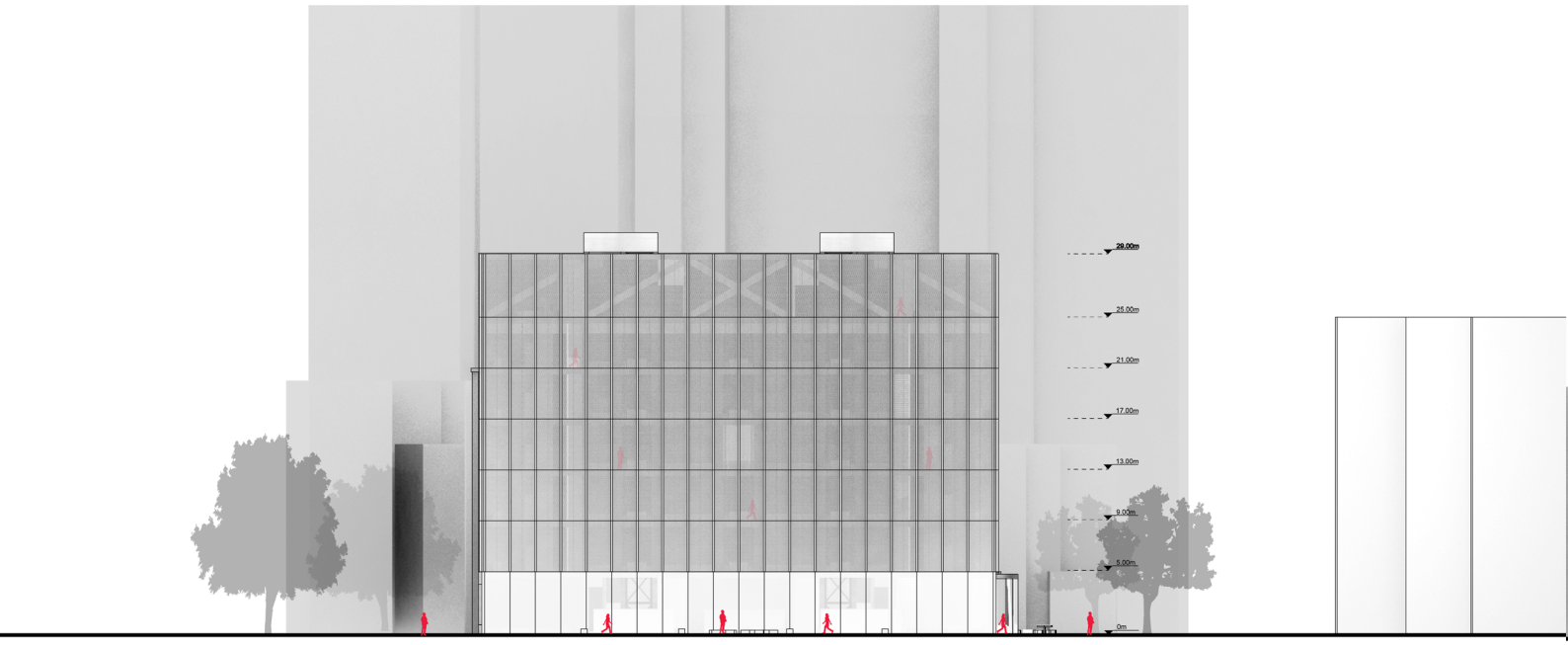
ROOF

SCALE 1:300



0 10 20m

FIRST FLOOR
SCALE 1:300



0 10 20m

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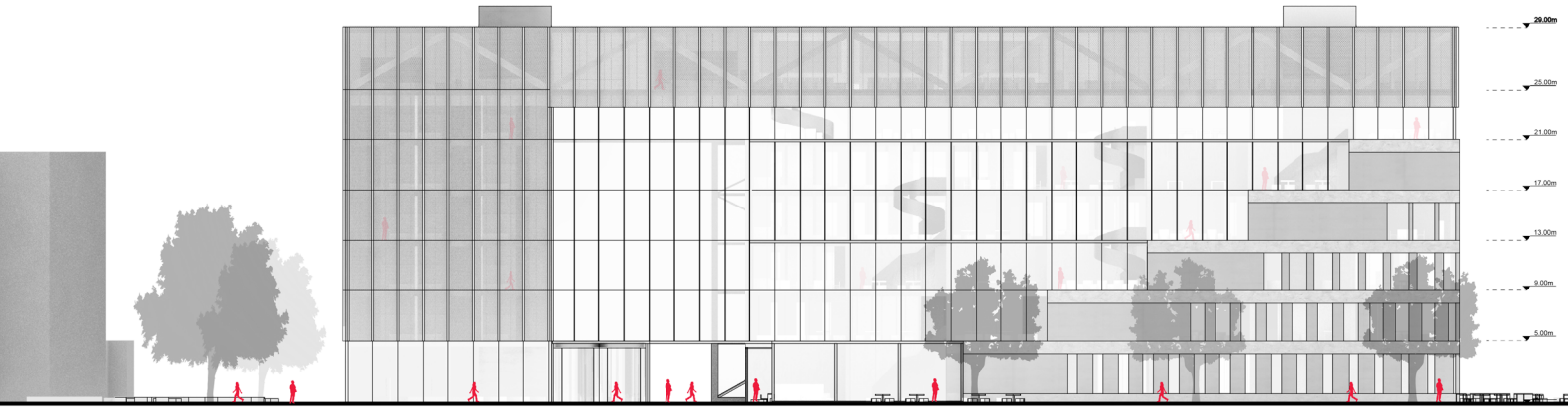

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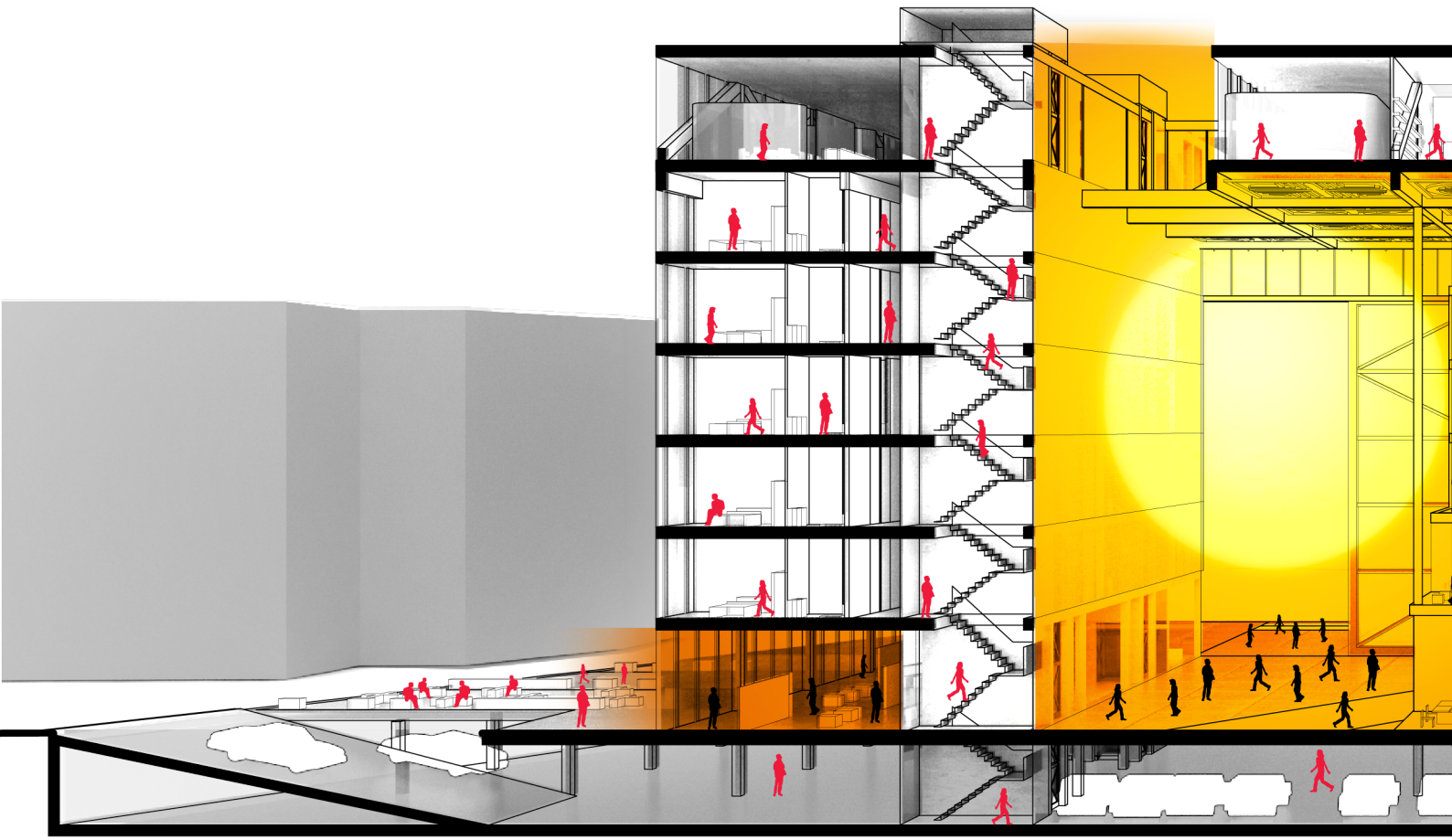
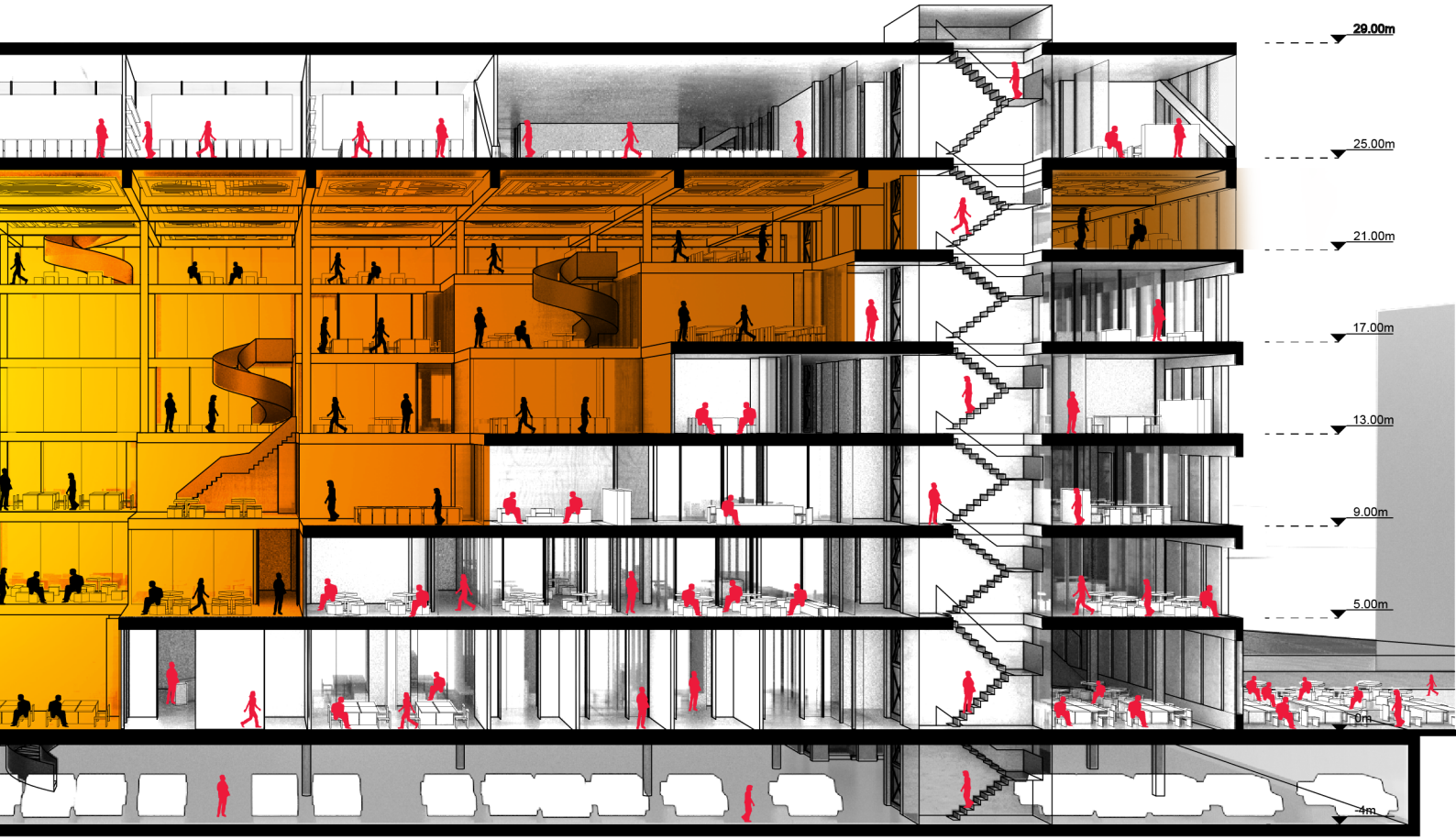




0 10 20m

FIRST FLOOR

SCALE 1:300



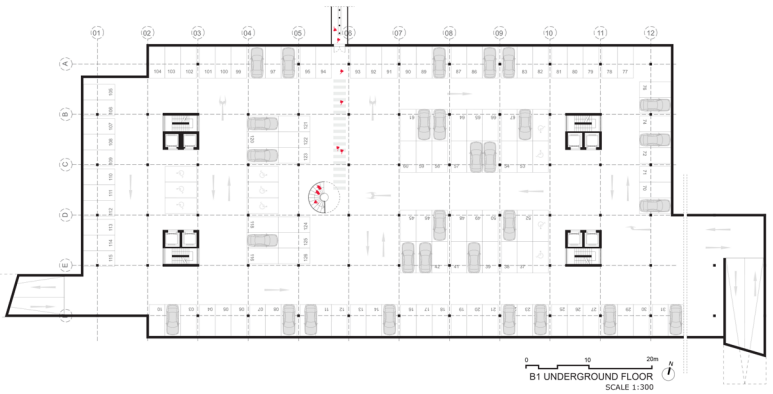


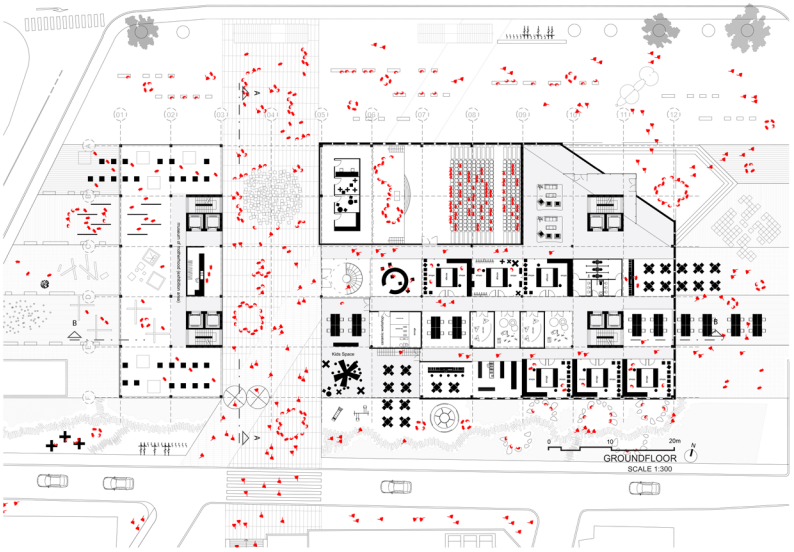
Design Overview

Category		Design Contents		Note
Building Ouline	Title of Building	Space Salim Urban Womb		
	Site Location	Republic of Korea, 340-3, 4, 5, 6 Daebang-dong, Dongjak-gu, Seoul		
	Zoning	B-ZONE : The Third Class General Residential Area		
	Current Road Condition	24M Vehicle Road on North side, 8M Vehicle Road on West side and 6M Vehicle Road on south side		
	Purpose	Educational research facility, sales facility, convenience facilities, etc.		Legal Architectural Purpose
	Site Area	8,874.8 ㎡		
	Total Floor Area	20.901 ㎡		101.65 % of Standard Total Floor Area
	Ground Floor Area (For floor area ratio calculation)	Type 3 General Residential Zone	3.358 ㎡	
		General Commercial Zone	0 ㎡	
		Total	3.380 ㎡	
	Building Area	Type 3 General Residential Zone	4.370 ㎡	Total projected Area of Ground floor and Underground Basement
		General Commercial Zone	450 ㎡	
		Total	4.820 ㎡	
	Building-to-Land Ratio	Type 3 General Residential Zone	45 %	Legal: Less than%
		General Commercial Zone	14.3 %	Legal: Less than%
	Floor Area Ratio	Type 3 General	215 % (excl. underground	Legal: Less than
		Residential Zone	floor)	250%
		General Commercial Zone	14 %	Legal: Less than 8000%
	Structure	6.580 m3		
	Number of Floors	7 floors above ground + 1 floor underground		
	Maximum Height	31,6 m		
	Major Exterior Material	Standard curtain wall system with metal mesh for sun shading		
Landscape Design Outline	Consisted by outdoor seating and working areas within indigenous planting of trees and shrubs. The last floor includes green roof terraces.			Provide design and legal landscape area basis
Parking Outline	136 parking places with 5% of them for disabled accessibility. It includes a direct pedestrian connection with the train station.			Provide design and legal number of parking stalls basis
Waste Water Processing Facility	The building has been designed to allow for the current waste regulations and streams identified with the local connections.			
Major Facility Outline	Space reserved for facilities in the underground level and top level, as well as limited space in all floors. The central void is considered as half-climate and will have limited HVAC support.			
Note	The central void is considered as half-climate and will have limited HVAC support.			



SPACE SALIM URBAN WOMB





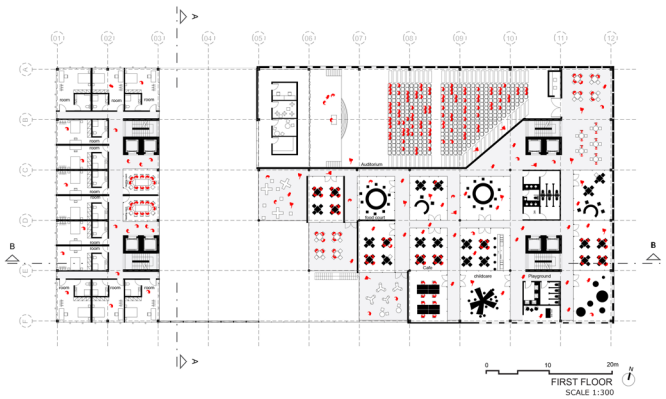




PART 7

panels





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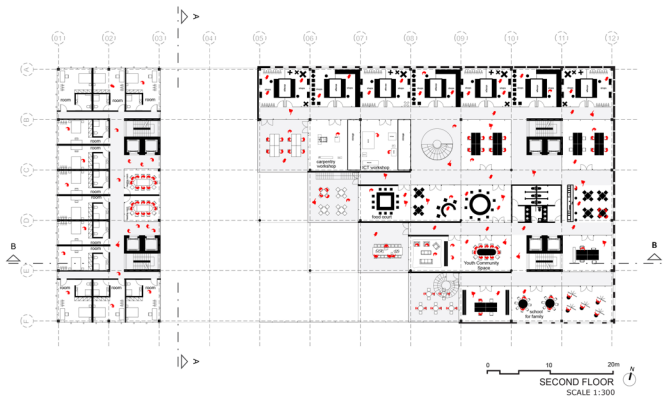

SECOND FLOOR
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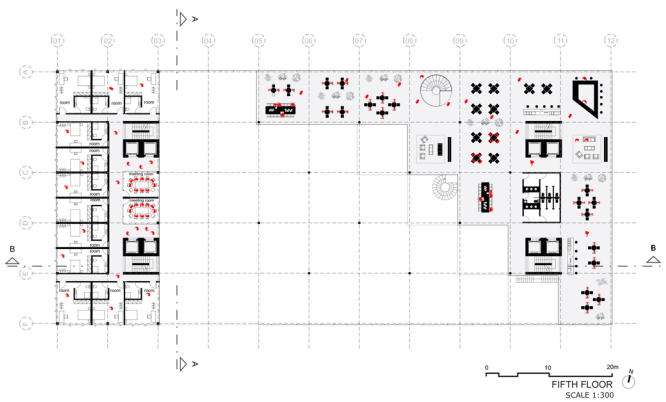

FIFTH FLOOR
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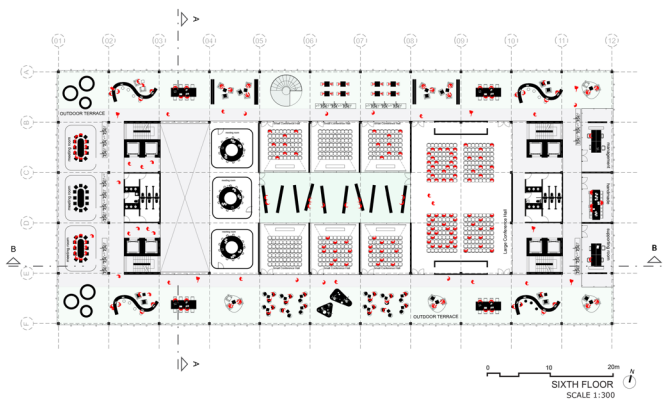
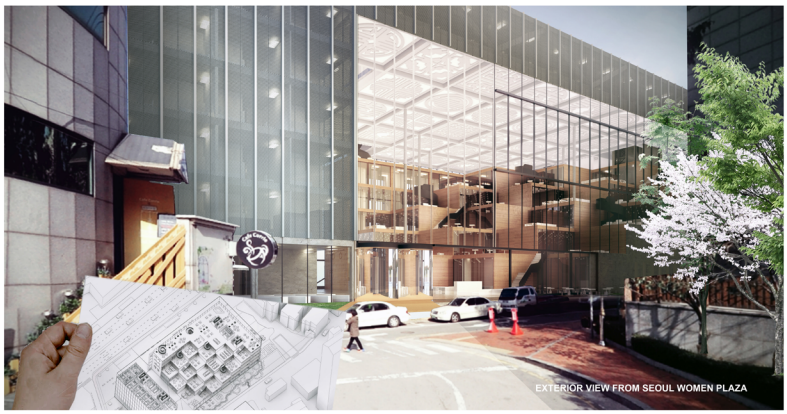


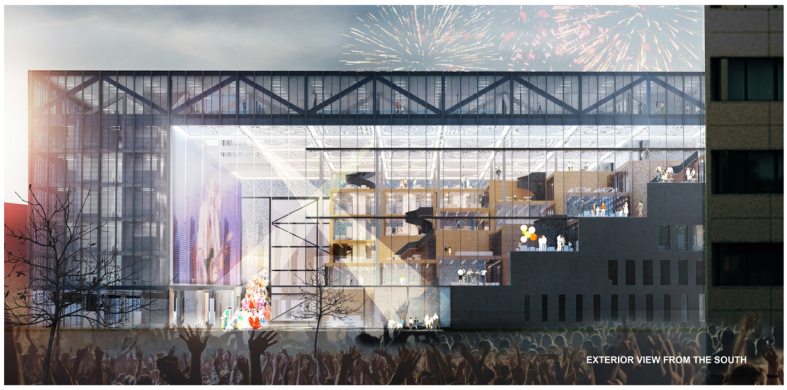
SIXTH FLOOR
SCALE 1:300

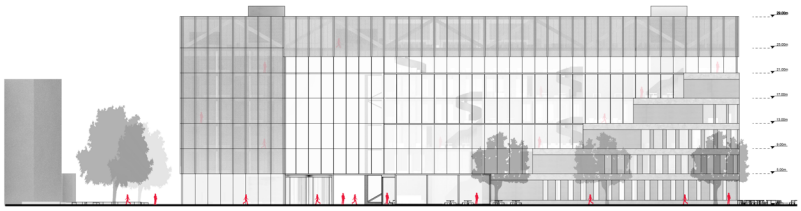


INTERIOR VIEW OF THE CENTRAL SPACE


EXTERIOR VIEW FROM SEOUL WOMEN PLAZA


EXTERIOR VIEW FROM THE NORTH


EXTERIOR VIEW FROM THE SOUTH


SOUTH ELEVATION
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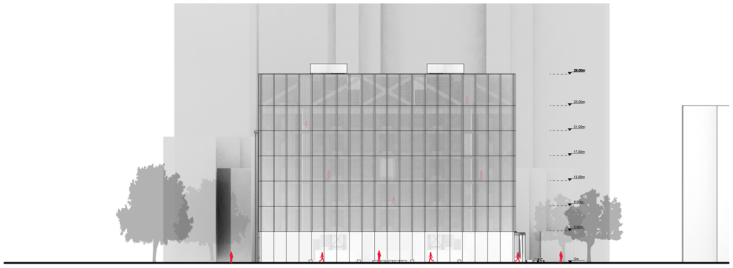
WEST ELEVATION
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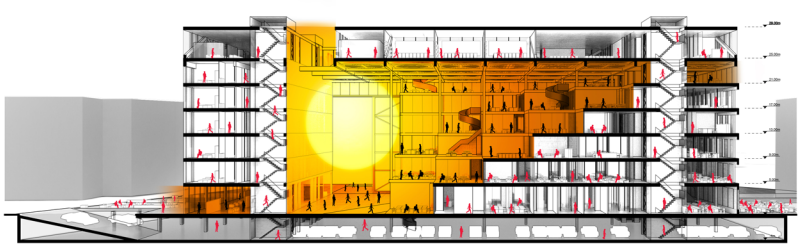
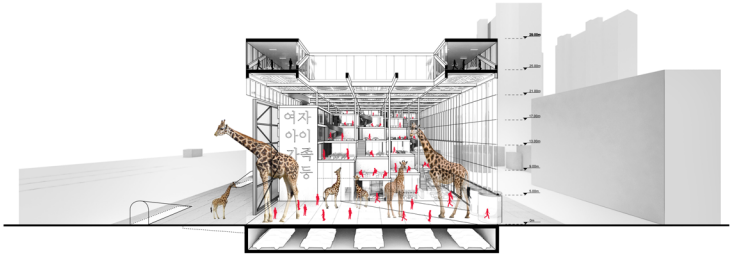

SECTION B-B'
SCALE 1:300



SECTION A-A'
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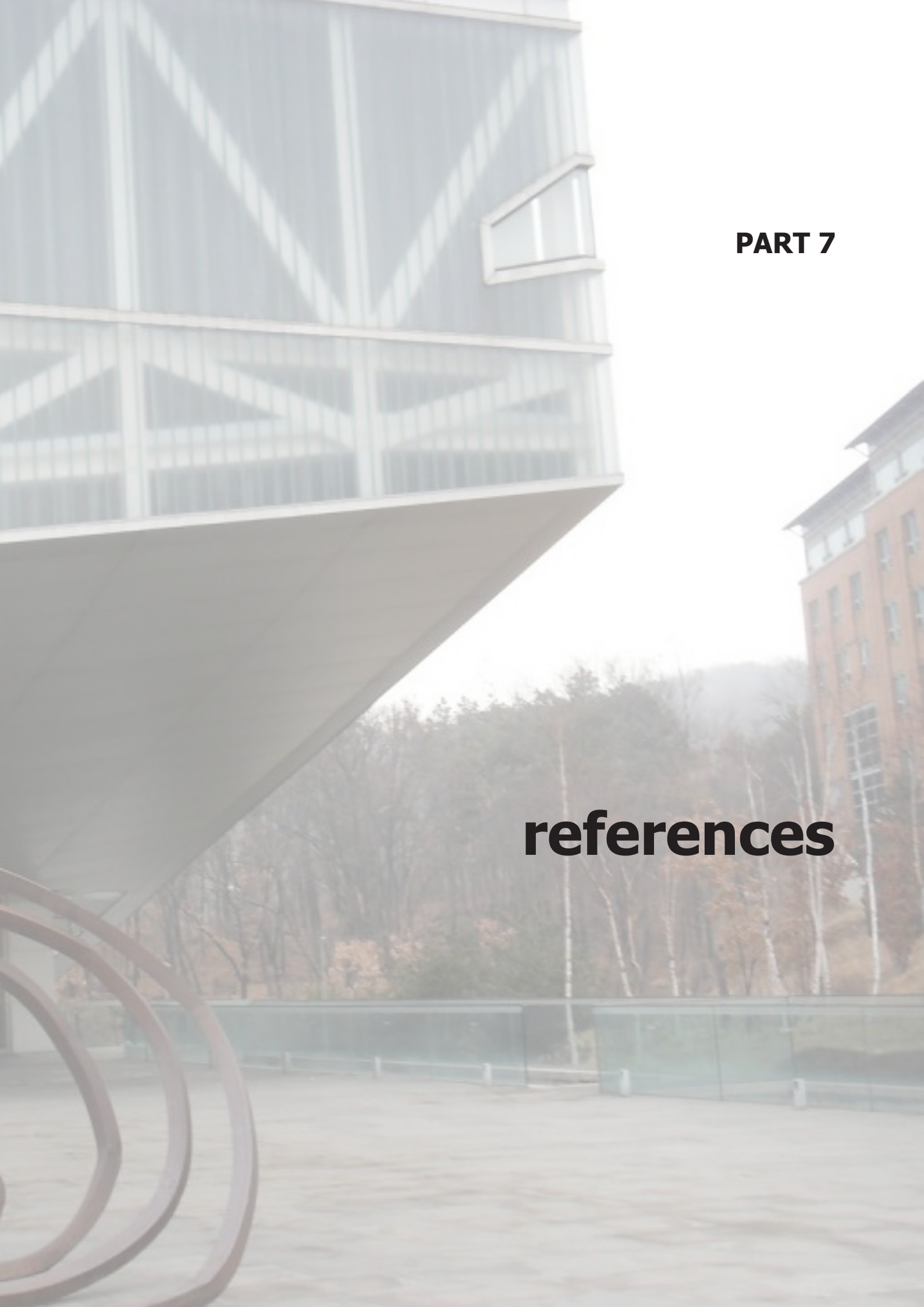
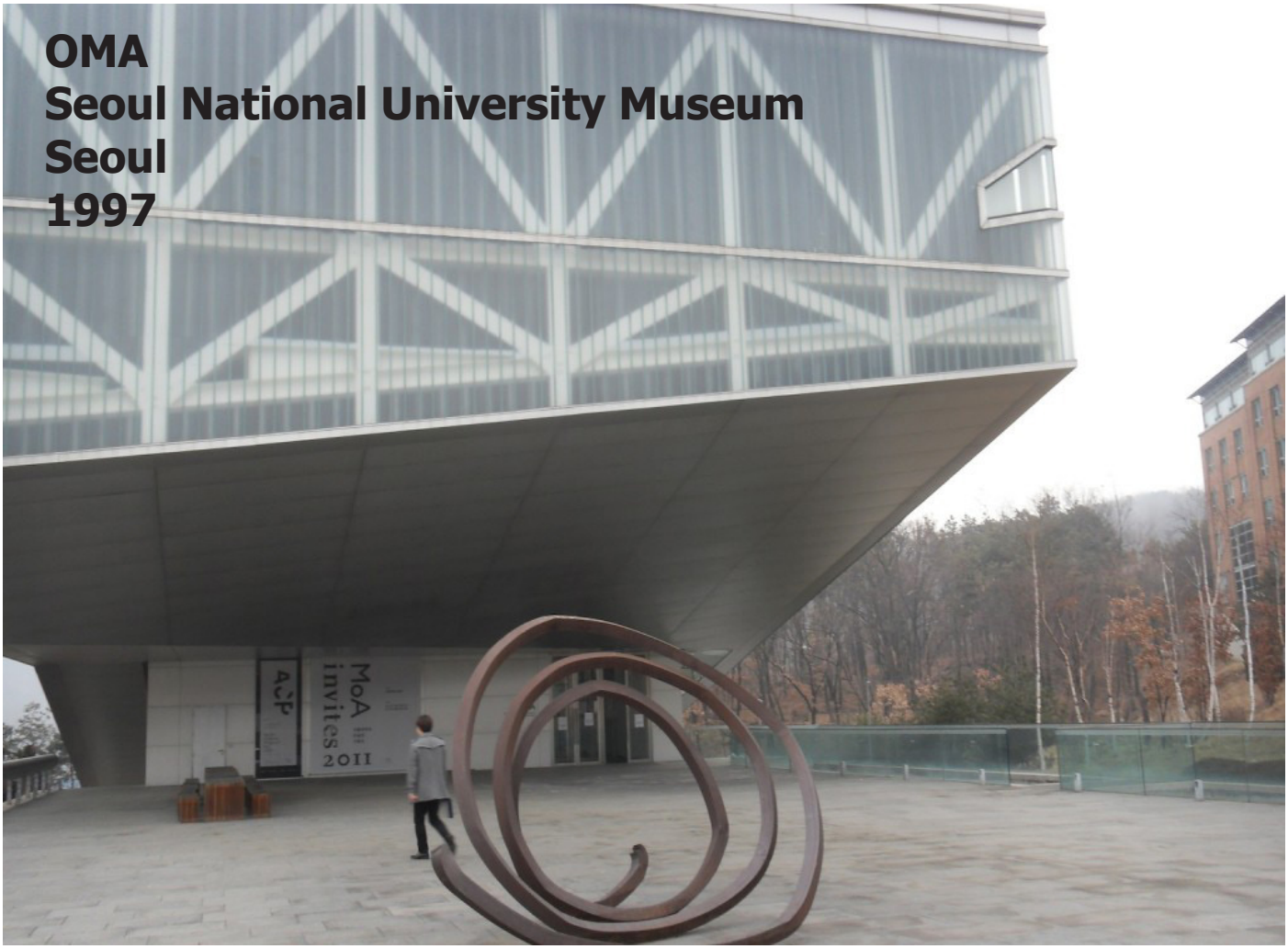
MoA
invites
2011



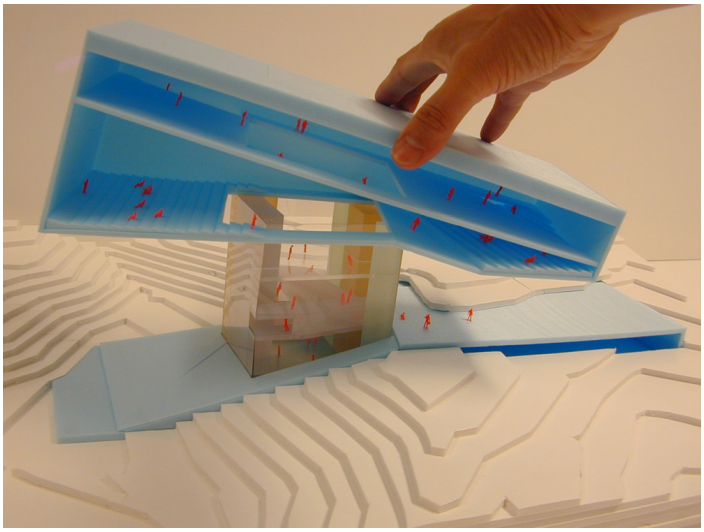
PART 7

references

OMA
Seoul National University Museum
Seoul
1997







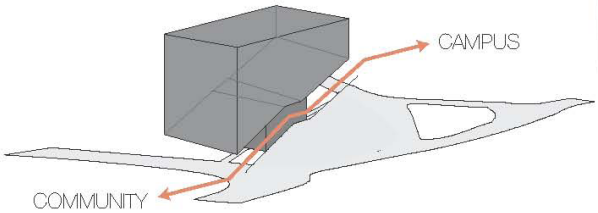


SEOUL NATIONAL UNIVERSITY MUSEUM OF ART
2005 SEOUL, SOUTH KOREA
OMA_REM KOOLHAAS

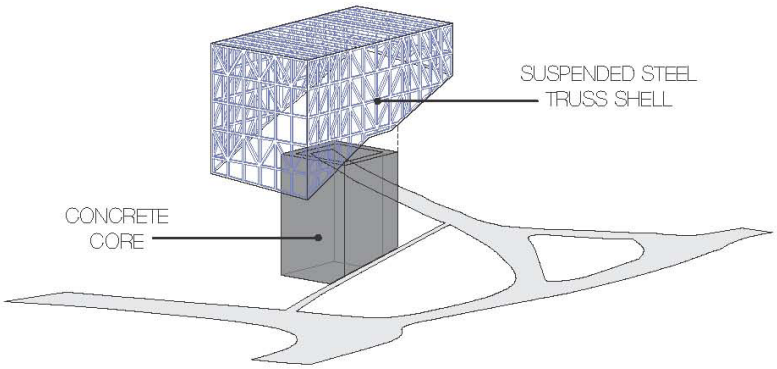




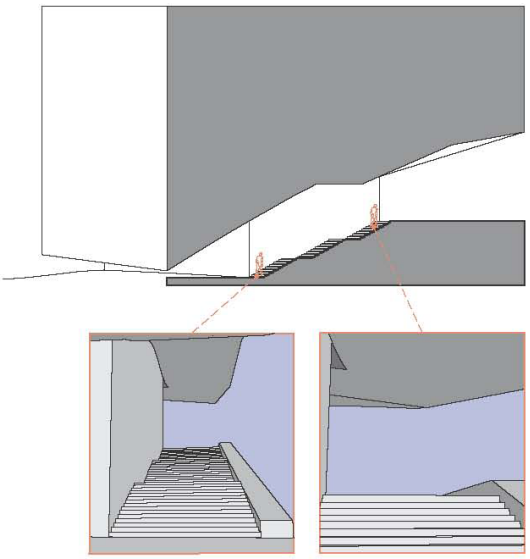




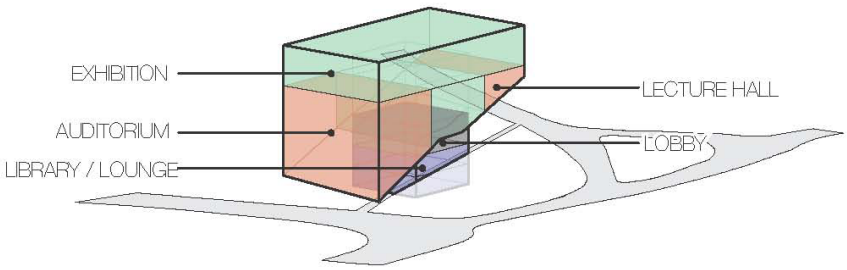
FORM SCULPTED TO CREATE A THOROUGHFARE THAT CONNECTS THE COMMUNITY TO THE CAMPUS



STRUCTURE CREATES THE ILLUSION THAT THE MASSIVE CANTILEVERED FORM IS FLOATING



PERSPECTIVE EXPERIENCE OF THE SCULPTED THOROUGHFARE

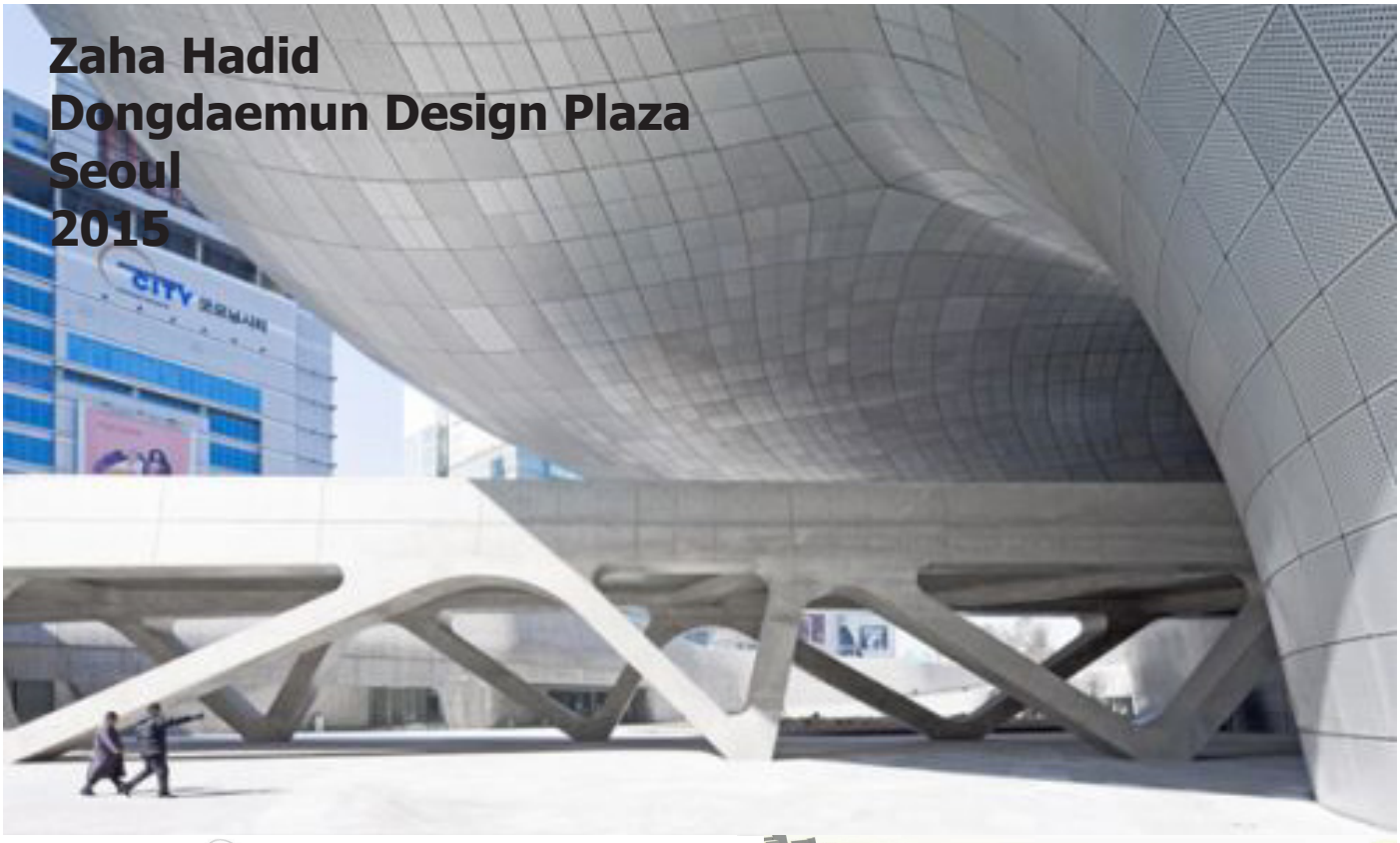


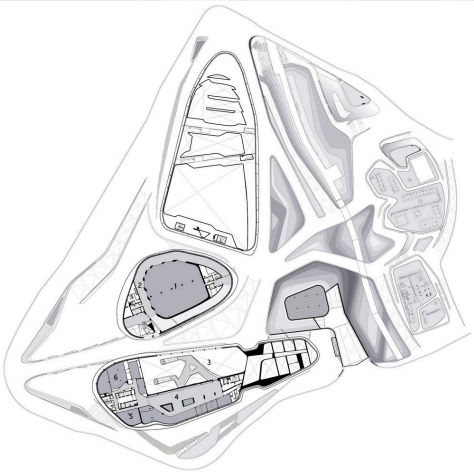
PROGRAM ORGANIZATION ADAPTED TO UTILIZE THE SLOPED FORM





Zaha Hadid
Dongdaemun Design Plaza
Seoul
2015

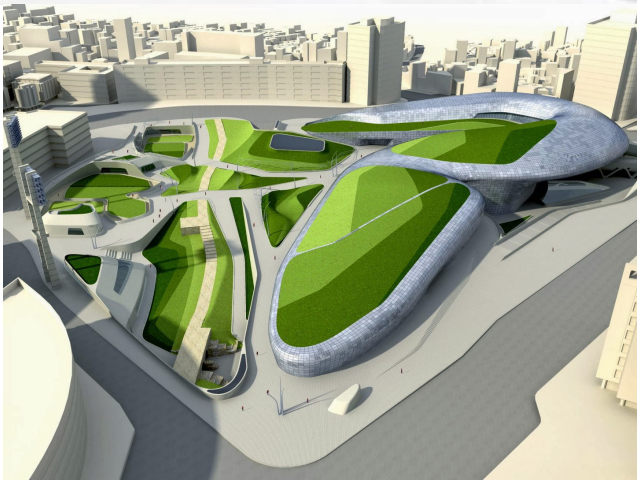




LEVEL 2F

1 DESIGN MUSEUM
2 EXHIBITION RAMP
3 LIBRARY READING DECK
4 MATERIAL LIBRARY
5 DESIGN ARCHIVE
6 SEMINAR ROOMS

2F PLAN



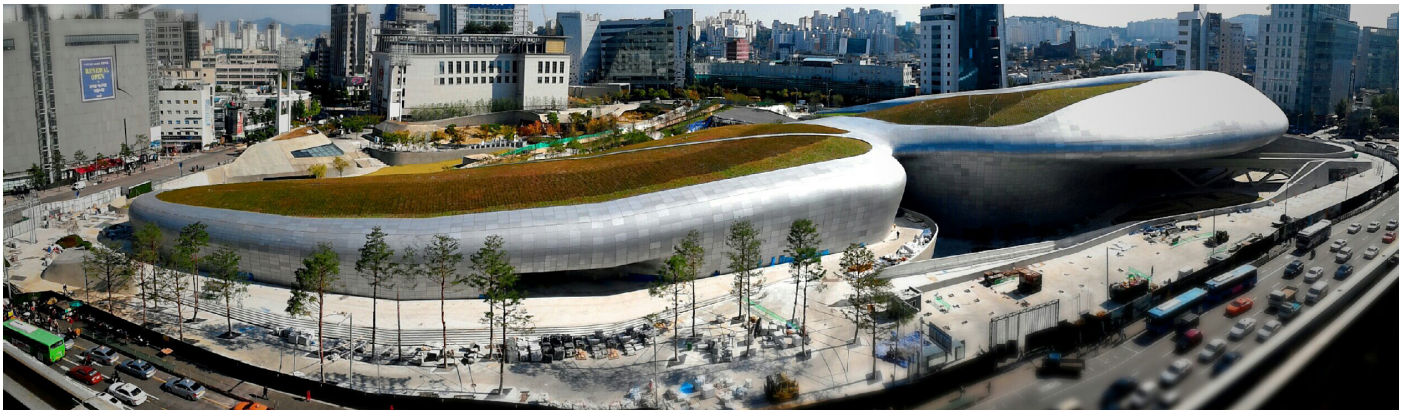










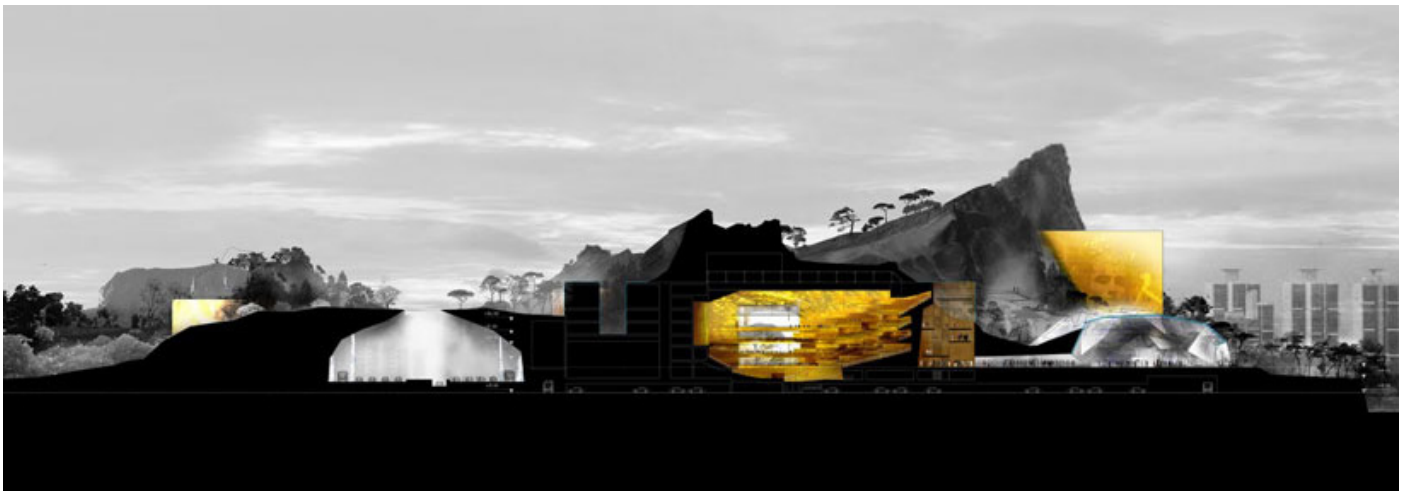




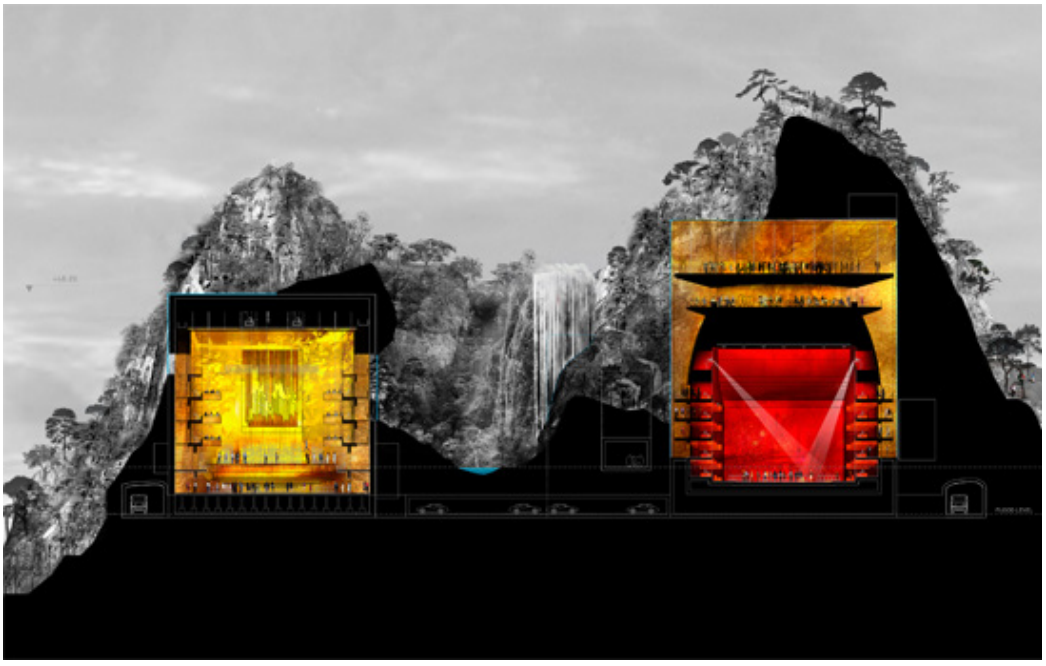
Jean Nouvel
Performing Arts Center
Seoul - Nodeul Island
2006

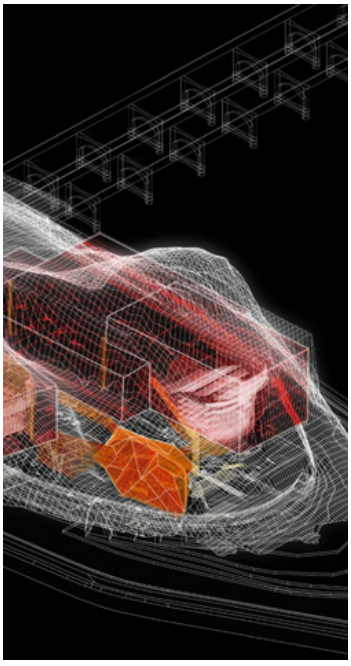






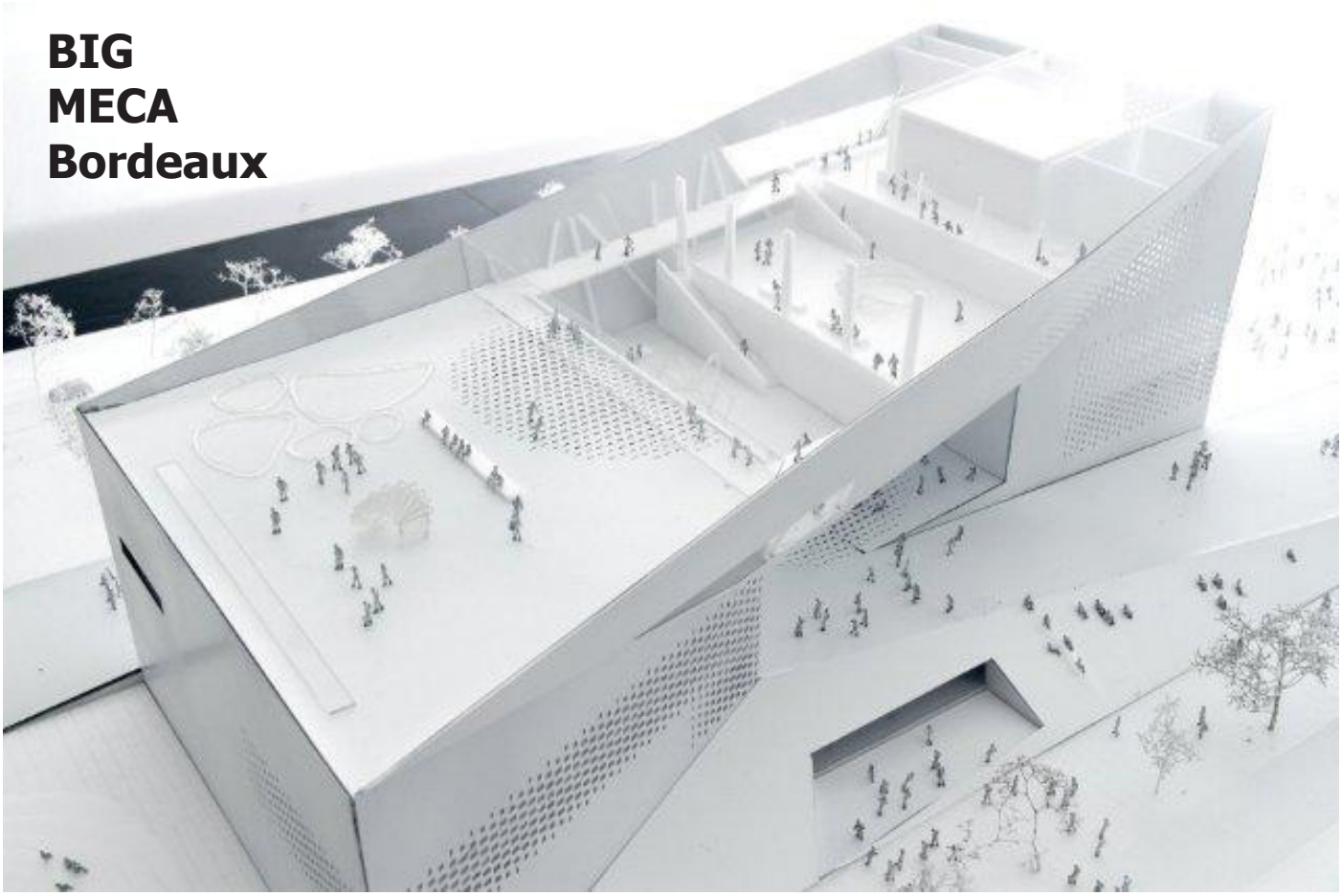




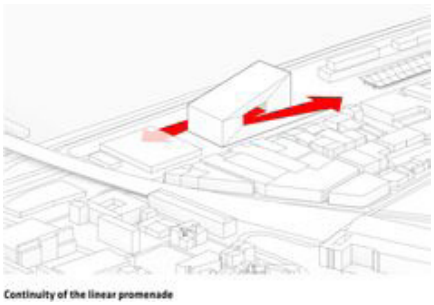




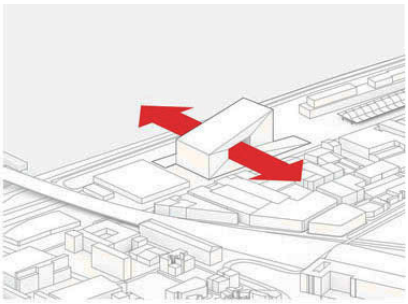
BIG
MECA
Bordeaux

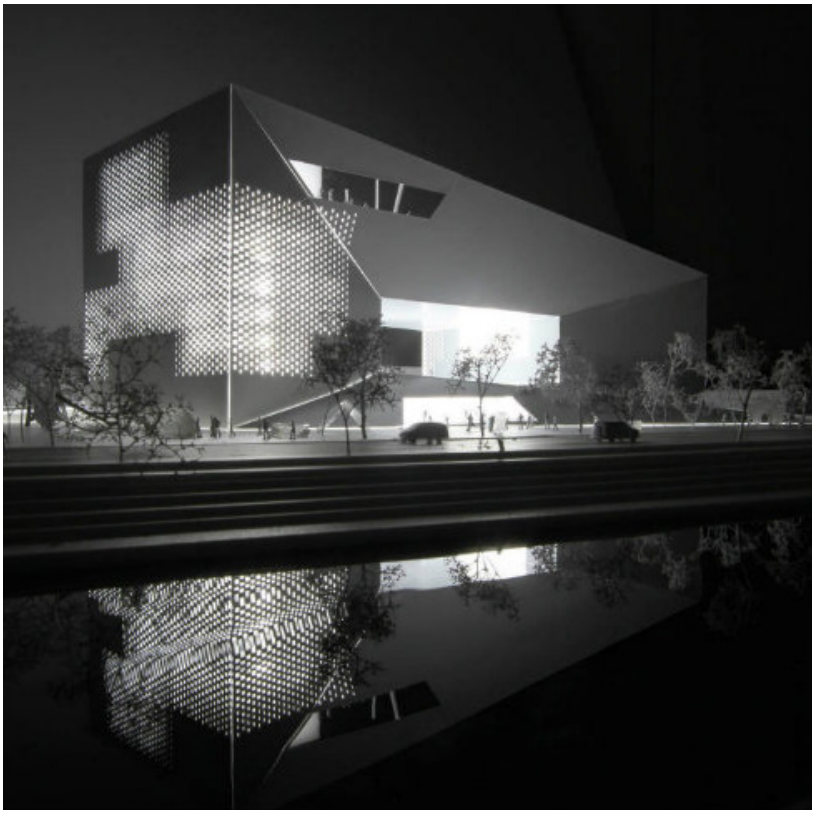


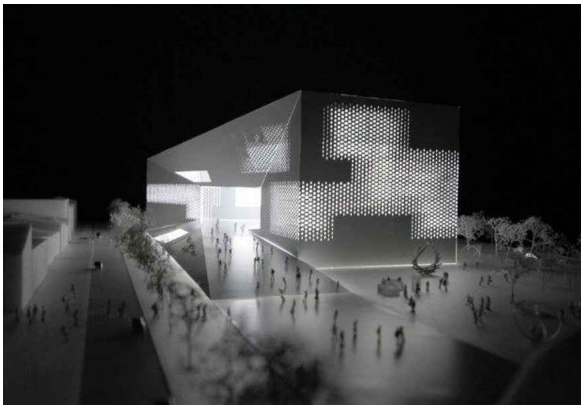


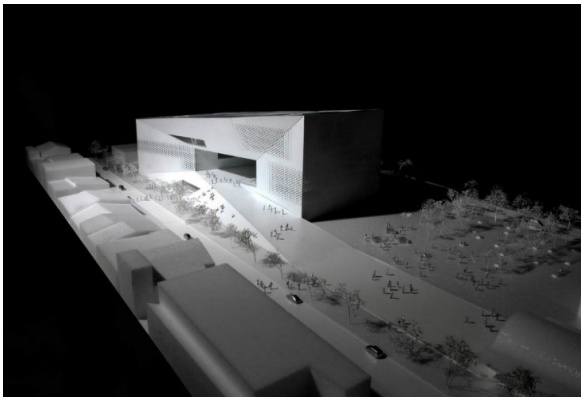


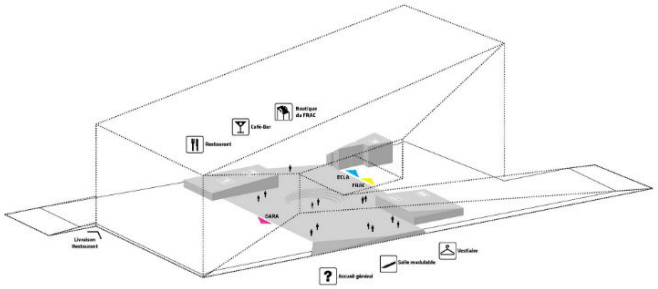
Continuity of the linear promenade



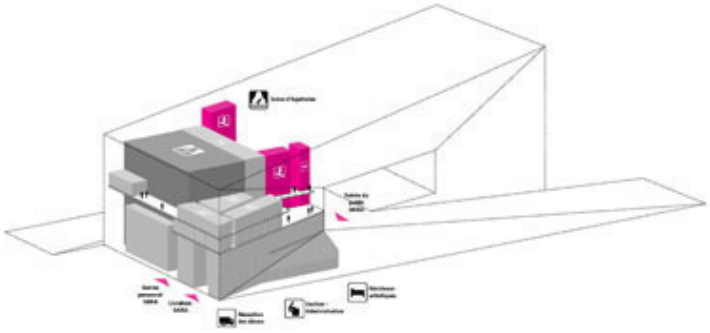




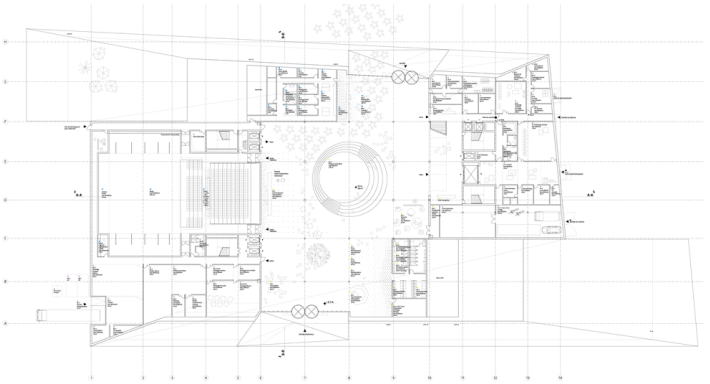




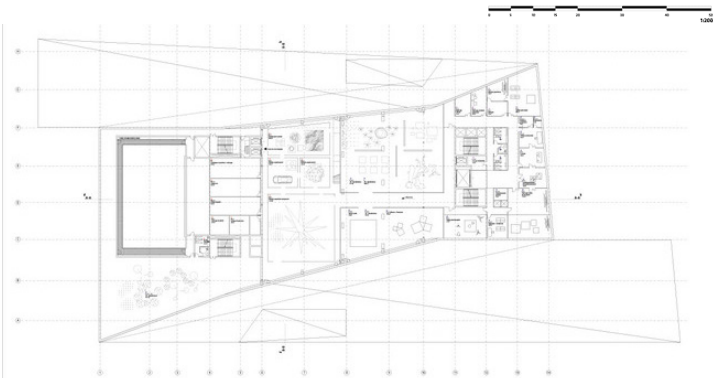
Circulation diagram - Shared spaces



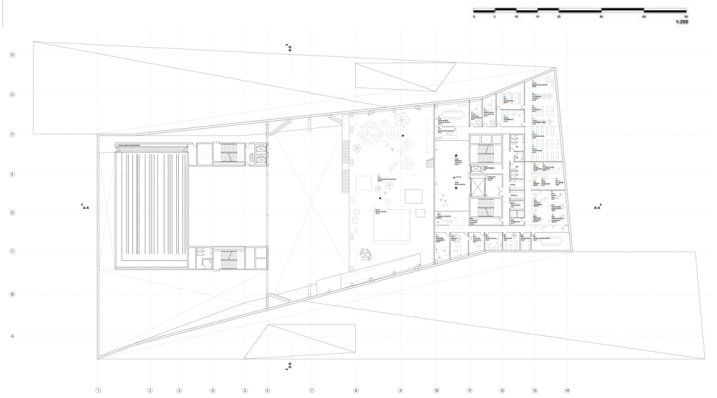




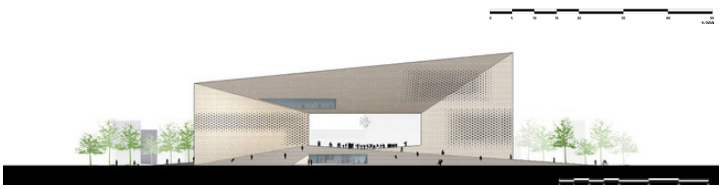






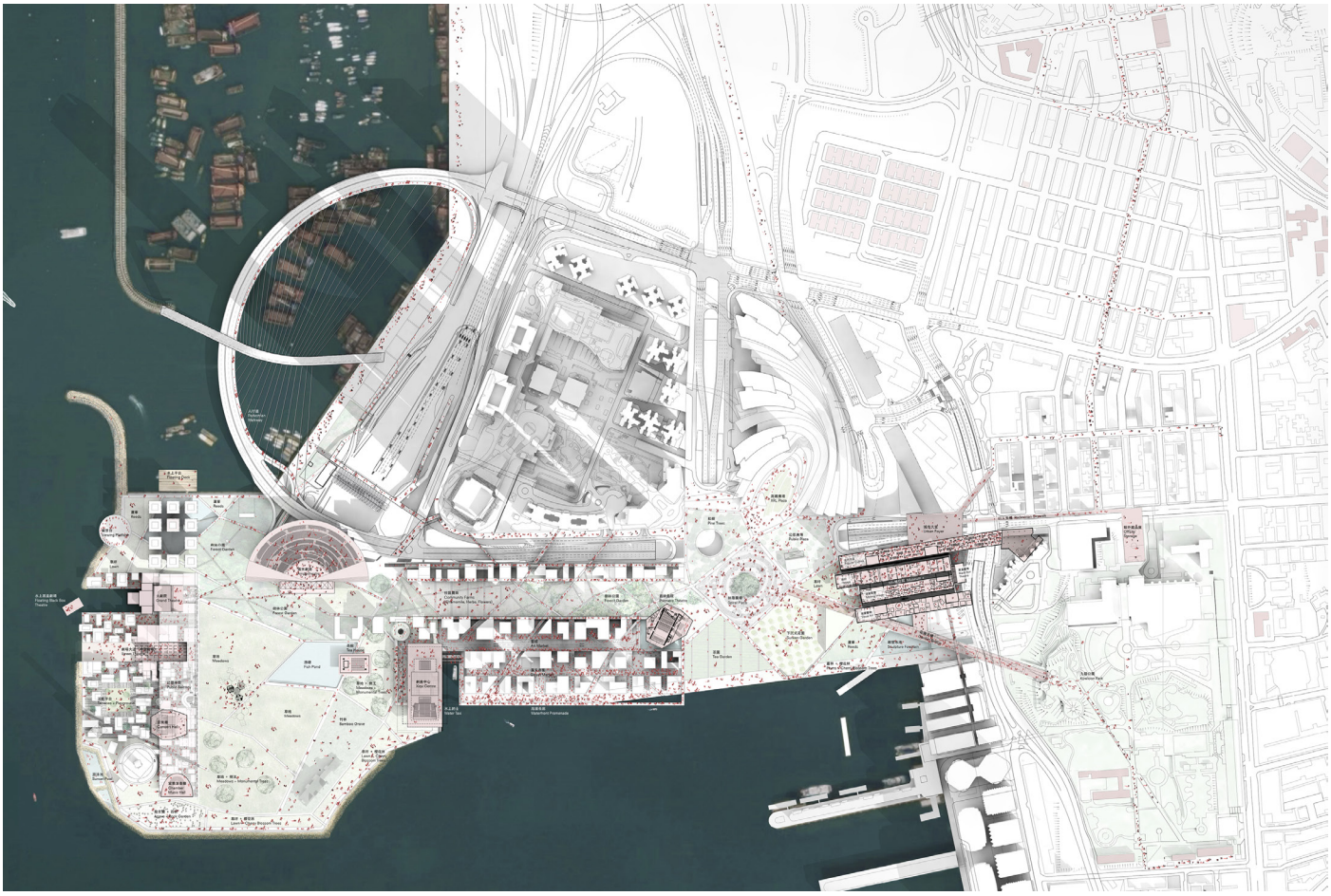


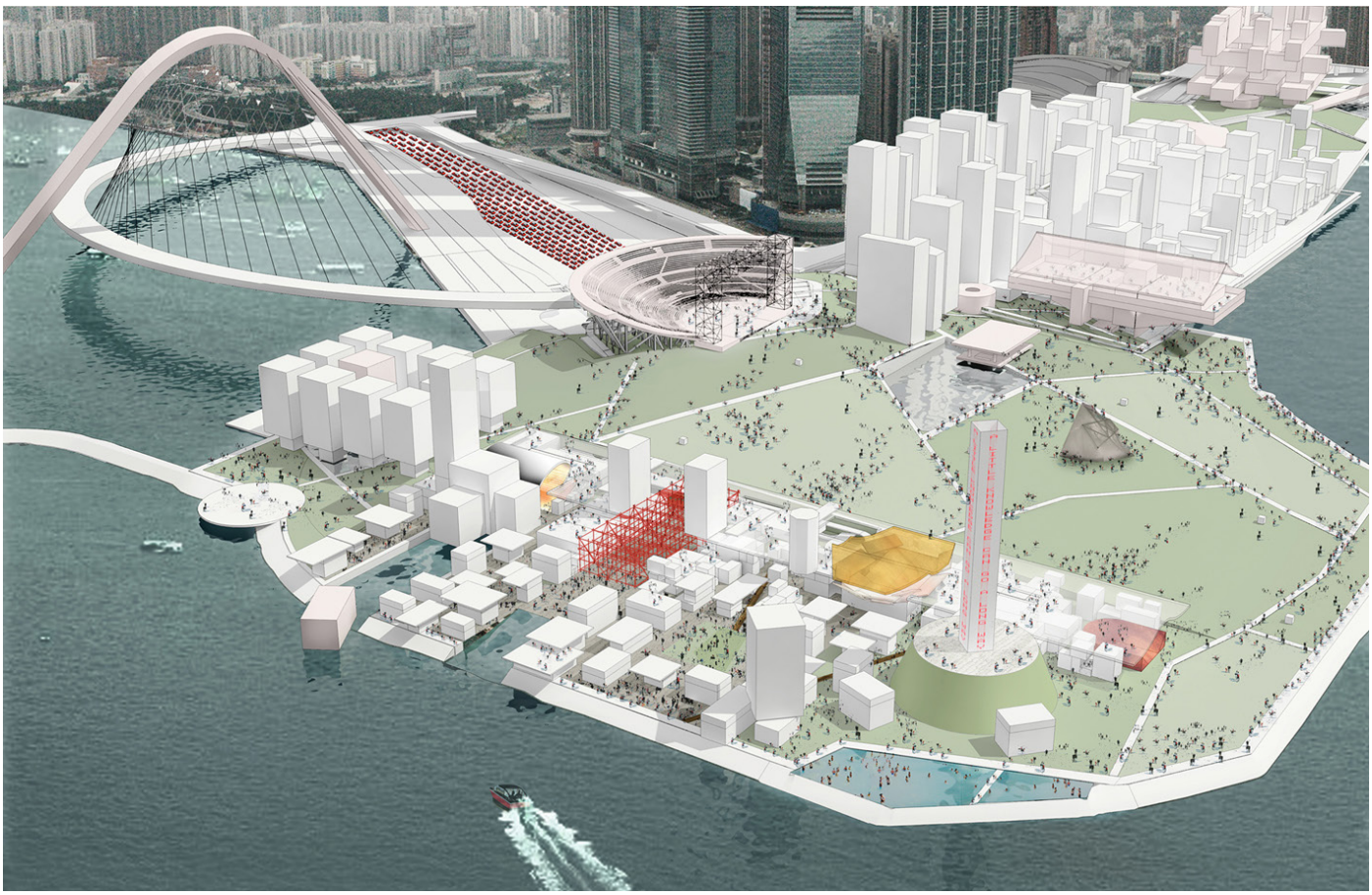






OMA
West Kowloon Cultural District
Hong Kong








EVERY ACHIEVEMENT REQUIRES A SACRIFICE


VERY ACHIEVEME




金
發
REC

OMA / Barcode Architects
BMVR Library
Caen, France

